ENGINEERING KNOWLEDGE TEST (EKT) ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS STREAM

Set No 1/14

BOOKLET SERIES J

| Instru | <u>ictions for Candidates</u> | Time Allo | tted: 30 Minutes |
|---------------------|---|---|---------------------|
| 1. | Total number of Questions 50. Each C | Question is of the | ree marks. |
| 2. | One mark will be deducted for every v | vrong answer. | |
| 3 . | Do not write or mark on Question Pap | | |
| 4. | Question Paper to be returned before | | m Hall. |
| Q1. | When both inputs of NAND gate are san | | |
| | | • • • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | NOR |
| Q2. | Two bulbs when connected in parallel to | (-) | |
| | power consumed when they are connect | | |
| _ | (a) 200 W (b) 25 W (c) | | |
| Q3. | In 8085 microprocessoris the highe | | |
| | | RST (d) | |
| Q4. | In digital Electronics a byte is a collection | (/ | |
| • | | 2 bits (d) | 10 bits |
| Q5. | A Zener diode is generally operated | (~) | |
| | (a) in a forward biased mode | | |
| e Sin | (b) in a reverse biased mode | | |
| | (c) with a very large value of reverse | bias | = VARAC.COM |
| | (d) all of the above | | SBCRACK EXAMS.COM |
| Q6. | În an AC circuit, resonance occurs when | | |
| | (a) resistance equals reactive reactai | | |
| | (b) capacitive reactance equals resist | | • |
| | (c) capacitive reactance equals react | | |
| | (d) resistance equals capacitive and | | e |
| Q7. | The sampling rate to reproduce analog s | | |
| | (a) twice the average signal frequence | _ | |
| | (b) twice the fixed frequency compon | ent | |
| | (c) twice the least signal frequency c | omponent | |
| | (d) twice the maximum signal frequer | ncy component | • |
| Q 8. | Which semiconductor device acts like a | | |
| | (a) SCR (b) UJT | (c) DIAC | (d) TRIAC |
| Q9. | The basic Ethernet design does not prove | ride | |
| | (a) automatic retransmission of a me | ssage | |
| | (b) addressing | | |
| | (c) access control | | |
| | (d) multiple virtual networks | | |
| Q10. | Which of the following TCP/IP protocol is | s used to monitor | IP gateways and the |
| | networks to which they attach? | | |
| | (a) SGMP (b) SUMP | (c) FTP (d) | Both (a) and (b) |
| Q11. | Which is not amplifier in control system | | |
| • | (a) Amplidyne | (b) Metadyne | |
| 0.40 | (c) DC motor | (d) DC gener | ator |
| Q12. | Which of the following is incorrect | | |
| | (a) Routh's criterion is in time domain | | |
| | (b) Bode plot is in frequency domain | | |
| | (c) Nyquest criterion is in time domai | n | |
| 0 4 0 | (d) none of the above | _ | |
| Q13. | Pulse communication system that is inhe | | nune to noise is |
| ~ 4 4 | (a) PCM (b) PWM | (c) PAM | (d) PPM |
| Q14. | In a transfer function, the frequencies | for which the v | alue of denominator |
| | becomes zero are called | | |
| | (a) Poles (b) Zeros | (c) Roots (d) | Solutions |

| Q15. | A ser | niconductor phot | o device uses | | | رف و المحمد و المح | a affaat | |
|----------|------------|--|------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------|
| . – - | (a) | photo emissive | effect | (b) | photo con | auctiv | e eneci | |
| | (c) | photo voltaic e | ffect | (d) | none of th | e apo | VE | |
| Q16. | The | adaptive delta me | odulation avoids | /iss | slope ove | rioad s | arrôř | |
| | (a) | quantization er | | (b) | | illoau (| | |
| | (c) | both(a) and (b) | | (d) | none advetion de | nandi | LIDOD | |
| Q17. | The | capacitance bety | veen two long pa | arallei co | distance t | penus | en wires | |
| | (a) | diameter of wi | res | | none of th | ne aho | WA | |
| | (c) | both A and B | | (d) | | | | |
| Q18. | Indic | ate which of the | tollowing puise | Modulati /k\ | Differentia | al PCN | M | |
| | (a) | PCM | • | (b) (d) | PWM | ui . O. | | |
| | (c) | Delta modulat | ion Navetem is used | \ , | • | | | |
| Q19. | | sfer function of | a system is used | (b) | the time | consta | ant | |
| | (a) | the output for | | (d) | the stead | | | |
| | (c) | the order of the | le system cours is magain | | | | | |
| Q20. | <u>.</u> . | IKS system, pre | SSUIT IS ITHERSUL | (b) | dynes / c | m ² | | |
| | (a) | Dynes cm ² | | (d) | gmwt / c | m ² | | |
| 004 | (C) | Newton / m ² ich of the project | ione shows an o | hiect as | it looks fro | m fror | nt, right, left | , top, |
| Q21. | . vvn | ion of the project | MOITS SHOWS and | | | | | |
| | | tom or back oblique proje | ction | (b) | auxiliary | ргоје | ction | |
| | (a) | in a matria pro | iootion | (h) | orthogra | phic p | rojection | |
| α | (c) | e of the following | a cannot be us | ed to re | emove the | unwar | nted sideba | nd in |
| QZZ | . SS | The state of the s | ig outilities as | | | | | |
| | (a) | filter system | | (b) | balance | d mod | lulator | |
| | (-) | third mathad | | (d) | phase s | hift me | ethod | į. |
| Q23 | Σ λ΄ | had contains 4 | white 5 red an | d 6 blue | e balls. Thr | ee ba | ills are dra | wn at |
| QZC | rar | ndom from the ba | a. The probabili | ty that al | l of them ar | e red, | is: | |
| | | 2 | (b) $\frac{3}{22}$ | (C) | 1 | | (d) $\frac{2}{77}$ | |
| | (a) | r which operation | 22 a fa DC matar | , , | 22 ally preferre | d ove | r an AC mo | tor |
| Q24 | | | noration / | b) general | h sped ope | ration | | |
| | (a) | low speed o | operation (| | riable speed | oper | ation | |
| - | (C) | rmation of rainbo | operation (| | | • | | |
| Q2 | | | nd total internal | reflectio | n | | | |
| | (a | • | Hid total litterial | | | | | |
| | (b | | and reflection | | | | | |
| | (C | | | | | | | |
| \circ | (d | an FM signal, the | | | | | | |
| QZ | .o. m | · | ds | | | | | |
| | (b | | ber of side band | ls | | | | |
| | (c | | nds upper and lo | | | | | |
| | (0 | | | | | | | |
| Ω2 | 7 T | he efficiency of t | he transformer is | s maximi | um at | | | |
| | | a) when copp | er loss is equal t | o iron lo | SS | (b) | half load | |
| | ì | 90 % load | | | | (d) | full load | |
| Q | 28. If | both inputs of J | -K Flip flop are s | same the | n it acts as | | | |
| | | a) D-Type | | (b) 5 | Krr | | | |
| | ì | c) T-Type | | ` | oth (a) and | (a) | | |
| Q: | 29. Ìi | n nuclear reactio | ns we have cons | servation | 01 | •. | | |
| | | a) mass only | | (b) e | nergy offig | u 2 m | omentum | |
| • | (| c) momentun | n only | (d) n | nass, energ | y ex III | Oi I i Ci itai I I | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| Q30 | A dc series motor | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--|-----------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) always runs at constant speed (b) should always be started on load | | | | | | | |
| | (c) not suitable for high starting torg | | | | | | | |
| | (c) not suitable for high starting torque (d) may run away if the field becomes one | | | | | | | |
| Q31. | Fibre optic cable of network forms and | es one | | | | | | |
| Q 01. | part of the part | | | | | | | |
| | | (b) | network | | | | | |
| 032 | (c) data link | (d) | transport | | | | | |
| WJZ. | In a DC generator, the generated emf is | s airecti | y proportional to the | | | | | |
| | (a) number of dummy coils | | | | | | | |
| | (b) number of armature parallel path | S | | | | | | |
| | (c) pole flux | | | | | | | |
| 033 | (d) field current | | | | | | | |
| Q33 . | is used in reading a CD | 41 | | | | | | |
| | (a) LASER | (b) | MESER | | | | | |
| Ó24 | (c) Neon light | (d) | all of these | | | | | |
| Q34 . | The value of $log_{10}x^2$ – $log_{10}x$ at x=10 is | | | | | | | |
| 025 | (a) 4 (b) 2 | (c) | 0 (d) 1 | | | | | |
| Q35. | Which of the following is an adv | antage | to using fiber optics data | | | | | |
| | transmission? | | | | | | | |
| | (a) resistance to data theft | (b) | fast data transmission rate | | | | | |
| | (c) low noise level | (d) | all of the above | | | | | |
| Q36. | A spot frequency from a signal can be r | ejected | by filter | | | | | |
| | (a) low pass filter | (b) | band pass filter | | | | | |
| | (c) notch filter | (d) | band reject filter | | | | | |
| Q37. | Which one of the following transducers | is used | d to obtain dc output position in | | | | | |
| | a position control system | | | | | | | |
| | (a) strain gauge | (b) | load cell | | | | | |
| | (c) thermistor | (d) | synchro | | | | | |
| Q38. | Copper losses and core losses are | | | | | | | |
| | (a) generator losses | (b) | transformer losses | | | | | |
| | (c) motor losses | (d) | voltmeter and ammeter losses | | | | | |
| Q39. | Pure semiconductors are poor conductor | ors beca | ause | | | | | |
| | (a) all valence electrons are in pairs | | | | | | | |
| | (b) they have no holes | | | | | | | |
| | (c) they have no valence electron | | | | | | | |
| | (d) they have a number of holes | | | | | | | |
| Q40. | An ideal Current source has | | | | | | | |
| | (a) infinite internal resistance | (b) | small internal resistance | | | | | |
| | (c) zero internal resistance | (d) | none of the above | | | | | |
| Q41. | A rectangular box with square base is open at the top. The maximum volume | | | | | | | |
| | of the box made from 1200 m ² tin is | | | | | | | |
| | (a) 2000m ³ | (b) | 3000m ³ | | | | | |
| | (c) 4000m ³ | (d) | none of the above | | | | | |
| Q42. | Microwave link repeaters are typically 5 | 0Řm ar | part because of | | | | | |
| | (a) atmospheric attenuation | - | earth's curvature | | | | | |
| | (c) output tube power limitation | | both (a) and (b) | | | | | |
| Q43. | Backlash in a stable control system may | • • | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | |
| | (a) high level oscillations | (b) | overdamping | | | | | |
| | (c) underdamping | (d) | low level oscillations | | | | | |
| Q44. | The value of i. (j x k) + j.(i x k) + k.(i | | egual to | | | | | |
| | (a) -1 (b) -3 | (c) | 1 (d) 3 | | | | | |

| The Z | ener diode is | sometii | mes called: | | • • | 1 - 11: | -d |
|----------|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| (a) | | | | (b) | | | |
| (c) | constant volt | age dic | ode | (d) | _ | current did | ae |
| Induc | tance of coil is | direct | y proportion | al to squ | uare of | | |
| (a) | _ | | | | | | |
| (b) | spacing betw | veen ac | djacent turns | | _ | | • |
| (c) | in the second of the second second the second secon | | | | | | |
| ÌΑÌ | number of tu | rns | | | | | former and |
| À fun | ction which c | complet | tes a pattern | n within | a measura | able time | Trame and |
| repea | its that patterr | over i | dentical subs | sequent | time trame | s is called | |
| (a) | | | | | — | | |
| (c) | periodic fund | ction | | (d) | recurrent | Tunction | |
| Lapla | ce transform | of 3 t ⁴ i | | | 1 Ω | | 12 |
| (a) | 72 | (b) | 24 c4 | (c) | 10 54 | (d) | $\frac{12}{s^5}$ |
| - | sharacteristic i | mpeda | nce of free s | space is | _ | | |
| | _ | | | (b) | 367 Ω | | |
| (0) | 387 O | | | (d) | 377 Ω | | _ |
| The | insulation resi | istance | of cable, 1 | Km lon | g is 1 $M\Omega$. | Insulation | resistance |
| | _ | | • | | | | |
| | · | (b) | $0.5~\mathrm{M}\Omega$ | (c) | 1 ΜΩ | (d) | 5 ΜΩ |
| | (a) (c) Induct (a) (b) (c) (d) fun repea (a) (c) Lapla (a) (a) (b) (c) (d) fun repea (a) (c) Lapla (a) (c) The | (a) current regulation (c) constant voltance of coil is (a) thickness of (b) spacing betwood (c) number and (d) number of two continuous for a continuous for | (a) current regulator did (c) constant voltage did Inductance of coil is directly (a) thickness of wire (b) spacing between a (c) number and spacing (d) number of turns A function which complete repeats that pattern over it (a) continuous function (c) periodic function Laplace transform of 3 think (a) $\frac{72}{s^5}$ (b) The characteristic impedation (c) $\frac{72}{s^5}$ (d) $\frac{72}{s^5}$ (e) $\frac{72}{s^5}$ (f) The insulation resistance for 2 m is | (a) current regulator diode (c) constant voltage diode Inductance of coil is directly proportion (a) thickness of wire (b) spacing between adjacent turns (c) number and spacing between a (d) number of turns A function which completes a pattern repeats that pattern over identical subs (a) continuous function (c) periodic function Laplace transform of 3 t ⁴ is (a) $\frac{72}{s^5}$ (b) $\frac{24}{s^4}$ The characteristic impedance of free s (a) 397 Ω (c) 387 Ω The insulation resistance of cable, 1 for 2 m is | (a) current regulator diode (b) (c) constant voltage diode (d) Inductance of coil is directly proportional to square (a) thickness of wire (b) spacing between adjacent turns (c) number and spacing between adjacent (d) number of turns (e) number of turns (function which completes a pattern within repeats that pattern over identical subsequent (a) continuous function (b) (c) periodic function (d) Laplace transform of 3 t ⁴ is (a) $\frac{72}{s^5}$ (b) $\frac{24}{s^4}$ (c) The characteristic impedance of free space is (a) 397Ω (b) (c) 387Ω (d) The insulation resistance of cable, 1 Km lon for 2 m is | (c) constant voltage diode (d) constant Ω Inductance of coil is directly proportional to square of (a) thickness of wire (b) spacing between adjacent turns (c) number and spacing between adjacent turns (d) number of turns A function which completes a pattern within a measurarepeats that pattern over identical subsequent time frame (a) continuous function (b) cyclic function (c) periodic function (d) recurrent Laplace transform of 3 t ⁴ is (a) $\frac{72}{s^5}$ (b) $\frac{24}{s^4}$ (c) $\frac{18}{s^4}$ The characteristic impedance of free space is (a) 397Ω (b) 367Ω (c) 387Ω (d) 377Ω The insulation resistance of cable, 1 Km long is 1 M Ω . for 2 m is | (a) current regulator diode (b) voltage regulator diode (c) constant voltage diode (d) constant Current did Inductance of coil is directly proportional to square of (a) thickness of wire (b) spacing between adjacent turns (c) number and spacing between adjacent turns (d) number of turns A function which completes a pattern within a measurable time repeats that pattern over identical subsequent time frames is called (a) continuous function (b) cyclic function (c) periodic function (d) recurrent function Laplace transform of 3 t ⁴ is (a) $\frac{72}{s^5}$ (b) $\frac{24}{s^4}$ (c) $\frac{18}{s^4}$ (d) The characteristic impedance of free space is (a) $\frac{397 \Omega}{s^5}$ (b) $\frac{24}{s^4}$ (c) $\frac{18}{s^4}$ (d) $\frac{367 \Omega}{s^5}$ (e) $\frac{387 \Omega}{s^5}$ (f) $\frac{367 \Omega}{s^5}$ (g) $\frac{367 \Omega}{s^5}$ (h) $\frac{367 \Omega}{s^5}$ (h) $\frac{367 \Omega}{s^5}$ (e) $\frac{387 \Omega}{s^5}$ (f) $\frac{367 \Omega}{s^5}$ (g) $\frac{367 \Omega}{s^5}$ (h) $367 $ |

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