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	DATE	TIME	SUBJECT
	17 AUG 2022	10 AM TO 1 PM	General Awarness Part 1
	17 AUG 2022	2 PM TO 5 PM	English Part 1
	17 AUG 2022	6 PM TO 9 PM	Static GK Part 1
/	18 AUG 2022	10 AM TO 1 PM	General Awarness Part 2
	18 AUG 2022	2 PM TO 5 PM	English Part 2
	18 AUG 2022	6 PM TO 9 PM	Static GK Part 2
	19 AUG 2022	10 AM to 1 PM	Current Affairs
U	19 AUG 2022	2 PM TO 5 PM	English Part 3
\backslash	19 AUG 2022	6 PM TO 9 PM	Defence Current Affairs
	20 AUG 2022	10 AM TO 1 PM	Numerical Ability Part 1
	20 AUG 2022	2 PM TO 5 PM	Reasoning Part 1
/	20 AUG 2022	6 PM TO 9 PM	General Sciences
6	22 AUG 2022	10 AM TO 1 PM	Numerical Ability Part 2
	22 AUG 2022	2 PM TO 5 PM	Reasoning Part 2
/	23 AUG 2022	10 AM to 1 PM	Numerical Ability Part 3
	23 AUG 2022	2 PM TO 5 PM	Reasoning Part 3
Crack	/	1	

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IS



CLOZE COMPOSITION

DIRECTIONS

Given below are incomplete passages. Fill in the blanks with the help of the

alternatives given below to complete the passages.

Q1) (a) faced (b) struggled (c) stood (d) challenged



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Q1) (a) faced (b) struggled (c) stood (d) challenged

Ans. (b)

Q2) (a) taken (b) wiped (c) put (d) thrown



SSBCr

Q2) (a) taken (b) wiped (c) put (d) thrown

Ans. (b)

Q3) (a) aborigines (b) ancients (c) successors (d) ancestors



Q3) (a) aborigines (b) ancients (c) successors (d) ancestors

Ans. (d)

Q4) (a) demolish (b) cherish (c) renovate (d) save



Q4) (a) demolish (b) cherish (c) renovate (d) save

Ans. (d)

Q5) (a) unfolding (b) discussing (c) arguing (d) narrating



Q5) (a) unfolding (b) discussing (c) arguing (d) narrating

Ans. (a)

The Sericulture Farmers' Welfare Association of Ramanagaram has _____(1) an indefinite fast unto death in front of the Ramanagaram cocoon market situated on Bengaluru-Mysuru highway from July 15 if the government does not take note of their ______(2) and come to their aid by announcing a minimum support price. The average price of cocoons, which used to be ______(3) \leq 480 to \leq 500 for every kg of cross-breed variety and \leq 600 to \leq 700 for a kg of the ______(4) quality bivoltine during January and February this year, saw a free fall ever since the COVID-19 scare ______(5) the silk market in March this year, bringing the prices to a new low.

Q1) (a) Concerned (b) Planned (c) Intentional (d) Practiced



The Sericulture Farmers' Welfare Association of Ramanagaram has _____(1) an indefinite fast unto death in front of the Ramanagaram cocoon market situated on Bengaluru-Mysuru highway from July 15 if the government does not take note of their ______(2) and come to their aid by announcing a minimum support price. The average price of cocoons, which used to be ______(3) \leq 480 to \leq 500 for every kg of cross-breed variety and \leq 600 to \leq 700 for a kg of the ______(4) quality bivoltine during January and February this year, saw a free fall ever since the COVID-19 scare ______(5) the silk market in March this year, bringing the prices to a new low.

Q1) (a) Concerned (b) Planned (c) Intentional (d) Practiced

Ans. (b)

The Sericulture Farmers' Welfare Association of Ramanagaram has _____(1) an indefinite fast unto death in front of the Ramanagaram cocoon market situated on Bengaluru-Mysuru highway from July 15 if the government does not take note of their ______(2) and come to their aid by announcing a minimum support price. The average price of cocoons, which used to be ______(3) \leq 480 to \leq 500 for every kg of cross-breed variety and \leq 600 to \leq 700 for a kg of the ______(4) quality bivoltine during January and February this year, saw a free fall ever since the COVID-19 scare ______(5) the silk market in March this year, bringing the prices to a new low.

Q2) (a) Approach (b) Establish (c) Conduct (d) Predicament



The Sericulture Farmers' Welfare Association of Ramanagaram has ____ (1) an indefinite fast unto death in front of the Ramanagaram cocoon market situated on Bengaluru-Mysuru highway from July 15 if the government does not take note of their ____ (2) and come to their aid by announcing a minimum support price. The average price of cocoons, which used to be ___ (3) \leq 480 to \leq 500 for every kg of cross-breed variety and \leq 600 to \leq 700 for a kg of the ____ (4) quality bivoltine during January and February this year, saw a free fall ever since the COVID-19 scare ____ (5) the silk market in March this year, bringing the prices to a new low.

Q2) (a) Approach (b) Establish (c) Conduct (d) Predicament

Ans. (d)

The Sericulture Farmers' Welfare Association of Ramanagaram has _____(1) an indefinite fast unto death in front of the Ramanagaram cocoon market situated on Bengaluru-Mysuru highway from July 15 if the government does not take note of their _____(2) and come to their aid by announcing a minimum support price. The average price of cocoons, which used to be _____(3) \leq 480 to \leq 500 for every kg of cross-breed variety and \leq 600 to \leq 700 for a kg of the _____(4) quality bivoltine during January and February this year, saw a free fall ever since the COVID-19 scare _____(5) the silk market in March this year, bringing the prices to a new low.

Q3) (a) Around (b) Engage (c) Obtain (d) Scarce



The Sericulture Farmers' Welfare Association of Ramanagaram has ____ (1) an indefinite fast unto death in front of the Ramanagaram cocoon market situated on Bengaluru-Mysuru highway from July 15 if the government does not take note of their ____ (2) and come to their aid by announcing a minimum support price. The average price of cocoons, which used to be ___ (3) \leq 480 to \leq 500 for every kg of cross-breed variety and \leq 600 to \leq 700 for a kg of the ____ (4) quality bivoltine during January and February this year, saw a free fall ever since the COVID-19 scare ____ (5) the silk market in March this year, bringing the prices to a new low.

Q3) (a) Around (b) Engage (c) Obtain (d) Scarce

Ans. (a)

The Sericulture Farmers' Welfare Association of Ramanagaram has _____(1) an indefinite fast unto death in front of the Ramanagaram cocoon market situated on Bengaluru-Mysuru highway from July 15 if the government does not take note of their ______(2) and come to their aid by announcing a minimum support price. The average price of cocoons, which used to be ______(3) \leq 480 to \leq 500 for every kg of cross-breed variety and \leq 600 to \leq 700 for a kg of the ______(4) quality bivoltine during January and February this year, saw a free fall ever since the COVID-19 scare ______(5) the silk market in March this year, bringing the prices to a new low.

Q4) (a) Straight (b) Apparent (c) Property (d) Superior



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The Sericulture Farmers' Welfare Association of Ramanagaram has ____ (1) an indefinite fast unto death in front of the Ramanagaram cocoon market situated on Bengaluru-Mysuru highway from July 15 if the government does not take note of their ____ (2) and come to their aid by announcing a minimum support price. The average price of cocoons, which used to be ___ (3) \leq 480 to \leq 500 for every kg of cross-breed variety and \leq 600 to \leq 700 for a kg of the ____ (4) quality bivoltine during January and February this year, saw a free fall ever since the COVID-19 scare ____ (5) the silk market in March this year, bringing the prices to a new low.

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Q5) (a) Vain (b) Coast (c) Level (d) Hit



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Q5) (a) Vain (b) Coast (c) Level (d) Hit

Ans. (d)

The much-awaited New Year is finally here. While you might have made (1) to exercise daily, read 20 books before the year ends, splurge less on clothes or learn to (2) a musical instrument, but have you spared a thought about your (3) life? In case, you are still figuring out what all you can do to climb up the corporate ladder in 2020, we have got you covered.

We have compiled a list of six small changes that can make a huge (4) in your career. Apart from increasing your daily productivity and managing the stress level at workplace, these (5) would also help you to achieve a better work-life balance.

Q1) (a) plans (b) reports (c) expenses (d) resolutions



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The much-awaited New Year is finally here. While you might have made (1) to exercise daily, read 20 books before the year ends, splurge less on clothes or learn to (2) a musical instrument, but have you spared a thought about your (3) life? In case, you are still figuring out what all you can do to climb up the corporate ladder in 2020, we have got you covered.

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Q2) (a) play (b) make (c) teach (d) perform



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Ans. (a)

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Q3) (a) personal (b) professional (c) economical (d) social



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Ans. (b)

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Q4) (a) gap (b) difference (c) deviation (d) profit



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The much-awaited New Year is finally here. While you might have made (1) to exercise daily, read 20 books before the year ends, splurge less on clothes or learn to (2) a musical instrument, but have you spared a thought about your (3) life? In case, you are still figuring out what all you can do to climb up the corporate ladder in 2020, we have got you covered.

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Q4) (a) gap (b) difference (c) deviation (d) profit

Ans. (b)
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We have compiled a list of six small changes that can make a huge (4) in your career. Apart from increasing your daily productivity and managing the stress level at workplace, these (5) would also help you to achieve a better work-life balance.

Q5) (a) circumstances (b) habits (c) paths (d) goals



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Q5) (a) circumstances (b) habits (c) paths (d) goals

Ans. (b)

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About sixty percent of the human body is water. If you could (1) out a human being like a (2). you would obtain about fifty litres of water. This water which is not like (3) water because of the substance it (4) is necessary to the life of the human being. About a gallon of it is in the blood vessels and is (5) circulating by temperature.

1. (a) work (b) wrench (c) press (d) squeeze



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About sixty percent of the human body is water. If you could (1) out a human being like a (2). you would obtain about fifty litres of water. This water which is not like (3) water because of the substance it (4) is necessary to the life of the human being. About a gallon of it is in the blood vessels and is (5) circulating by temperature.

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2. (a) mango (b) lemon (c) fruit (d) banana



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2. (a) mango (b) lemon (c) fruit (d) banana

Ans. (b)

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3. (a) usual (b) ordinary (c) common (d) normal



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4. (a) dissolves (b) carries (c) contains (d) includes



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Ans. (c)

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5. (a) continued (b) made (c) got (d) kept



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About sixty percent of the human body is water. If you could (1) out a human being like a (2). you would obtain about fifty litres of water. This water which is not like (3) water because of the substance it (4) is necessary to the life of the human being. About a gallon of it is in the blood vessels and is (5) circulating by temperature.

5. (a) continued (b) made (c) got (d) kept

Today most businessmen are very worried. To begin with, they are not used to competition. In the past they sold whatever ...(1)... produced at whatever prices they chose. But ...(2)... increasing competition, customers began to ...(3)... and choose. Imports suddenly became ...(4)... available and that too at cheaper ...(5)...

1. (a) it (b) he (c) they (d) we



Today most businessmen are very worried. To begin with, they are not used to competition. In the past they sold whatever ...(1)... produced at whatever prices they chose. But ...(2)... increasing competition, customers began to ...(3)... and choose. Imports suddenly became ...(4)... available and that too at cheaper ...(5)...

1. (a) it (b) he (c) they (d) we

Ans. (c)

Today most businessmen are very worried. To begin with, they are not used to competition. In the past they sold whatever ...(1)... produced at whatever prices they chose. But ...(2)... increasing competition, customers began to ...(3)... and choose. Imports suddenly became ...(4)... available and that too at cheaper ...(5)...

2. (a) with (b) by (c) after (d) from



Today most businessmen are very worried. To begin with, they are not used to competition. In the past they sold whatever ...(1)... produced at whatever prices they chose. But ...(2)... increasing competition, customers began to ...(3)... and choose. Imports suddenly became ...(4)... available and that too at cheaper ...(5)...

2. (a) with (b) by (c) after (d) from

Ans. (a)

Today most businessmen are very worried. To begin with, they are not used to competition. In the past they sold whatever ...(1)... produced at whatever prices they chose. But ...(2)... increasing competition, customers began to ...(3)... and choose. Imports suddenly became ...(4)... available and that too at cheaper ...(5)...

3. (a) buy (b) take (c) pick (d) want



Today most businessmen are very worried. To begin with, they are not used to competition. In the past they sold whatever ...(1)... produced at whatever prices they chose. But ...(2)... increasing competition, customers began to ...(3)... and choose. Imports suddenly became ...(4)... available and that too at cheaper ...(5)...

3. (a) buy (b) take (c) pick (d) want

Ans. (c)

Today most businessmen are very worried. To begin with, they are not used to competition. In the past they sold whatever ...(1)... produced at whatever prices they chose. But ...(2)... increasing competition, customers began to ...(3)... and choose. Imports suddenly became ...(4)... available and that too at cheaper ...(5)...

4. (a) hardly (b) easily (c) frequently (d) conveniently



Today most businessmen are very worried. To begin with, they are not used to competition. In the past they sold whatever ...(1)... produced at whatever prices they chose. But ...(2)... increasing competition, customers began to ...(3)... and choose. Imports suddenly became ...(4)... available and that too at cheaper ...(5)...

4. (a) hardly (b) easily (c) frequently (d) conveniently

Ans. (b)

Today most businessmen are very worried. To begin with, they are not used to competition. In the past they sold whatever ...(1)... produced at whatever prices they chose. But ...(2)... increasing competition, customers began to ...(3)... and choose. Imports suddenly became ...(4)... available and that too at cheaper ...(5)...

5. (a) costs (b) returns (c) dividend (d) prices



Today most businessmen are very worried. To begin with, they are not used to competition. In the past they sold whatever ...(1)... produced at whatever prices they chose. But ...(2)... increasing competition, customers began to ...(3)... and choose. Imports suddenly became ...(4)... available and that too at cheaper ...(5)...

5. (a) costs (b) returns (c) dividend (d) prices

The postal service is the government agency _____(1)____ handles the mail. Its job is _____(2)____ letters and packages to people and businesses all over the world. Its goal is to see that your mail gets to its destination ____(3)___ possible. People ____(4)____ the postal service to deliver important letters and even valuables, ____(5)____ right time and to the right person.

1. (a) the fact that (b) whether (c) of which (d) that



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2. (a) being delivered (b) to be delivered (c) to have delivered (d) to deliver



The postal service is the government agency _____(1)____ handles the mail. Its job is _____(2)____ letters and packages to people and businesses all over the world. Its goal is to see that your mail gets to its destination ____(3)___ possible. People ____(4)___ the postal service to deliver important letters and even valuables, ____(5)___ right time and to the right person.

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3. (a) less quickly (b) too quickly (c) so quickly that (d) as quickly as



The postal service is the government agency _____(1)____ handles the mail. Its job is _____(2)____ letters and packages to people and businesses all over the world. Its goal is to see that your mail gets to its destination ____(3)___ possible. People ____(4)____ the postal service to deliver important letters and even valuables, ____(5)____ right time and to the right person.

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4. (a) back out (b) check out (c) come in (d) rely on



The postal service is the government agency _____(1)____ handles the mail. Its job is _____(2)____ letters and packages to people and businesses all over the world. Its goal is to see that your mail gets to its destination ____(3)___ possible. People ____(4)____ the postal service to deliver important letters and even valuables, _____(5)____ right time and to the right person.

4. (a) back out (b) check out (c) come in (d) rely on

The postal service is the government agency _____(1)____ handles the mail. Its job is _____(2)____ letters and packages to people and businesses all over the world. Its goal is to see that your mail gets to its destination ____(3)___ possible. People ____(4)____ the postal service to deliver important letters and even valuables, ____(5)____ right time and to the right person.

5. (a) to (b) for (c) at (d) on



The postal service is the government agency _____(1)____ handles the mail. Its job is _____(2)____ letters and packages to people and businesses all over the world. Its goal is to see that your mail gets to its destination ____(3)___ possible. People ____(4)____ the postal service to deliver important letters and even valuables, ____(5)___ right time and to the right person.

5. (a) to (b) for (c) at (d) on

SSBCra

Tibet ____(1)____ up images of a mystic land. Snow-capped mountain peaks pierce the blue sky and fierce chilly winds sweep the rolling grasslands. Maroon-robed Buddhist monks pray in remote monasteries and _____(2)____ horsemen pound the rugged earth. People in this high plateau perform punishing rituals like prostrating hundreds of miles in tattered clothes on pilgrimage. Spirits, spells and flying apparitions are part of the Tibetan world. In short, Tibet remains an _____(3)____.

1. (a) molds (b) conjures (c) puts (d) toil



SSBCrac

Tibet ____(1)____ up images of a mystic land. Snow-capped mountain peaks pierce the blue sky and fierce chilly winds sweep the rolling grasslands. Maroon-robed Buddhist monks pray in remote monasteries and _____(2)____ horsemen pound the rugged earth. People in this high plateau perform punishing rituals like prostrating hundreds of miles in tattered clothes on pilgrimage. Spirits, spells and flying apparitions are part of the Tibetan world. In short, Tibet remains an _____(3)____.

1. (a) molds (b) conjures (c) puts (d) toil **Ans. (b)**

SSBCra

Tibet ____(1)____ up images of a mystic land. Snow-capped mountain peaks pierce the blue sky and fierce chilly winds sweep the rolling grasslands. Maroon-robed Buddhist monks pray in remote monasteries and _____(2)____ horsemen pound the rugged earth. People in this high plateau perform punishing rituals like prostrating hundreds of miles in tattered clothes on pilgrimage. Spirits, spells and flying apparitions are part of the Tibetan world. In short, Tibet remains an _____(3)____.

2. (a) sturdy (b) wobbly (c) devilish (d) drained


SSBCrac

Tibet ____(1)____ up images of a mystic land. Snow-capped mountain peaks pierce the blue sky and fierce chilly winds sweep the rolling grasslands. Maroon-robed Buddhist monks pray in remote monasteries and _____(2)____ horsemen pound the rugged earth. People in this high plateau perform punishing rituals like prostrating hundreds of miles in tattered clothes on pilgrimage. Spirits, spells and flying apparitions are part of the Tibetan world. In short, Tibet remains an _____(3)____.

2. (a) sturdy (b) wobbly (c) devilish (d) drained **Ans. (a)**

SSBCra

Tibet ____(1)____ up images of a mystic land. Snow-capped mountain peaks pierce the blue sky and fierce chilly winds sweep the rolling grasslands. Maroon-robed Buddhist monks pray in remote monasteries and _____(2)____ horsemen pound the rugged earth. People in this high plateau perform punishing rituals like prostrating hundreds of miles in tattered clothes on pilgrimage. Spirits, spells and flying apparitions are part of the Tibetan world. In short, Tibet remains an _____(3)____.

3. (a) inspiration (b) abhorrent (c) exotica (d) heaven



SSBCrac

Tibet ____(1)____ up images of a mystic land. Snow-capped mountain peaks pierce the blue sky and fierce chilly winds sweep the rolling grasslands. Maroon-robed Buddhist monks pray in remote monasteries and _____(2)____ horsemen pound the rugged earth. People in this high plateau perform punishing rituals like prostrating hundreds of miles in tattered clothes on pilgrimage. Spirits, spells and flying apparitions are part of the Tibetan world. In short, Tibet remains an _____(3)____.

3. (a) inspiration (b) abhorrent (c) exotica (d) heaven Ans. (c)

For the rule of law to be well1...... and enforced, we need to start at the very beginning -- mobilising our local communities. A strong, mobilized, civil society is a necessary condition to hold the State to account. It is not about one seemingly revolutionary protest, even if the well-meaning antagonists of the CAA2...... believe so. When violence and lawlessness spill over into the streets and begin to constrain our work-a-day lives, as it has across India; when the police are routinely challenged by those on the wrong side of the3....; when the police force is overworked and overwhelmed by political subterfuge, our society will be on the brink. As a society, we are currently engaged in a negative-sum game. The rule of law cannot, unlike riots, be engineered. It can only be practiced if we understand that liberty has to be balanced with equality; and pluralism entails a measure of negative liberty.

1. (a) Establish (b) Establishing (c) Established (d) None of these



For the rule of law to be well1...... and enforced, we need to start at the very beginning -- mobilising our local communities. A strong, mobilized, civil society is a necessary condition to hold the State to account. It is not about one seemingly revolutionary protest, even if the well-meaning antagonists of the CAA2...... believe so. When violence and lawlessness spill over into the streets and begin to constrain our work-a-day lives, as it has across India; when the police are routinely challenged by those on the wrong side of the3....; when the police force is overworked and overwhelmed by political subterfuge, our society will be on the brink. As a society, we are currently engaged in a negative-sum game. The rule of law cannot, unlike riots, be engineered. It can only be practiced if we understand that liberty has to be balanced with equality; and pluralism entails a measure of negative liberty.

1. (a) Establish (b) Establishing (c) Established (d) None of these

Ans. (c)

For the rule of law to be well1...... and enforced, we need to start at the very beginning -- mobilising our local communities. A strong, mobilized, civil society is a necessary condition to hold the State to account. It is not about one seemingly revolutionary protest, even if the well-meaning antagonists of the CAA2...... believe so. When violence and lawlessness spill over into the streets and begin to constrain our work-a-day lives, as it has across India; when the police are routinely challenged by those on the wrong side of the3....; when the police force is overworked and overwhelmed by political subterfuge, our society will be on the brink. As a society, we are currently engaged in a negative-sum game. The rule of law cannot, unlike riots, be engineered. It can only be practiced if we understand that liberty has to be balanced with equality; and pluralism entails a measure of negative liberty.

2. (a) genuine (b) genuinely (c) wrong (d) right



For the rule of law to be well1...... and enforced, we need to start at the very beginning -- mobilising our local communities. A strong, mobilized, civil society is a necessary condition to hold the State to account. It is not about one seemingly revolutionary protest, even if the well-meaning antagonists of the CAA2...... believe so. When violence and lawlessness spill over into the streets and begin to constrain our work-a-day lives, as it has across India; when the police are routinely challenged by those on the wrong side of the3....; when the police force is overworked and overwhelmed by political subterfuge, our society will be on the brink. As a society, we are currently engaged in a negative-sum game. The rule of law cannot, unlike riots, be engineered. It can only be practiced if we understand that liberty has to be balanced with equality; and pluralism entails a measure of negative liberty.

2. (a) genuine (b) genuinely (c) wrong (d) right

Ans. (b)

For the rule of law to be well1...... and enforced, we need to start at the very beginning -- mobilising our local communities. A strong, mobilized, civil society is a necessary condition to hold the State to account. It is not about one seemingly revolutionary protest, even if the well-meaning antagonists of the CAA2...... believe so. When violence and lawlessness spill over into the streets and begin to constrain our work-a-day lives, as it has across India; when the police are routinely challenged by those on the wrong side of the3....; when the police force is overworked and overwhelmed by political subterfuge, our society will be on the brink. As a society, we are currently engaged in a negative-sum game. The rule of law cannot, unlike riots, be engineered. It can only be practiced if we understand that liberty has to be balanced with equality; and pluralism entails a measure of negative liberty.

3. (a) face (b) Law (c) Police (d) None of these



For the rule of law to be well1...... and enforced, we need to start at the very beginning -- mobilising our local communities. A strong, mobilized, civil society is a necessary condition to hold the State to account. It is not about one seemingly revolutionary protest, even if the well-meaning antagonists of the CAA2...... believe so. When violence and lawlessness spill over into the streets and begin to constrain our work-a-day lives, as it has across India; when the police are routinely challenged by those on the wrong side of the3....; when the police force is overworked and overwhelmed by political subterfuge, our society will be on the brink. As a society, we are currently engaged in a negative-sum game. The rule of law cannot, unlike riots, be engineered. It can only be practiced if we understand that liberty has to be balanced with equality; and pluralism entails a measure of negative liberty.

3. (a) face (b) Law (c) Police (d) None of these

Ans. (b)

Some scholars, while exploring the forests of America, discovered some buildings that were in ruins. These buildings were ____(1)____ ruined by encroaching forest. They were remnants of a ____(2)____ civilization. The scholars got interested. They excavated more and discovered _____(3)____ their utmost surprise the remains of a flourishing civilization – the Mayas as they named it.

1. (a) reasonably (b) surely (c) apparently (d) perfectly



Some scholars, while exploring the forests of America, discovered some buildings that were in ruins. These buildings were ____(1)____ ruined by encroaching forest. They were remnants of a ____(2)____ civilization. The scholars got interested. They excavated more and discovered _____(3)____ their utmost surprise the remains of a flourishing civilization – the Mayas as they named it.

1. (a) reasonably (b) surely (c) apparently (d) perfectly Ans. (c)

Some scholars, while exploring the forests of America, discovered some buildings that were in ruins. These buildings were _____(1)____ ruined by encroaching forest. They were remnants of a _____(2)____ civilization. The scholars got interested. They excavated more and discovered ______(3)____ their utmost surprise the remains of a flourishing civilization – the Mayas as they named it.

2. (a) great (b) invisible (c) static (d) ordinary



Some scholars, while exploring the forests of America, discovered some buildings that were in ruins. These buildings were ____(1)____ ruined by encroaching forest. They were remnants of a ____(2)____ civilization. The scholars got interested. They excavated more and discovered _____(3)____ their utmost surprise the remains of a flourishing civilization – the Mayas as they named it.

2. (a) great (b) invisible (c) static (d) ordinaryAns. (a)

Some scholars, while exploring the forests of America, discovered some buildings that were in ruins. These buildings were _____(1)_____ ruined by encroaching forest. They were remnants of a _____(2)_____ civilization. The scholars got interested. They excavated more and discovered ______(3)_____ their utmost surprise the remains of a flourishing civilization – the Mayas as they named it.

3. (a) at (b) for (c) by (d) to



Some scholars, while exploring the forests of America, discovered some buildings that were in ruins. These buildings were ____(1)____ ruined by encroaching forest. They were remnants of a ____(2)____ civilization. The scholars got interested. They excavated more and discovered _____(3)____ their utmost surprise the remains of a flourishing civilization – the Mayas as they named it.

3. (a) at (b) for (c) by (d) to Ans. (d)

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In tropical countries, certain crops are grown ____(1)____ the year. These countries have _____(2)____ rainfall for the crops. They also have plenty of sunshine that _____(3)____ the crops. More food than is _____(4)____ can be grown in these places. But there are other countries in the world where it is _____(5)____ to grow crops.

1. (a) Along (b) Over (c) Through out (d) Across



In tropical countries, certain crops are grown ____(1)____ the year. These countries have _____(2)____ rainfall for the crops. They also have plenty of sunshine that _____(3)_____ the crops. More food than is _____(4)____ can be grown in these places. But there are other countries in the world where it is _____(5)____ to grow crops.

1. (a) Along (b) Over (c) Through out (d) Across Ans. (c)

In tropical countries, certain crops are grown ____(1)____ the year. These countries have _____(2)____ rainfall for the crops. They also have plenty of sunshine that _____(3)____ the crops. More food than is _____(4)____ can be grown in these places. But there are other countries in the world where it is _____(5)____ to grow crops.

2. (a) Sufficient (b) Little (c) Plenty (d) Inadequate



In tropical countries, certain crops are grown ____(1)____ the year. These countries have _____(2)____ rainfall for the crops. They also have plenty of sunshine that _____(3)____ the crops. More food than is _____(4)____ can be grown in these places. But there are other countries in the world where it is _____(5)____ to grow crops.

2. (a) Sufficient (b) Little (c) Plenty (d) Inadequate **Ans. (a)**

In tropical countries, certain crops are grown ____(1)____ the year. These countries have _____(2)____ rainfall for the crops. They also have plenty of sunshine that _____(3)____ the crops. More food than is _____(4)____ can be grown in these places. But there are other countries in the world where it is _____(5)____ to grow crops.

3. (a) Opens (b) Gathers (c) Destroys (d) Ripens



In tropical countries, certain crops are grown ____(1)____ the year. These countries have _____(2)____ rainfall for the crops. They also have plenty of sunshine that _____(3)____ the crops. More food than is _____(4)____ can be grown in these places. But there are other countries in the world where it is _____(5)____ to grow crops.

3. (a) Opens (b) Gathers (c) Destroys (d) Ripens **Ans. (d)**

In tropical countries, certain crops are grown ____(1)____ the year. These countries have _____(2)____ rainfall for the crops. They also have plenty of sunshine that _____(3)____ the crops. More food than is _____(4)____ can be grown in these places. But there are other countries in the world where it is _____(5)____ to grow crops.

4. (a) Cooked (b) Required (c) Planted (d) Used



In tropical countries, certain crops are grown ____(1)____ the year. These countries have _____(2)____ rainfall for the crops. They also have plenty of sunshine that _____(3)____ the crops. More food than is _____(4)____ can be grown in these places. But there are other countries in the world where it is _____(5)____ to grow crops.

4. (a) Cooked (b) Required (c) Planted (d) Used Ans. (b)

In tropical countries, certain crops are grown ____(1)____ the year. These countries have _____(2)____ rainfall for the crops. They also have plenty of sunshine that _____(3)____ the crops. More food than is _____(4)____ can be grown in these places. But there are other countries in the world where it is _____(5)____ to grow crops.

5. (a) Difficult (b) Rough (c) Smooth (d) Impossible



In tropical countries, certain crops are grown ____(1)____ the year. These countries have _____(2)____ rainfall for the crops. They also have plenty of sunshine that _____(3)_____ the crops. More food than is _____(4)____ can be grown in these places. But there are other countries in the world where it is _____(5)____ to grow crops.

5. (a) Difficult (b) Rough (c) Smooth (d) Impossible Ans. (a)

Life is an (1) series of challenges and opportunities to be seized. You have to plan for exercising the right career choices and (2) the right opportunities. Planned (3) rather than a hasty decision is (4) as far as your career is concerned. You need to (5) what occupational groups, (6) and type of organisation are suitable for you.

1. (a) enticing (b) exciting (c) encharming (d) enhancing



Life is an (1) series of challenges and opportunities to be seized. You have to plan for exercising the right career choices and (2) the right opportunities. Planned (3) rather than a hasty decision is (4) as far as your career is concerned. You need to (5) what occupational groups, (6) and type of organisation are suitable for you.

1. (a) enticing (b) exciting (c) encharming (d) enhancing

Ans. (b)

Life is an (1) series of challenges and opportunities to be seized. You have to plan for exercising the right career choices and (2) the right opportunities. Planned (3) rather than a hasty decision is (4) as far as your career is concerned. You need to (5) what occupational groups, (6) and type of organisation are suitable for you.

2. (a) catching (b) offsetting (c) grabbing (d) conceiving



Life is an (1) series of challenges and opportunities to be seized. You have to plan for exercising the right career choices and (2) the right opportunities. Planned (3) rather than a hasty decision is (4) as far as your career is concerned. You need to (5) what occupational groups, (6) and type of organisation are suitable for you.

2. (a) catching (b) offsetting (c) grabbing (d) conceiving

Ans. (c)

Life is an (1) series of challenges and opportunities to be seized. You have to plan for exercising the right career choices and (2) the right opportunities. Planned (3) rather than a hasty decision is (4) as far as your career is concerned. You need to (5) what occupational groups, (6) and type of organisation are suitable for you.

3. (a) delay (b) hindrance (c) application (d) execution



Life is an (1) series of challenges and opportunities to be seized. You have to plan for exercising the right career choices and (2) the right opportunities. Planned (3) rather than a hasty decision is (4) as far as your career is concerned. You need to (5) what occupational groups, (6) and type of organisation are suitable for you.

3. (a) delay (b) hindrance (c) application (d) execution

Ans. (d)

Life is an (1) series of challenges and opportunities to be seized. You have to plan for exercising the right career choices and (2) the right opportunities. Planned (3) rather than a hasty decision is (4) as far as your career is concerned. You need to (5) what occupational groups, (6) and type of organisation are suitable for you.

4. (a) desirable (b) deciphered (c) inevitable (d) acceptable



Life is an (1) series of challenges and opportunities to be seized. You have to plan for exercising the right career choices and (2) the right opportunities. Planned (3) rather than a hasty decision is (4) as far as your career is concerned. You need to (5) what occupational groups, (6) and type of organisation are suitable for you.

4. (a) desirable (b) deciphered (c) inevitable (d) acceptable

Ans. (a)

Life is an (1) series of challenges and opportunities to be seized. You have to plan for exercising the right career choices and (2) the right opportunities. Planned (3) rather than a hasty decision is (4) as far as your career is concerned. You need to (5) what occupational groups, (6) and type of organisation are suitable for you.

5. (a) check (b) classify (c) divide (d) analyse



Life is an (1) series of challenges and opportunities to be seized. You have to plan for exercising the right career choices and (2) the right opportunities. Planned (3) rather than a hasty decision is (4) as far as your career is concerned. You need to (5) what occupational groups, (6) and type of organisation are suitable for you.

5. (a) check (b) classify (c) divide (d) analyse

Ans. (d)
Life is an (1) series of challenges and opportunities to be seized. You have to plan for exercising the right career choices and (2) the right opportunities. Planned (3) rather than a hasty decision is (4) as far as your career is concerned. You need to (5) what occupational groups, (6) and type of organisation are suitable for you.

6. (a) specifications (b) limitations (c) qualifications (d) identification



Life is an (1) series of challenges and opportunities to be seized. You have to plan for exercising the right career choices and (2) the right opportunities. Planned (3) rather than a hasty decision is (4) as far as your career is concerned. You need to (5) what occupational groups, (6) and type of organisation are suitable for you.

6. (a) specifications (b) limitations (c) qualifications (d) identification Ans. (a) As home entertainment, television is rapidly becoming more (1) than any other form. A news broadcast becomes more immediate when people (2) actually see the scene (3) question and the movement of the figures. Films could be viewed in the (4) of the home and a variety of shows are also available. One of the advantages of travel programmes is the (5) of faraway places which many viewers would not (6) see.

1. (a) interesting (b) popular (c) powerful (d) purposeful



As home entertainment, television is rapidly becoming more (1) than any other form. A news broadcast becomes more immediate when people (2) actually see the scene (3) question and the movement of the figures. Films could be viewed in the (4) of the home and a variety of shows are also available. One of the advantages of travel programmes is the (5) of faraway places which many viewers would not (6) see.

1. (a) interesting (b) popular (c) powerful (d) purposeful

Ans. (b)

As home entertainment, television is rapidly becoming more (1) than any other form. A news broadcast becomes more immediate when people (2) actually see the scene (3) question and the movement of the figures. Films could be viewed in the (4) of the home and a variety of shows are also available. One of the advantages of travel programmes is the (5) of faraway places which many viewers would not (6) see.

2. (a) could (b) would (c) might (d) shall



As home entertainment, television is rapidly becoming more (1) than any other form. A news broadcast becomes more immediate when people (2) actually see the scene (3) question and the movement of the figures. Films could be viewed in the (4) of the home and a variety of shows are also available. One of the advantages of travel programmes is the (5) of faraway places which many viewers would not (6) see.

2. (a) could (b) would (c) might (d) shall

Ans. (a)

As home entertainment, television is rapidly becoming more (1) than any other form. A news broadcast becomes more immediate when people (2) actually see the scene (3) question and the movement of the figures. Films could be viewed in the (4) of the home and a variety of shows are also available. One of the advantages of travel programmes is the (5) of faraway places which many viewers would not (6) see.

3. (a) of (b) with (c) as (d) in



As home entertainment, television is rapidly becoming more (1) than any other form. A news broadcast becomes more immediate when people (2) actually see the scene (3) question and the movement of the figures. Films could be viewed in the (4) of the home and a variety of shows are also available. One of the advantages of travel programmes is the (5) of faraway places which many viewers would not (6) see.

3. (a) of (b) with (c) as (d) in

Ans. (d)

As home entertainment, television is rapidly becoming more (1) than any other form. A news broadcast becomes more immediate when people (2) actually see the scene (3) question and the movement of the figures. Films could be viewed in the (4) of the home and a variety of shows are also available. One of the advantages of travel programmes is the (5) of faraway places which many viewers would not (6) see.

4. (a) surroundings (b) assistance (c) comfort (d) privilege



As home entertainment, television is rapidly becoming more (1) than any other form. A news broadcast becomes more immediate when people (2) actually see the scene (3) question and the movement of the figures. Films could be viewed in the (4) of the home and a variety of shows are also available. One of the advantages of travel programmes is the (5) of faraway places which many viewers would not (6) see.

4. (a) surroundings (b) assistance (c) comfort (d) privilege

Ans. (c)

As home entertainment, television is rapidly becoming more (1) than any other form. A news broadcast becomes more immediate when people (2) actually see the scene (3) question and the movement of the figures. Films could be viewed in the (4) of the home and a variety of shows are also available. One of the advantages of travel programmes is the (5) of faraway places which many viewers would not (6) see.

5. (a) glimpses (b) image (c) portrait (d) picture



As home entertainment, television is rapidly becoming more (1) than any other form. A news broadcast becomes more immediate when people (2) actually see the scene (3) question and the movement of the figures. Films could be viewed in the (4) of the home and a variety of shows are also available. One of the advantages of travel programmes is the (5) of faraway places which many viewers would not (6) see.

5. (a) glimpses (b) image (c) portrait (d) picture

Ans. (a)

As home entertainment, television is rapidly becoming more (1) than any other form. A news broadcast becomes more immediate when people (2) actually see the scene (3) question and the movement of the figures. Films could be viewed in the (4) of the home and a variety of shows are also available. One of the advantages of travel programmes is the (5) of faraway places which many viewers would not (6) see.

6. (a) possible (b) rather (c) else (d) otherwise



As home entertainment, television is rapidly becoming more (1) than any other form. A news broadcast becomes more immediate when people (2) actually see the scene (3) question and the movement of the figures. Films could be viewed in the (4) of the home and a variety of shows are also available. One of the advantages of travel programmes is the (5) of faraway places which many viewers would not (6) see.

6. (a) possible (b) rather (c) else (d) otherwise

Ans. (d)

Science has made an (1) contribution to the relief of human suffering and humanity (2) a deep (3) of gratitude to scientists whose (4) and sacrifices have led to many (5) discoveries and inventions which have done so much to (6) human pain and misery.

1. (a) excessive (b) enormous (c) intensive (d) active



Science has made an (1) contribution to the relief of human suffering and humanity (2) a deep (3) of gratitude to scientists whose (4) and sacrifices have led to many (5) discoveries and inventions which have done so much to (6) human pain and misery.

1. (a) excessive (b) enormous (c) intensive (d) active

Ans. (b)

Science has made an (1) contribution to the relief of human suffering and humanity (2) a deep (3) of gratitude to scientists whose (4) and sacrifices have led to many (5) discoveries and inventions which have done so much to (6) human pain and misery.

2. (a) feels (b) offers (c) owes (d) acknowledges



Science has made an (1) contribution to the relief of human suffering and humanity (2) a deep (3) of gratitude to scientists whose (4) and sacrifices have led to many (5) discoveries and inventions which have done so much to (6) human pain and misery.

2. (a) feels (b) offers (c) owes (d) acknowledges

Ans. (c)

Science has made an (1) contribution to the relief of human suffering and humanity (2) a deep (3) of gratitude to scientists whose (4) and sacrifices have led to many (5) discoveries and inventions which have done so much to (6) human pain and misery.

3. (a) amount (b) fund (c) loan (d) debt





3. (a) amount (b) fund (c) loan (d) debt

Ans. (d)

Science has made an (1) contribution to the relief of human suffering and humanity (2) a deep (3) of gratitude to scientists whose (4) and sacrifices have led to many (5) discoveries and inventions which have done so much to (6) human pain and misery.

4. (a) labours (b) discoveries (c) achievements (d) successes



Science has made an (1) contribution to the relief of human suffering and humanity (2) a deep (3) of gratitude to scientists whose (4) and sacrifices have led to many (5) discoveries and inventions which have done so much to (6) human pain and misery.

4. (a) labours (b) discoveries (c) achievements (d) successes

Ans. (a)

Science has made an (1) contribution to the relief of human suffering and humanity (2) a deep (3) of gratitude to scientists whose (4) and sacrifices have led to many (5) discoveries and inventions which have done so much to (6) human pain and misery.

5. (a) strange (b) useful (c) advantageous (d) profitable



Science has made an (1) contribution to the relief of human suffering and humanity (2) a deep (3) of gratitude to scientists whose (4) and sacrifices have led to many (5) discoveries and inventions which have done so much to (6) human pain and misery.

5. (a) strange (b) useful (c) advantageous (d) profitable

Ans. (b)

Science has made an (1) contribution to the relief of human suffering and humanity (2) a deep (3) of gratitude to scientists whose (4) and sacrifices have led to many (5) discoveries and inventions which have done so much to (6) human pain and misery.

6. (a) decrease (b) disappears (c) alleviate (d) belittle



Science has made an (1) contribution to the relief of human suffering and humanity (2) a deep (3) of gratitude to scientists whose (4) and sacrifices have led to many (5) discoveries and inventions which have done so much to (6) human pain and misery.

6. (a) decrease (b) disappears (c) alleviate (d) belittle

Ans. (c)

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Those living in the slums are (1) and tough because they are totally (2) to the vagaries and hardships of life. The rising sun (3) the day and the setting sun closes the day for them. It is like a drama where the curtain (4) up in the morning and comes down in the evening. They don't (5) hypertension and heart attacks because there is, after all (6) to worry about.

1. (a) Poor (b) Sick (c) Hardy (d) Weak



SSBCrack

Those living in the slums are (1) and tough because they are totally (2) to the vagaries and hardships of life. The rising sun (3) the day and the setting sun closes the day for them. It is like a drama where the curtain (4) up in the morning and comes down in the evening. They don't (5) hypertension and heart attacks because there is, after all (6) to worry about.

1. (a) Poor (b) Sick (c) Hardy (d) Weak

Ans. (c)

Those living in the slums are (1) and tough because they are totally (2) to the vagaries and hardships of life. The rising sun (3) the day and the setting sun closes the day for them. It is like a drama where the curtain (4) up in the morning and comes down in the evening. They don't (5) hypertension and heart attacks because there is, after all (6) to worry about.

2. (a) Dependent (b) Independent (c) Exposed (d) Tried



SSBCrack

Those living in the slums are (1) and tough because they are totally (2) to the vagaries and hardships of life. The rising sun (3) the day and the setting sun closes the day for them. It is like a drama where the curtain (4) up in the morning and comes down in the evening. They don't (5) hypertension and heart attacks because there is, after all (6) to worry about.

2. (a) Dependent (b) Independent (c) Exposed (d) Tried

Ans. (c)

Those living in the slums are (1) and tough because they are totally (2) to the vagaries and hardships of life. The rising sun (3) the day and the setting sun closes the day for them. It is like a drama where the curtain (4) up in the morning and comes down in the evening. They don't (5) hypertension and heart attacks because there is, after all (6) to worry about.

3. (a) Heralds (b) Herald (c) Bring (d) Brings



SSBCrack

Those living in the slums are (1) and tough because they are totally (2) to the vagaries and hardships of life. The rising sun (3) the day and the setting sun closes the day for them. It is like a drama where the curtain (4) up in the morning and comes down in the evening. They don't (5) hypertension and heart attacks because there is, after all (6) to worry about.

3. (a) Heralds (b) Herald (c) Bring (d) Brings

Ans. (a)

Those living in the slums are (1) and tough because they are totally (2) to the vagaries and hardships of life. The rising sun (3) the day and the setting sun closes the day for them. It is like a drama where the curtain (4) up in the morning and comes down in the evening. They don't (5) hypertension and heart attacks because there is, after all (6) to worry about.

4. (a) Hangs (b) Hand (c) Goes (d) Shines



SSBCrack

Those living in the slums are (1) and tough because they are totally (2) to the vagaries and hardships of life. The rising sun (3) the day and the setting sun closes the day for them. It is like a drama where the curtain (4) up in the morning and comes down in the evening. They don't (5) hypertension and heart attacks because there is, after all (6) to worry about.

4. (a) Hangs (b) Hand (c) Goes (d) Shines

Ans. (c)

Those living in the slums are (1) and tough because they are totally (2) to the vagaries and hardships of life. The rising sun (3) the day and the setting sun closes the day for them. It is like a drama where the curtain (4) up in the morning and comes down in the evening. They don't (5) hypertension and heart attacks because there is, after all (6) to worry about.

5. (a) Know (b) Get (c) Think (d) Have


PASSAGE 14

SSBCrack

Those living in the slums are (1) and tough because they are totally (2) to the vagaries and hardships of life. The rising sun (3) the day and the setting sun closes the day for them. It is like a drama where the curtain (4) up in the morning and comes down in the evening. They don't (5) hypertension and heart attacks because there is, after all (6) to worry about.

5. (a) Know (b) Get (c) Think (d) Have

Ans. (d)

PASSAGE 14

Those living in the slums are (1) and tough because they are totally (2) to the vagaries and hardships of life. The rising sun (3) the day and the setting sun closes the day for them. It is like a drama where the curtain (4) up in the morning and comes down in the evening. They don't (5) hypertension and heart attacks because there is, after all (6) to worry about.

6. (a) Everything (b) Something (c) Somewhere (d) Nothing



PASSAGE 14

SSBCrack

Those living in the slums are (1) and tough because they are totally (2) to the vagaries and hardships of life. The rising sun (3) the day and the setting sun closes the day for them. It is like a drama where the curtain (4) up in the morning and comes down in the evening. They don't (5) hypertension and heart attacks because there is, after all (6) to worry about.

6. (a) Everything (b) Something (c) Somewhere (d) Nothing

Ans. (d)



WORD SUBSTITUTION

DIRECTIONS

Choose the word that best defines the given phrase:

- **Q)** 'Able to use both hands alike'
 - (a) Dexterous
 - (b) Ambidextrous
 - (c) Skillful
 - (d) Expert



Q) 'Able to use both hands alike'

- (a) Dexterous
- (b) Ambidextrous
- (c) Skillful
- (d) Expert
- Ans. (b)

Q) 'A written account of the life of an individual'

- (a) Autobiography
- (b) Epigraph
- (c) Biography
- (d) Novel



Q) 'A written account of the life of an individual'

- (a) Autobiography
- (b) Epigraph
- (c) Biography
- (d) Novel
- Ans. (c)

Q) 'The identification of a disease by its symptoms'

- (a) Prescription
- (b) Prognosis
- (c) Diagnosis
- (d) Biopsy



Q) 'The identification of a disease by its symptoms'

- (a) Prescription
- (b) Prognosis
- (c) Diagnosis
- (d) Biopsy
- Ans. (c)

- **Q)** 'Prolonged inability to sleep'
 - (a) Amnesia
 - (b) Utopia
 - (c) Nausea
 - (d) Insomnia



Q) 'Prolonged inability to sleep'

- (a) Amnesia
- (b) Utopia
- (c) Nausea
- (d) Insomnia
- **Ans. (d)**

Q) 'A style in which a writer makes a display of his knowledge'

(a) Verbose

(b) Pedantic

(c) Ornate

(d) Pompous





- (a) Verbose
- (b) Pedantic
- (c) Ornate
- (d) Pompous
- Ans. (b)

Q) Someone who scientifically studies the birds

- (a) earthologist
- (b) orthopeadic
- (c) orthodontist
- (d) ornithologist



Q) Someone who scientifically studies the birds

- (a) earthologist
- (b) orthopeadic
- (c) orthodontist
- (d) ornithologist
- Ans. (d)

Q) Something which is imagined to be real but actually does not exist

(a) figment

(b) insight

(c) mirage

(d) shadow



Q) Something which is imagined to be real but actually does not exist

(a) figment

(b) insight

(c) mirage

(d) shadow

Ans. (a)

- **Q)** Someone having many skills
 - (a) versatile
 - (b) projectile
 - (c) cyclostyle
 - (d) anglophile



Q) Someone having many skills

- (a) versatile
- (b) projectile
- (c) cyclostyle
- (d) anglophile
- Ans. (a)

Q) To officially take private property away to seize

(a) offer

(b) confiscate

(c) annex

(d) hijack



Q) To officially take private property away to seize

SSBCrack

(a) offer

(b) confiscate

(c) annex

(d) hijack

Ans. (b)

Q) Belief in many gods

- (a) pantheism
- (b) monotheism
- (c) polytheism
- (d) atheism



SSBCrack

Q) Belief in many gods

- (a) pantheism
- (b) monotheism
- (c) polytheism
- (d) atheism
- Ans. (c)

Q) Enclosed in a small closed space.

(a) closophobia

(b) clusterophobia

(c) claustrophobia

(d) liftophobia



Q) Enclosed in a small closed space.

- (a) closophobia
- (b) clusterophobia
- (c) claustrophobia
- (d) liftophobia
- Ans. (c)

Q) A political leader appealing to popular desires and prejudices

(a) dictator

(b) tyrant

(c) popularist

(d) demagogue



Q) A political leader appealing to popular desires and prejudices

- (a) dictator
- (b) tyrant
- (c) popularist
- (d) demagogue
- Ans. (d)

Q) Science regarding principles of classification.

- (a) taxidermy
- (b) taxonomy
- (c) toxicology
- (d) classicology



Q) Science regarding principles of classification.

- (a) taxidermy
- (b) taxonomy
- (c) toxicology
- (d) classicology
- Ans. (b)

Q) Not allowing the passage of light.

(a) oblique

(b) opaque

(c) optique

(d) opulent



Q) Not allowing the passage of light.

SSBCrack

(a) oblique

(b) opaque

(c) optique

(d) opulent

Ans. (b)

Q) Operation of the body after death.

(a) post-mortem

(b) obituary

(c) homage

(d) mortuary



Q) Operation of the body after death.

SSBCrack

(a) post-mortem

(b) obituary

(c) homage

(d) mortuary

Ans. (a)

Q) A group of three powerful people.

(a) trio

(b) tritium

(c) trivet

(d) triumvirate



Q) A group of three powerful people.

SSBCrack

(a) trio

(b) tritium

(c) trivet

(d) triumvirate

Ans. (a)
Q) An apartment building in which each apartment is owned separately by the people living in it, but also containing shared areas.

(a) condominium

(b) multiplex

(c) duplex

(d) caravan



Q) An apartment building in which each apartment is owned separately by the people living in it, but also containing shared areas.

(a) condominium

(b) multiplex

(c) duplex

(d) caravan

Ans. (a)

Q) A place where birds are kept

(a) Aviary

(b) House

(c) Aquarium

(d) Apiary





Q) A place where birds are kept

SSBCrack

(a) Aviary

(b) House

(c) Aquarium

(d) Apiary

Ans. (a)

Q) Murder of a king

(a) homicide

(b) fratricide

(c) regicide

(d) parricide



SSBCrack

Q) Murder of a king

(a) homicide

(b) fratricide

(c) regicide

(d) parricide

Ans. (c)

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Q) That which is no longer fashionable or in use

(a) unused

(b) ancient

(c) obsolete

(d) old



Q) That which is no longer fashionable or in use

- (a) unused
- (b) ancient
- (c) obsolete
- (d) old
- Ans. (c)



- (a) museum
- (b) library
- (c) emporium
- (d) archive



Q) The depository where state records and documents are preserved

(a) museum

(b) library

(c) emporium

(d) archive

Ans. (d)

Q) Governed by a sense of duty

(a) conscious

(b) sensible

(c) intelligent

(d) conscientious



Q) Governed by a sense of duty

SSBCrack

(a) conscious

(b) sensible

(c) intelligent

(d) conscientious

Ans. (d)

Q) Incapable of making errors

(a) infallible

(b) incorrigible

(c) impervious

(d) inexplicable



Q) Incapable of making errors

- (a) infallible
- (b) incorrigible
- (c) impervious
- (d) inexplicable
- Ans. (a)

Q) That which has a double meaning

(a) doubtless

(b) uncertain

(c) controversial

(d) ambiguous



Q) That which has a double meaning

SSBCrack

(a) doubtless

(b) uncertain

(c) controversial

(d) ambiguous

Ans. (d)

Q) One who runs away from justice or the law.

(a) Fugitive

(b) Thief

(c) Criminal

(d) Smuggler



Q) One who runs away from justice or the law.

- (a) Fugitive
- (b) Thief
- (c) Criminal
- (d) Smuggler
- Ans. (a)

Q) Of one's own free will

(a) obligatory

(b) mandatory

(c) voluntary

(d) compulsory



Q) Of one's own free will

(a) obligatory

(b) mandatory

(c) voluntary

(d) compulsory

Ans. (c)

Q) Not suitable for eating

(a) Tasteless

(b) Palatable

(c) Inedible

(d) Spicy





Q) Not suitable for eating

(a) Tasteless

(b) Palatable

(c) Inedible

(d) Spicy

Ans. (c)

Q) A person who enters without any invitation.

(a) Burglar

(b) Intruder

(c) Thief

(d) Vandal



Q) A person who enters without any invitation.

SSBCrack

(a) Burglar

(b) Intruder

(c) Thief

(d) Vandal

Ans. (b)

Q) A process involving too much official formality.

- (a) Diplomacy
- (b) Bureaucracy
- (c) Red-tapism
- (d) Nepotism



Q) A process involving too much official formality.

- (a) Diplomacy
- (b) Bureaucracy
- (c) Red-tapism
- (d) Nepotism
- Ans. (c)

Q) Medical Study of skin and its diseases.

(a) Dermatology

(b) Endocrinology

(c) Gynaecology

(d) Orthopaedics



Q) Medical Study of skin and its diseases.

SSBCrack

(a) Dermatology

(b) Endocrinology

(c) Gynaecology

(d) Orthopaedics

Ans. (a)

Q) A story in which animals or objects speak and give wholesome moral lesson.

SSBCrack

(a) Fable

(b) Parable

(c) Allegory

(d) Legend



Q) A story in which animals or objects speak and give wholesome moral lesson.

SSBCrack

(a) Fable

(b) Parable

(c) Allegory

(d) Legend

Ans. (a)

Q) Act of injuring another's reputation by any slanderous communication.

SSBCrack

(a) Orchestration

(b) Aberration

(c) Misrepresentation

(d) Defamation



Q) Act of injuring another's reputation by any slanderous communication.

SSBCrack

(a) Orchestration

(b) Aberration

(c) Misrepresentation

(d) Defamation

Ans. (d)

Q) A recurrent Compulsive urge to steal.

(a) Pneumonia

(b) Insomnia

(c) Nymphomania

(d) Kleptomania



Q) A recurrent Compulsive urge to steal.

- (a) Pneumonia
- (b) Insomnia
- (c) Nymphomania
- (d) Kleptomania
- Ans. (d)

Q) One who helps people by giving them money or other aid

- (a) benefactor
- (b) beneficiary
- (c) tycoon
- (d) patriot


Q) One who helps people by giving them money or other aid

- (a) benefactor
- (b) beneficiary
- (c) tycoon
- (d) patriot
- Ans. (a)

Q) The group, especially in the arts, regarded as being the most experimental

SSBCrack

(a) avant-garde

(b) iconoclast

(c) revolutionary

(d) nerd



Q) The group, especially in the arts, regarded as being the most experimental

SSBCrack

(a) avant-garde

(b) iconoclast

(c) revolutionary

(d) nerd

Ans. (a)

Q) A method of boiling briefly to cook food slightly

(a) steam

(b) bake

(c) sauté

(d) parboil



Q) A method of boiling briefly to cook food slightly

(a) steam

(b) bake

(c) sauté

(d) parboil

Ans. (d)

Q) A highly skilled musician

(a) artiste

(b) virtuoso

(c) performer

(d) diva





Q) A highly skilled musician

(a) artiste

(b) virtuoso

(c) performer

(d) diva

Ans. (b)

Q) A person who believes that only selfishness motivates human actions

SSBCrack

(a) agnostic

(b) cynic

(c) sceptic

(d) misogynist





- (a) agnostic
- (b) cynic
- (c) sceptic
- (d) misogynist
- Ans. (b)

Q) A cluster of flowers on a branch

(a) bouquet

(b) inflorescence

(c) wreath

(d) incandescence



Q) A cluster of flowers on a branch

SSBCrack

(a) bouquet

(b) inflorescence

(c) wreath

(d) incandescence

Ans. (b)

Q) Action that is likely to make people very angry

- (a) Inflationary
- (b) Inflammable
- (c) Commensurable
- (d) Inflammatory



Q) Action that is likely to make people very angry

- (a) Inflationary
- (b) Inflammable
- (c) Commensurable
- (d) Inflammatory
- Ans. (d)

Q) One who will do any job for anyone for money

(a) Mercenary

(b) Recruit

(c) Hoodlum

(d) Merchant



Q) One who will do any job for anyone for money

- (a) Mercenary
- (b) Recruit
- (c) Hoodlum
- (d) Merchant
- Ans. (a)

Q) Speech delivered without preparation

(a) Rhetoric

(b) Oration

(c) Extempore

(d) Maiden speech



Q) Speech delivered without preparation

SSBCrack

(a) Rhetoric

(b) Oration

(c) Extempore

(d) Maiden speech

Ans. (c)

Q) A person's peculiar habit

(a) Trait

(b) Idiosyncracy

(c) Idiolect

(d) Talent



Q) A person's peculiar habit

SSBCrack

(a) Trait

(b) Idiosyncracy

(c) Idiolect

(d) Talent

Ans. (b)

Q) A room where dead bodies are kept until burial

(a) Grave

(b) Cemetery

(c) Mortuary

(d) Pyre



Q) A room where dead bodies are kept until burial

- (a) Grave
- (b) Cemetery
- (c) Mortuary
- (d) Pyre
- Ans. (c)

AFCAT 2 2022 – English Part 3

Q) One who tends to patronize, rebuff or ignore people regarded as social inferiors and imitate, admire people regarded as social superiors

(a) Snob

(b) Fob

(c) Dandy

(d) Freak



Q) One who tends to patronize, rebuff or ignore people regarded as social inferiors and imitate, admire people regarded as social superiors

(a) Snob

(b) Fob

(c) Dandy

(d) Freak

Ans. (a)

Q) The ceremony of crowning a sovereign

- (a) Felicitation
- (b) Promotion
- (c) Coronation
- (d) Installation



Q) The ceremony of crowning a sovereign

- (a) Felicitation
- (b) Promotion
- (c) Coronation
- (d) Installation
- Ans. (c)

Q) Words inscribed on the tomb

(a) Epigraph

(b) Epigram

(c) Epitaph

(d) Elegy



Q) Words inscribed on the tomb

SSBCrack

(a) Epigraph

(b) Epigram

(c) Epitaph

(d) Elegy

Ans. (c)

Q) A man with abnormal habits

(a) Eccentric

(b) Frantic

(c) Idiotic

(d) Sulky



Q) A man with abnormal habits

- (a) Eccentric
- (b) Frantic
- (c) Idiotic
- (d) Sulky
- Ans. (a)

Q) An abattoir is _____.

(a) a place where animals are slaughtered

(b) a place where abbots stay

(c) a title of respect given to a priest or abbot

(d) a place where animals are worshipped



Q) An abattoir is _____.

(a) a place where animals are slaughtered

SSBCr

(b) a place where abbots stay

(c) a title of respect given to a priest or abbot

(d) a place where animals are worshipped

Ans. (a)

- **Q)** A study of ancient things.
 - (a) Physiology
 - (b) Archaeology
 - (c) Ethnology
 - (d) Zoology



Q) A study of ancient things.

- (a) Physiology
- (b) Archaeology
- (c) Ethnology
- (d) Zoology
- Ans. (b)

Q) One who has long experience

(a) expert

(b) novice

(c) practitioner

(d) veteran



Q) One who has long experience

SSBCrack

(a) expert

(b) novice

(c) practitioner

(d) veteran

Ans. (d)

Q) A person who deserves all praise

- (a) despicable
- (b) detestable
- (c) laudable
- (d) lovable



Q) A person who deserves all praise

- (a) despicable
- (b) detestable
- (c) laudable
- (d) lovable
- Ans. (c)

Q) One who is too careless to plan for the future.

(a) impotent

(b) improvident

(c) impractical

(d) imprudent



Q) One who is too careless to plan for the future.

SSBCrack

(a) impotent

(b) improvident

(c) impractical

(d) imprudent

Ans. (b)

Q) One who is skillful.

(a) disciplined

(b) different

(c) diligent

(d) dexterous



Q) One who is skillful.

(a) disciplined

(b) different

(c) diligent

(d) dexterous

Ans. (d)

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	DATE	TIME	SUBJECT
	17 AUG 2022	10 AM TO 1 PM	General Awarness Part 1
	17 AUG 2022	2 PM TO 5 PM	English Part 1
	17 AUG 2022	6 PM TO 9 PM	Static GK Part 1
/	18 AUG 2022	10 AM TO 1 PM	General Awarness Part 2
	18 AUG 2022	2 PM TO 5 PM	English Part 2
	18 AUG 2022	6 PM TO 9 PM	Static GK Part 2
	19 AUG 2022	10 AM to 1 PM	Current Affairs
U	19 AUG 2022	2 PM TO 5 PM	English Part 3
\backslash	19 AUG 2022	6 PM TO 9 PM	Defence Current Affairs
	20 AUG 2022	10 AM TO 1 PM	Numerical Ability Part 1
	20 AUG 2022	2 PM TO 5 PM	Reasoning Part 1
/	20 AUG 2022	6 PM TO 9 PM	General Sciences
6	22 AUG 2022	10 AM TO 1 PM	Numerical Ability Part 2
	22 AUG 2022	2 PM TO 5 PM	Reasoning Part 2
/	23 AUG 2022	10 AM to 1 PM	Numerical Ability Part 3
	23 AUG 2022	2 PM TO 5 PM	Reasoning Part 3
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