

**PRELIMINARY INTERVIEW BOARD**

**TERRITORIAL ARMY COMMISSION : AUG 2013**

**WRITTEN PAPER**

Max Time : 2 Hours  
vf/kDre l e; % 2 ?k/s

Max Marks : 100  
vf/kDre v d % 100

Marks Awarded vftir v d		
Section 1	Section 2	Total

Index No \_\_\_\_\_  
bUMDI uEcj  
(Not to be filled by the candidate)  
(i fj {kkFkhZ uk Hkj})

**(Please read the instructions carefully)**  
(d1k; k funi kka dks /; ku i d d i <)

**INSTRUCTIONS**

(funi k)

- No additional sheet will be provided other than the question paper.  
i zku i = ds vykoc vfrfjDr l hv inku ugh dh tk, xh
- Section 1 has two parts - Part I & Part II.  
l DI u 1 ds nks Hkkx gS & Hkkx&1 vkj Hkkx&11
  - Part I – Essay in English (30 Marks).  
Hkkx1& vxat h es i Lrko (30 v d)
  - Part II – English Comprehension and language (10 Marks).  
Hkkx11&vxat h dEi jhgD'ku vkj Hkk''kk (10 v d)
- Section 2 consists of objective type questions (60 Marks).  
l D'ku 2 es vkctDVho rjg ds i zku gS (60 v d)
- Erasures and overwriting in objective type questions will not be awarded any marks. Pages not used to be scored out.  
bjstjl vkj vkpj jkbFVx ds vkctDVho ds idkj ds i zku es dkbZ v d ugh fn; k tk, xkA  
bLrky uk fd, x, istka dks Ldkj vkmV dj fn; k tk, A
- There will be no negative marking.  
bl es dkbZ uxfo ekfda ugh gkxh A
- To be eligible to qualify, you must obtain 40% marks each in section 1 and 2 and a minimum 50% aggregate marks.  
DokfyQkbZ djus ds fy, gj l D'ku es 40% v d vfuok; l gS vkj U; pre , xfxv v d 50% gkus pkfg, A
- Two additional papers be provided alongwith each question paper to the candidates and to be stapled.**

**SECTION-1**

**PART-I**

- Q1. Write an essay in about 300 words on any one of the topics mentioned below ? (30 Marks)
- (a) Recently the Armed Forces (Army, Navy and Air Force) played an important role in Uttrakhand natural calamity as compared to NDMA and Civil Administration (Both at the Centre as well as at State level). Describe briefly the rescue work conducted by the Armed Forces?
  - (b) In 2012, the Government Audit Agency's findings regarding irregular allocation of Coal Mines has raised a controversy ? Briefly discuss the Coal Allocation.
  - (c) Fine imposed on Ranbaxy by US.
  - (d) Elections in Pakistan.
  - (e) India China Military Standoff in Ladakh.

**PART II : ENGLISH COMPREHENSION**

(Marks-10)

**ENGLISH LANGUAGE**

- Q1. In this section, you have one short passage. After each passage, you will find several questions based on the passage. First, read a passage and then answer the question based on the passage.

**PASSAGE I**

(Marks 05)

True, it is the function of the army to maintain law and order in abnormal times. But in normal times there is another force that compels citizens to obey the laws and to act with due regard to the rights of others. The force also protects the lives and the properties of law abiding men. Laws are made to secure the personal safety of its subjects and to prevent murder and crimes of violence. They are made to secure the property of the citizens against theft and damage to protect the rights of communities and castes to carry out their customs and ceremonies, so long as they do not conflict with the rights of others. Now the good citizen, of his own free will obey these laws and he takes care that everything he does is done with due regard to the rights and well-being of others. But the bad citizen is only restrained from breaking these laws by fear of the consequence of his actions. And the necessary steps to compel the bad citizen to act as a good citizen are taken by this force. The supreme control of law and order in a State is in the hands of a Minister who is responsible to the State Assembly and acts through the Inspector General of Police.

1. The expression 'customs and ceremonies' means:
  - (a) fairs and festivals.
  - (b) Conduct and traditions.
  - (c) usual practices and religious rites.
  - (d) superstitions and formalities.
2. Which of the following is not implied in the passage?
  - (a) Law protects those who respect it.
  - (b) Law ensures people's religious and social rights absolutely and unconditionally.
  - (c) A criminal is deterred from committing crimes only for fear of the law.
  - (d) The forces of law help to transform irresponsible citizens into responsible ones.
3. Which of the following reflects the main thrust of the passage?
  - (a) It deals with the importance of the army in maintaining law and order.
  - (b) It highlights role of the police as superior to that of the army.
  - (c) It discusses the roles of the army and the police in different circumstances.
  - (d) It points to the responsibility of the Minister and the Inspector General of Police.

4. Which one of the following statement is implied in the passage?
- (a) Peaceful citizens seldom violate the law, but bad citizens have to be restrained by the police.
  - (b) Criminals, who flout the law, are seldom brought to book.
  - (c) The police hardly succeed in converting bad citizens into good citizens.
  - (d) The police check the citizens, whether they are good or bad, from violating the law.
5. Which of the following statements expresses most accurately the idea contained in the first sentence?
- (a) It is the job of the army to ensure internal peace at all times.
  - (b) It is the police that should always enforce law and order in the country.
  - (c) Army and the police ensure people's security through combined operations.
  - (d) It is in exceptional circumstances that the army has to ensure peace in the country. :

Q2. Each of the following items consists of a sentence followed by four words or group of words. Select the antonym of the word (occurring in the sentence in capital letters as per the context). (Marks 05)

I. A few heavenly talents **DARKEN** the world in each generation.

- (a) Brighten (b) Please (c) Enlighten (d) Glamorize

II. He has a **SECURE** position in the entrance examination.

- (a) Rigid (b) Lethargic (c) Gloomy (d) Precarious

III. It is **COMPULSORY** that all members of the board be present at the meeting.

- (a) Obligatory (b) Contrary (c) Optional (d) Conditional

IV. Events ultimately led to **LUGUBRIOUS** ending.

- (a) Happy (b) Hopeful (c) Helpful (d) Reassuring

V. The police praised the **METICULOUS** arrangements made by the organizers to receive the guest at the airport.

- (a) Shabby (b) Random (c) Ridiculous (d) Haphazard

GENERAL AWARENESS

- Q1. Doldrums is a  
MksyMæI D; k gS
- (a) Tropical wind belt. (b) Tropical wind deflection belt  
Vr̥fi dy foM cʃV Vr̥fi dy foM fMQyDI u
- (c) Sub-tropical wind belt (d) Tropical no-wind belt  
I c Vr̥fi dy foM cʃV Vr̥fi dy uks foM cʃV
- Q2. The Gulf of Mannar is situated along the coast of  
eUukj dh [kkMh fdl jkT; dh rV jʃkk ij fLFkr gʃ
- (a) Tamil Nadu (b) Kerala (c) Karnataka (d) Andhra Pradesh  
rfeyukMq djy dukM/d vku/kk i n̥k
- Q3. Which one among the following statements regarding South Sudan, who officially joined the international community as an independent nation on July 9, 2011, is not correct ?  
nf{k.kh I n̥ku LorU= n̥k ds r̥ʃ ij vr̥jjk'Vh; I epk; I s 09 tykbz 2011 dks tMk Fkk A fuEufyf[kr rF; ka ea dku I k rF; I gh ugh gS A
- (a) The capital of new nation is Juba. (b) It is Africa's first post-colonial nation.  
u, n̥k fd jkt/kkuh t̥k gS ; g vfQdk dk i gyk i kLV dkykfu; y n̥k gS
- (c) India has stationed peacekeepers in South Sudan  
Hkkjr us nf{k.kh I n̥ku es 'kkfUr I uk ds : i es QkSt Hkst h gS
- (d) The Nile flows through Sudan before entering South Sudan and then flowing into Egypt.  
uhy unh nf{k.kh I Mku es i p̥ghr gkus I s i gys I Mku I s gkdj feJ es cgrh gS
- Q4. In which year was the Quit India Movement launched ?  
fdl I ky es Quite India Movement 'kq g̥k?
- (a) 1931 (b) 1939 (c) 1942 (d) 1945
- Q5. Rain shadow effect is associated with ?  
ju 'kMks i Hkko fdl I s I EcfU/kr gS ?
- (a) Cyclonic rainfall (b) Orographic rainfall (c) Convectional rainfall (d) Frontal rainfall  
I kbdykfud juQy vkj kx̥fQd juQy dUoŋ'kly juQy IjUVy juQy
- Q6. By which one among the following mechanism, soap removes dirt (soil) from cloth ?  
fuEu es I s fdl i fdz k ds rgr I kcu di Mka I s eŋ(feVh) fudkyrk gʃ
- (a) Soap dissolves the soil as such (b) Soap reacts with soil and converts them into soluble silicates.  
I kcu feVh es ?kq dj I kcu feVh I s react gkdj soluble silicates es cnyrk gS
- (c) Soap takes away the oily part of the soil and thus separates the soil from the cloth.  
I kcu feVh I s rjy i }kfkz nj djds feVh dks di Ms I s vyx djrk gS
- (d) The Soap molecules binds with the soil, lift the soil and keep it suspended which can then be rinsed away.  
I kcu feVh I s feydj feVh dks gVkdj bl gkyr es j [krk gS fd ftI s fupkM ds vyx fd; k tk I ds

- Q7. Which one among the following is used to make periscope ?  
i j h L d k i c u k u s e s f u E u f y f [ k r e s l s f d l d k b L r æ k y f d ; k t k r k g ?
- (a) Concave lens      (b) Concave mirror      (c) Plane mirror      (d) None of these  
d k u d o y l      d u d o f e j j      l y u f e j j      b u e s l s d k b z u g h
- Q8. Kilowatt-hour is the unit of  
f d y k o k W g k o j f d l d h ; f u V g ?
- (a) Potential difference      (b) Electric power      (c) Electric Energy      (d) Electric potential  
i k u U ' k h ; y f m Q j d l      f o / k r ' k f D r      f o / k r m t k z      f o / k r i k u U ' k h ; y
- Q9. The metal constituent of chlorophyll is  
d y k j k f Q y d k ? k k r q l ? k V d d k u l k g s ?
- (a) Iron      (b) Potassium      (c) Manganese      (d) Magnesium  
y k g k      i k u k f ' k ; e      e x f u t      e x f u f ' k ; e
- Q10. Which one among the following waves are called waves of heat energy ?  
b u e s l s d k u l h r j æ k s d k s f g V m t k z d h r j x a d g k t k r k g ?
- (a) Radio waves      (b) Infrared waves      (c) Ultraviolet waves      (d) Microwaves  
j f m ; k s r j x a      b u r j k j m r j x a      v y V k o k s y V r j x a      e k b d k s r j x a
- Q11. Public Interest Litigation (PIL) may be linked with  
P u b l i c I n t e r e s t L i g i t a t i o n ( P I L ) d k s f d l l s t k m k t k l d r k g ?
- (a) Judicial review      (b) Judicial activism      (c) Judicial Intervention  
T ; f m f l ; y f j f o o      T ; f m f l ; y , D V h f o L e      T ; f m f l ; y b u V k o d ' k u
- (d) Judicial sanctity  
T ; f m f l ; y l d d V h V h
- Q12. Which of the following team was Runners Up in ICC World Cup (Men's) in 2013?  
d k u l h v h e v k b z l h l h o Y M Z d i ( i q " k ) j u j l v i j g h ?
- (a) India      (b) England      (c) West Indies      (d) Sri Lanka  
H k k j r      b x y m      o L V b u M h t      J h y a d k
- Q13. The person who become the first Indian to circumnavigate the globe solo and non-stop on a sail boat?  
H k k j r d k o g i g y k d k u l k 0 ; f D r F k k f t l u s , d l y c k V i j f c u k : d s n f u ; k  
d k p D d j y x k ; k ?
- (a) Hari Ram Kumar      (b) Lt. Cdr. Abhilash Tomy      (c) Lt. Ramadose  
g j h j k e d e j      y s d e k u M j v f H k y k ' k V k e s      y s j k e k n d
- (d) None of them  
b u e s l s d k b z u g h

- Q14. Natural water with pH 7 becomes slightly acidic when aerated. This is because  
 i kdfnd ty yxHkx 7 pH tc , fj, fVM gkrk gS rks og acidic gks tkrk gA D; k dkj .k gS
- (a) Oxygen from air is dissolved in the water which makes the water acidic.  
 gok es l s vkDI htu i kuh es fey tkrh gS ftl l s i kuh acidic gks tkrk gS
- (b) Dirt, which get contaminated with the water during aeration makes the water acidic.  
 /kny feVh tks , fj, 'ku ds nkj ku i kuh es fey tkrs gS ml acidic cuk nrs gS
- (c) Ultraviolet radiation dissociates water molecules and makes water acidic.  
 vyVkokS yV fofdj .k i kuh ds v .kq/ka dks fo?fVr dj nrk gS vkj i kuh dks acidic cuk nrk gS
- (d) Carbon-dioxide from air is dissolved.  
 gok es l s dkcuI vkDI kbM i kuh es fey tkrh gS

- Q15. Which among the following is not a true fruit ?  
 fuEufyf[kr es l s dkul k , d okLrfod Qy ugh gS
- (a) Apple (b) Date (c) Grapes (d) Plum  
 Lkc Mv vaxj lye

- Q16. Coffee is produced largely in  
 dkQh dk mRi knu T; knkrj dgkll gkrk gS
- (a) Assam (b) West Bengal (c) Karnataka (d) Tamil Nadu  
 vkl ke i f'pe caxky dukM/d rfeyukMq

- Q17. Which of the following statements with regard to freedom struggle are correct ?  
 vktknh ds l ?k'k l s l Ecf/kr bues l s dkul l h ckr l gh gS ?
- (a) The British rule could prevail in India on the basis of the consent or acquiescence of many sections of Indian people.  
 fcfV'k 'kkl u l gefr vkj eku l gefr l s Hkkjr es Hkkjr; ykxka ds chp i dy gvk
- (b) The social basis of the colonial regime was among the Zamindars and upper classes.  
 mi fuosk 'kkl u dy l keftd vk/kkj in tfenkja vkj mi j ds ykxka es Fkk A
- (c) The Indian National Army forced the British to withdraw from India.  
 Hkkjr; jk'Vh; l uk us fcfV'k 'kkl u dks Hkkjr l s fudyus ij etqj fd; k
- (d) The Hindu Mahasabha supported the partition of India  
 fgUnq egkl Hkk us Hkkjr foHktu dk l eFku fd; k

Select the correct answer using the code given below :-

uhps fn, x, dkM dk bLreky djrs gq Lkgh mRrj dk puuko dj

- (a) a and b only (b) b and c only (c) c and d only (d) a,b,c and d  
 dya vkj b dya b vkj c dya c vkj d a,b,c vkj d

- Q18. Kovvada Nuclear Power Plant which was recently in news is being set up in –  
 dkokMk U; Dfy; j i koj i Ykk/ tks gky gh es l kekpkjks es Fkk] dgka fLFkr gS
- (a) Karnataka (b) Andhra Pradesh (c) Chhattisgarh (d) Odisha  
 dukM/dk vkMkk i ns k Nrhl x< mVhl k

- Q19. Among the given nutrients, milk is a poor source of  
 uhp s fn, x, i k'skd rRok es l s nqk es dkU l k ugh gkrk?
- (a) Calcium dYkf'k; e (b) Protein i kVhu (c) Carbohydrate dkctgkbMMI (d) Vitamin C foVkfou l h
- Q20. Which one of the following is not a mammal ?  
 fuEufyf[kr es dkU , d Lrui k; h ugh g?
- (a) Dolphin MkyfQu (b) Shark 'kkdZ (c) Seal fl y (d) Whale lgy
- Q21. Oral Rehydration Therapy is recommended for patients suffering from  
 vkjy fjgkbMM u Fkjfi fdl fcekjh ds efj tka dks nh tkrh g?S
- (a) Tuberculosis V; qjDykf l (b) Typhoid VkbQkbM (c) Tetanus VVud (d) Cholera dksyYk
- Q22. Ancient Buddhist literature was written in  
 i kphu cf) LV l kfgR; fdl Hkk'kk es fy[kk x; k?
- (a) Sanskrit l Ldr (b) Pali i kyh (c) Brahmi ctgfe (d) Maghadi ex/kh
- Q23. What is the nickname given to the Sporting Tiger which is the mascot of our national games ?  
 gekjs jk"Vh; [kyka ds 'kHkdj jgs Vkbxj dk mi uke D; k Fkk?
- (a) Tara rkjk (b) Raju jktq (c) Shashi 'k'kh (d) Appu vli q
- Q24. The first gold medal in the Olympics was won by India in which year?  
 fdl o"kl es Hkkj r us vksyfEi d [kyks es igyk xkYM eMy i klr fd; k?
- (a) 1940 (b) 1928 (c) 1932 (d) 1930
- Q25. Dada Sahib Phalke Award is given for  
 nknk l kgc Qkyds i q Ldkj fdl {ks= es fn; k tkrk g?S
- (a) Cinema fl uek (b) Music jkx (c) Dance uR; (d) Literature l kfgR;
- Q26. Arya Bhatta lived in the court of  
 vk; l HKVV fdl jktk ds dky es Fkk?
- (a) Ashoka v'kkd (b) Chandra Gupta Vikramaditya pUnxqrk fodækfnR; (c) Harsha Vardhana g'kl o/kl  
 (d) Pulakesin II i qyds'khu II
- Q27. With which of the following organisations was Raja Rammohan associated ?  
 jktkjk ekgu jks fuEufyf[kr es l s fdl l æBu l s l Ec/khr Fks ?
- (a) Ramakrishna Mission jkek d" .kk fel u (b) Arya Samaj vk; l l ekt (c) Brahmo Samaj cgeks l ekt  
 (d) Theosophical Society Fkh; kd kfQDy l ekt

- Q28. The first Governor General of free India was  
vktkn Hkkjr dk igyk xoluj tujy dku Fkk?
- (a) Lord Mountbatten (b) Lord Sinha (c) C. Rajagopalachari  
ykmZ ekmlUVcV/u ykmZ fl Ugk l h jktkxki kypkj h
- (d) Mrs. Sarojini Naidu  
l jkst uh uk; Mq
- Q29. The lines joining places having equal rainfall are called  
og js[kk tks cjkj cjl kr i kus okys LFkkuka dks tkMrh gS ml s D; k dgrs gP
- (a) Isobars (b) Isotherms (c) Isohytes (d) Meridians  
vkbj kckj vkbj kkFkEI vkbj kgkbVI eFj fM; ul
- Q30. The metabolic waste urea is formed in the  
eVkkkyd oLV ; fj; k fuEufyf[kr es l s fdl es curk gP
- (a) Liver (b) Kidney (c) Spleen (d) Pancreas  
fyoj fdMuh frYyh vxU; k';
- Q31. Action of bile juice upon fats is known as  
ckby tq fd tks ifrfdz k ol k ij gkrh gS ml s dgrs gP
- (a) Neutralization (b) Emulsification (c) Deglutition (d) Peristalsis  
U; Vjkykbt d u beyfl fQd d u MXY; fQFV' ku i jhl Vkyfl l
- Q32. The nature of nerve impulse is  
Nerve Impulse dk vkox fdl i dkj dk gS ?
- (a) Physical (b) Chemical (c) Electrical (d) Electro-chemical  
fQft dy d fedy byDfVdy byDfVd&d fedy
- Q33. Lance Armstrong, a sportsperson of international repute and presently tainted by doping, belongs to which of the following countries?  
ykd vkeLVkx tks fd , d vUrj k"Vh; f[kykMh o ekst nk gkyr es Mkfi x ds vi jk/k es gS og fdl ns k dk gP
- (a) USA (b) Ukraine (c) France (d) Brazil  
; q , l ; du ; Qtd ; ct hy
- Q34. Pallavas were the rulers of which state?  
i Yyo fdl jkt; ds 'kkl d Fks ?
- (a) Vijayanagar (b) Vatapi (c) Kanchi (d) Kashmir  
fot; uxj orki h dkph d' ehj
- Q35. Angkor Vat, a Vishnu Temple is in  
fo'.kq eflUnj] vxdkj oV fdl ns k es fLFkr gP
- (a) India (b) Ceylon (c) Cambodia (d) Japan  
Hkkjr fl yku dEckfM; k tki ku
- Q36. When did the present Constitution come into force?  
Hkkjr dk oneku l fo/kku dc ykxq gP ?
- (a) Jan, 26, 1950 (b) Nov, 26, 1950 (c) Aug 15, 1947  
tuojh] 26]1950 uoEcj]26] 1950 vxLr 15] 1947
- (d) Jan 30, 1948  
tuojh 30]1948



Q37. Who administers the oath of office to the President ?

i k"Vi fr dks 'ki Fk dku fnykrk gS ?

- (a) Chief Justice of India (b) Vice-President (c) Prime Minister  
Hkkjr dk phQW tI fVI mi jk"Vi fr i z'kku e=ha
- (d) Speaker of the Lok Sabha  
ykd I Hkk dk I fi dj

Q38. Which of the following is not a ground to declare national emergency ?

fuEufyf[kr es I s fdl voLFkk es usku y , ej tll h ugh yxkbz tkrh gS ?

- (a) External aggression (b) War (c) Internal disturbances (d) Political Instability  
ckgjh vkde.k ; q vUn: uh mi nD jktufrd vLFkj rk

Q39. For seeing objects at the surface of water from a submarine under water, the instrument used is

i kuh ds fups i UMph I s i kuh dh I rg ij fdl vktkj dh enn I s nsk tk I drk gS

- (a) Kaleidoscope (b) Periscope (c) Spectroscope (d) Telescope  
DykbMkLdki i fj Ldki Li DVkLdki VfyLi ki

Q40. Who is the head of the Planning Commission?

lykfuæ dfe'ku dk iæ[k dku gkrk gS ?

- (a) The President (b) The Prime Minister (c) The Minister for Planning  
jk"Vi fr i z'kku e=h ; kst uk e=h
- (d) The Cabinet Secretary  
e=heUMy I fpo

Q41. India played its first cricket Test Match in which year?

Hkkjr us vi uk i gyk VLV eþ fdl o"kl es [kyk Fkk ?

- (a) 1922 (b) 1932 (c) 1942 (d) 1952

Q42. How many gold medals did P.T.Usha win in the 1986 Seoul Asian Games?

1986 ds 'khrvky , f'k; u [kyka es i h Vh m"kk us fdrus I oLk ind thrs FkS

- (a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4

Q43. Which of the following States is not a permanent member of the Security Council?

fuEufyf[kr es I s dku I k ns k] I j {kk i fj "kn dk fu; fer I nL; ugh gS ?

- (a) Russia (b) China (c) Germany (d) France  
: I phu teLh OkUI

Q44. Martin Luther King was a

ekfVU yfkj fdæ fdl ns k ds FkS

- (a) French (b) Dutch (c) USA (d) English  
Qlp Mp ; q , I , vxrt

Q45. Who was the leader of the Reformation Movement ?

I qkkj vkUnkyu dk urk dku Fkk ?

- (a) Calvin (b) Martin Luther (c) Martin Luther King (d) John of Salisbury  
dkyfou ekfVU yfkj ekfVU yfkj fdæ tkgu vkQW I fyl cjh

Q46. To which of the following, the name 'Evening Star' is given  
fuEufyf[kr es l s fdl s l ; k rkjk uke fn; k x; k gS

- (a) Mercury (b) Mars (c) Pluto (d) Venus  
crlk eay IYk/ks ohul

Q47. The instrument used for measuring air pressure is called  
fdl ; a= l s gok ds ncko dks uki k tkrk gS ?

- (a) Hydrometer (b) Anemometer (c) Barometer (d) Thermometer  
gkbMkfeVj fuekfeVj cjkfeVj FkekfeVj

Q48. The highest national award in India given for exceptional work for advancement of art, literature and science

l okRe jk"Vh; i q Ldkj Hkkjr es dyk] l kfgR; vkj foKku es l jkguh; dk; l ds fy, fn; k tkrk gS %

- (a) Bharat Ratna (b) Padma Awards (c) Gallantry Awards (d) None of the above  
Hkkjr jRu i nek i q Ldkj ohj rk i q Ldkj bues l s dkbZ ugh

Q49. The capital of Ice land is  
vkbZ yM fd jkt/kkuh gS

- (a) Reykjavik (b) Oslo (c) Helsinki (d) None of these  
jdtkoid vki yks gsyfl udh bues l s dkbZ ugh

Q50. Paris is situated on the river  
i fj l fdl unh i j fLFkr gS ?

- (a) Thames (b) Seine (c) Danube (d) Vistula  
FkEl fl , u Mkuqs fol rgyk

Q51. The volcano Kilimanjaro is in  
Tokykeq[kh Kilimanjaro fdl ns k es gS ?

- (a) Kenya (b) China (c) Tanzania (d) Japan  
du; k phu rUtkuh; k tki ku

Q52. Mac Mohan Line is a border line between  
eSd ekgu ykbZ fdu nks ns kks ds fcp dh ykbZ gS

- (a) Pakistan and Afghanistan (b) India and China (c) South Korea and North Korea  
i kfdLrku vkj vOxkfuLrku Hkkjr vkj phu nf{k.h dkfj; k vkj mrjh dkfj; k
- (d) Vietnam and Cambodia  
fo; ruke vkj dEckMh; k

Q53. Red soil is infertile and mostly used for growing

ykj feVh , d vuq tkm feVh gš tks T; knkrj dku l h Ql y dh mi t es l gk; d gš

- (a) Cotton (b) Jute (c) Tea (d) Millets  
di kl tŷ pk; cktjk

Q54. When did Sourav Ganguly make his ODI debut?

, d fnol h; [kyka es l kš c xkxŷh i gyh ckj dc [kyš

- (a) 20 Mar 1993 (b) 11 Jan 1992 (c) 01 Dec 1987 (d) 01 Jun 1998  
20 ekpŷ 1993 11 tuojh 1992 01 fnl Ecj 1987 01 tŷ 1998

Q55. The Amarnath shrine, the abode of Lord Shiva, is in the state of

vejukfk efnj tks fd Hxoku f'ko dk fuokl ekuk tkrk gš fdl jkT; es gš

- (a) U.P. (b) Himachal Pradesh (c) Bihar (d) J & K  
mRrj i ns k fgekpy i ns k fcgkj tEeq vkš d'ehj

Q56. The route to China through 'Nathula Pass' goes from the Indian state of

ukfkŷk i kl l s phu es tkus okyk jkLrk fdl jkT; l s gkdj tkrk gš ?

- (a) U.P. (b) J & K (c) Sikkim (d) Arunachal Pradesh  
mRrj i ns k tEeq vkš d'ehj fl Ddhe v: .kkpy i ns k

Q57. Sodium metal is kept under

Sodium metal fdl ds vUnj j [kk tkrk gš

- (a) Petrol (b) Alcohol (c) Water (d) Kerosene  
i Vky efnjk i kuh feVh ry

Q58. Which of the following is not a Rabi crop?

bues l s dku l h Ql y jch dh ugh gš ?

- (a) Mustard (b) Wheat (c) Gram (d) Maize  
l j l ka xgq puk Tokj

Q59. White Revolution is a term used for

'or dkr fdl l s l Ecŷ/kr gš ?

- (a) the increasing milk production (b) the increased rice productivity  
nŷk dk mRi knu c<kus l s pkoy dh xq oRrk c<kus l s
- (c) the increasing cotton production (d) the increased use of Chemical manures  
di kl dk mRi knu c<kus l s [kkn dh jkl k; fud xq oRrk c<kus

Q60. Who has won the National Film Award as best actor in 2012 ?

2012 es l cl s vPNs vfHkurk dk jk"Vh; fQYe vokMz fdl us thrk?

- (a) Irrfan Khan & Vikram Gokhale (b) Shivaji Lotan (c) Kamal Hasan  
bQjku [kku vkš fode xks[kys f'kokth ykŷu dey gl u
- (d) Ranbir Kapoor  
j.kchj di j