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What Is The 'Pandemic Treaty' How WHO Could Fight Future Pandemics

Why In The News?

- The 76th World Health Assembly Is Being Held In Geneva, Switzerland, On 21 30 May 2023. The Theme Of This Year's Health Assembly Is WHO At 75: Saving Lives, Driving Health For All.
- The Head Of The World Health Organisation (WHO), Tedros Adhanom
 Ghebreyesus, Issued A Warning That The World Must Get Ready For The Next
 Pandemic, Which Might Be "Even Deadlier" Than The COVID-19 Pandemic, At A
 Time When COVID Cases Are Somewhat Stabilizing Around The World.



Key Take Aways From The 76th World Health Assembly:

 Negotiations On New Rules For Dealing With Pandemics Are Underway At The World Health Organization (WHO), With A Target Date Of May 2024 For A Legally Binding Agreement To Be Adopted By The U.N. Health Agency's 194 Member Countries.

- A New Pact Is A Priority For WHO Chief Tedros Adhanom Ghebreyesus Who Called It A "Generational Commitment That We Will Not Go Back To The Old Cycle Of Panic And Neglect" At The U.N. Agency's Annual Assembly.
- It Seeks To Shore Up The **World's Defenses Against New Pathogens** Following The Covid-19 Pandemic That Has Killed Nearly 7 Million People.

What Is The Pandemic Treaty?

- The WHO Already Has Binding Rules Known As The International Health Regulations, Which In 2005 Set Out Countries' Obligations Where Public Health Events Have The Potential To Cross Borders. These Include Advising The WHO Immediately Of A Health Emergency And Measures On Trade And Travel.
- Adopted After The 2002-2003 SARs Outbreak, These Regulations Are Still
 Considered Appropriate For Regional Epidemics, Such As Ebola But Inadequate
 For A Global Pandemic. These Regulations Are Also Being Reviewed In The Wake
 Of COVID-19.
- For The New More Wide-Reaching Pandemic Accord, Member States Have
 Agreed That It Should Be Legally Binding For Those Who Sign Up, Overcoming
 Early Reservations From The United States.
- It Would Be Only The Second Such Health Accord After The 2003 Framework
 Convention On Tobacco Control, A Treaty Which Aims To Reduce Smoking Via
 Taxation And Rules On Labelling And Advertising.
- However, The Proposed Treaty Has Come Under Fire On Social Media, Mostly
 From Right-wing Critics Warning It Could Lead To Countries Ceding Authority To
 The WHO. The Body Strongly Refutes This, Stressing That Governments Are
 Leading The Negotiations And Are Free To Reject The Accord.



How Do Countries View The Pact?

- The European Union, Which Proposed The Accord, Is Seen As Its Biggest Backer.
 Developing Countries, Especially In Africa, Are Keen To Use The Negotiations To
 Secure Better Access To Vaccines, Following Allegations Of "Vaccine Apartheid"
 From The WHO's Director-General Tedros.
- After 5 Rounds Of Formal Negotiations, The Latest 208-page Draft Of The Treaty Still Includes Thousands Of Brackets, Which Mark Areas Of Disagreement Or Undecided Language, Including Over The Definition Of The Word "Pandemic".
 With So Many Countries Involved, Securing an Agreement May Be Tricky.



How Would It Work?

- It Is Not Yet Clear How The 2005 Regulations And The New Pandemic Accord Might Fit Together.
- One Suggestion Is That **They Should Be Complementary** So That **Existing Rules Apply To Local Outbreaks** With The **New Rules Kicking In If The WHO Declares A Pandemic.**

What Other Reforms Are In The Works?

- It Is Also Not Yet Clear What Happens If The Measures Are Not Followed. A Cochair Of The Talks Said It Would Be Preferable To Have A Peer-review Process,
 Rather Than Sanction Non-compliant States.
- Separate Talks On Reforming The 2005 Rules Are Taking Place, With Countries Proposing Some 300 Amendments. Washington's Initial Proposals Aimed To Boost Transparency And Grant The WHO Quicker Access To Outbreak Sites.

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China Did Allow Who-Led Expert Teams To Visit The Covid-19 Epicenter In
Wuhan, But The WHO Says Beijing Is Still Withholding Clinical Data From Early
Cases That May Hold Clues About The Origins Of The Sars-cov-2 Virus.





What Is The 'Pandemic Treaty' How WHO Could Fight Future Pandemics

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