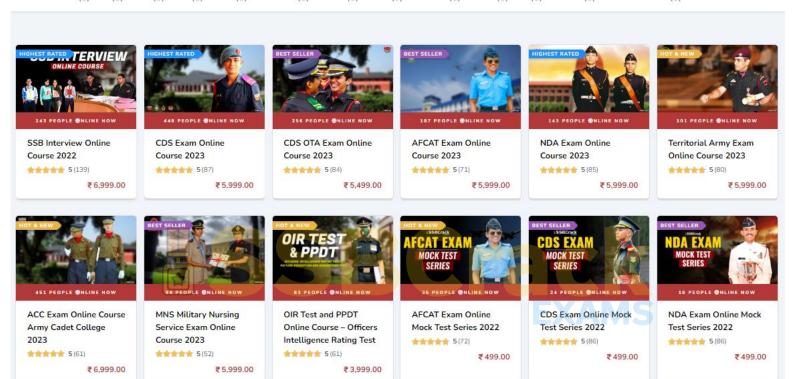


Courses

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- If $z\overline{z} = |z + \overline{z}|$, where z = x + iy, $i = \sqrt{-1}$, then the locus of z is a pair of:
 - (a) straight lines
 - (b) rectangular hyperbolas
 - (c) parabolas
 - (d) circles
- 2. If 1! + 3! + 5! + 7! + ... + 199! is divided by 24, what is the remainder?
 - (a) 3
 - (b) 6
 - (c) 7
 - (d) 9
- 3. What is the value of $\sqrt{12+5i} + \sqrt{12-5i}$, where $i = \sqrt{-1}$?
 - (8) 24
 - (b) 25
 - (c) $5\sqrt{2}$
 - (d) $5(\sqrt{2}-1)$
- 4. If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$, then what is the value of

det(I + AA'), where I is the 3×3 identity matrix?

- (a) 15
- (b) 6
- (e) 0
- (d) -1

- 5. If A, B and C are square matrices of order 3 and det(BC) = 2 det(A), then what is the value of $det(2A^{-1}BC)$?
 - (a) 16
 - (b) 8
 - (c) 4
 - (d) 2
- 6. If the nth term of a sequence is $\frac{2n+5}{7}$, then what is the sum of its first 140 terms?

(a) 2840

- (b) 2780
- (c) 2920
- (d) 5700
- 7. Let A be a skew-symmetric matrix of order 3. What is the value of $\det(4A^4) \det(3A^3) + \det(2A^2) \det(A) + \det(-I)$ where I is the identity matrix of order 3?
- (a) -1
 - (b) 0
 - (c) 1
 - (d) 2

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If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & 4 \\ -3 & 0 & 5 \\ -4 & -5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
, then which one of the

following statements is correct?

- (a) A^2 is symmetric matrix with $det(A^2) = 0$.
- (b) A^2 is symmetric matrix with $det(A^2) \neq 0$.
- A² is skew-symmetric matrix with $det(A^2) = 0$.
- (d) A^2 is skew-symmetric matrix with $det(A^2) \neq 0$.

If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
, then which of the following

statements are correct?

- 1. An will always be singular for any positive integer n.
- 2. An will always be a diagonal matrix for any positive integer n.
- 3. An will always be a symmetric matrix for any positive integer n.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

(a) 1 and 2 only

- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 10. If (a + b), 2b, (b + c) are in HP, then which one of the following is correct?

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- (a) a, b and c are in AP
- (b) a-b, b-c and c-a are in AP
- (c) a, b and c are in GP
- (d) a-b, b-c and c-a are in GP

- 11. Let t_1 , t_2 , t_3 ... be in GP. What is $(t_1t_3 ... t_{21})^{11}$ equal to?
 - (a) t₁₀
 - (b) t_{10}^2
 - (c) t₁₁
 - (d) t_{11}^2
- 12. Which one of the following is a square root of $-\sqrt{-1}$?
 - (a) 1 + i
 - (b) $\frac{1-i}{\sqrt{2}}$
 - (c) $\frac{1+i}{\sqrt{2}}$
 - (d) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}i$
- 13. What is the maximum number of points of intersection of 10 circles?
 - (a) 45
 - gb) 60
 - (c) 90
 - (d) 120
- 14. A set S contains (2n + 1) elements. There are 4096 subsets of S which contain at most n elements. What is n equal to?
 - (a) 5
 - (b) 6
 - (c) 7
 - (d) 8

If
$$\begin{vmatrix} x^2 + 3x & x - 1 & x + 3 \\ x + 1 & -2x & x - 4 \\ x - 3 & x + 4 & 3x \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= ax^4 + bx^3 + cx^2 + dx + e$$

then what is the value of e?

- (a) -1
- (b) 0
- (c) 1
- (d) 2
- If all elements of a third order determinant are equal to 1 or -1, then the value of the determinant is:
 - (a) 0 only
 - (b) an even number but not necessarily 0
 - (c) an odd number
 - (d) 0, 1 or -1

If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 3 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
, then what is the value 20.

of det[adj(adjA)]?

- (a) 5
- (b) 25
- (c) 125
- (d) 625

- 18. If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, then what is
 - $23A^3 19A^2 4A$ equal to?
 - (a) Null matrix of order 3
 - (b) Identity matrix of order 3

 - $\text{(d)} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 7 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$
- 19. The value of the determinant of a matrix A of order 3 is 3. If C is the matrix of cofactors of the matrix A, then what is the value of determinant of C²?
 - (a) 3
 - (b) 9
 - (c) 81 01 61 U
 - (d) 729
- 20. If $A_k = \begin{bmatrix} k-1 & k \\ k-2 & k+1 \end{bmatrix}$, then what is $\det(A_1) + \det(A_2) + \det(A_3) + ... + \det(A_{100})$ equal to ?
 - (a) 100
 - (b) 1000
 - AG 9900
 - (d) 10000

The Cartesian product $A \times A$ has 16 elements among which are (0, 2) and (1, 3). Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- 1. It is possible to determine set A.
- 2. A × A contains the element (3, 2).

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

Let A = $\{1, 2, 3, ..., 20\}$. Define a relation R from A to A by R = $\{(x, y) : 4x - 3y = 1\}$, where $x, y \in A$. Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- 1. The domain of R is {1, 4, 7, 10, 13, 16}.
- 2. The range of R is {1, 5, 9, 13, 17}.
- 3. The range of R is equal to codomain of R.

 Select the correct answer using the code given below:
- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 1 and 2
- (d) 2 and 3

- 23. Consider the following statements:
 - 1. The relation f defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^3, & 0 \le x \le 2 \\ 4x, & 2 \le x \le 8 \end{cases}$$
 is a function.

2. The relation g defined by

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} x^2, & 0 \le x \le 4 \\ 3x, & 4 \le x \le 8 \end{cases}$$
 is a function.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

24. Consider the following statements:

- 1. $A = (A \cup B) \cup (A B)$
- 2. $A \cup (B A) = (A \cup B)$
- 3. $B = (A \cup B) (A B)$

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

where $f(y) \neq 0$. If f(1) = 0.5, then what is

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- f(2) + f(3) + f(4) + f(5) + f(6) equal to?
- (a)
- 17 (b)

- 6. What is $2 \cot \left(\frac{1}{2} \cos^{-1} \frac{\sqrt{5}}{3}\right)$ equal to ?
 - (a) -1
 - (b) 1
 - (c) $3 + \sqrt{5}$
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- 27. If $\sec^{-1} p \csc^{-1} q = 0$, where p > 0, q > 0; then what is the value of $p^{-2} + q^{-2}$?

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- $\mathbf{u}_{\mathbf{x}} = \mathbf{u}_{\mathbf{x}}^{\mathbf{x}} \mathbf{v} = \frac{1}{8} \cdot (\mathbf{c} + 0) \quad (1 \mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{x}} \mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{x}} \mathbf{v} + \mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{x}} \mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{x}} \mathbf{v})$
- (b)
- (c)

- function satisfies $f(x-y) = \frac{f(x)}{f(y)}$, 28. What is $1 + \sin^2\left(\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{\sqrt{17}}\right)\right)$ equal to?
 - (a) 25 17 Philip (8 = 5(x) Philip (1) Philip
 - (b) $\frac{8}{17}$ can be jet without at marks
 - (c)
 - (d)
 - If $\tan (\pi \cos \theta) = \cot (\pi \sin \theta)$, $0 < \theta < \frac{\pi}{2}$; then 29. स्ता योगमत what is the value of $8 \sin^2 \left(\theta + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$?
 - (a) 16
 - (b)
 - (c)
 - (d)
 - If $\tan \alpha = \frac{1}{7}$, $\sin \beta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$; $0 < \alpha$, $\beta < \frac{\pi}{2}$, 30. then what is the value of $\cos (\alpha + 2\beta)$?

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- (c)
- (d)

Consider the following for the next two (02) 34. items that follow:

Consider the equation $(1 - x)^4 + (5 - x)^4 = 82$.

- 31. What is the number of real roots of the equation?
 - (a) 0
 - (b) 2
 - (e) 4
 - (d) 8
- 32. What is the sum of all the roots of the equation?
 - (a) 24
 - (b) 12
 - (c) 10
 - (d) 6

Consider the following for the next three (03) items that follow:

Consider equation-I: $z^3 + 2z^2 + 2z + 1 = 0$ and equation-II: $z^{1985} + z^{100} + 1 = 0$.

- 33. What are the roots of equation-I?
 - (a) $1, \omega, \omega^2$
 - (b) $-1, \omega, \omega^2$
 - (e) $1, -\omega, \omega^2$

$$(\omega) = 1, -\omega, -\omega^2$$

- 34. Which one of the following is a root of equation-II?
 - (a) -1
 - (b) $-\omega$
 - (c) $-\omega^2$
 - (d) w
- 35. What is the number of common roots of equation-I and equation-II?
 - (d) 0
 - (b) 1
 - (c) 2
 - (d) 3

Consider the following for the next two (02) items that follow:

A quadratic equation is given by $(a + b) x^2 - (a + b + c) x + k = 0$, where a, b, c are real.

- 36. If $k = \frac{c}{2}$, $(c \neq 0)$, then the roots of the equation are:
 - (a) Real and equal
 - (b) Real and unequal
 - (c) Real iff a > c
 - (d) Complex but not real

If k = c, then the roots of the equation are:

- $\frac{a+c}{a+b}$ and $\frac{b}{a+b}$
- (b) $\frac{a+c}{a+b}$ and $-\frac{b}{a+b}$
- (c) 1 and $\frac{c}{a+b}$
- (d) -1 and $-\frac{c}{a+b}$

usider the following for the next three (03) ns that follow:

$$(1+x)^n = 1 + T_1x + T_2x^2 + T_3x^3 + ... + T_nx^n$$

What is $T_1 + 2T_2 + 3T_3 + ... + nT_n$ equal to?

- (a) 0
- (b) 1
- (c)
- n2n-1 to the contract of the

equal to?

- (a)
- (b) -2^{n-1}
- (c) $n2^{n-1}$
- (d) 1

What is $T_1 + T_2 + T_3 + ... + T_n$ equal to?

- (a) 2n
- $2^{n} 1$
- 2n-1
- (d) $2^n + 1$

TK-S-MTH

Consider the following for the next two (02) items that follow:

Let $f(x) = x^2 - 1$ and $gof(x) = x - \sqrt{x} + 1$.

Which one of the following is a possible 41. expression for g(x)?

$$\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt[4]{x+1}$$

- $\sqrt{x+1} \sqrt[4]{x+1} + 1$
- $x + 1 \sqrt{x+1} + 1$ (d)

What is g(15) equal to?

- (a)
- (c)
- (d)

What is $1 - T_1 + 2T_2 - 3T_3 + ... + (-1)^n nT_n$ Consider the following for the next two (02) items that follow:

> Let a function f be defined on $\mathbb{R} - \{0\}$ and $2f(x) + f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = x + 3.$

43. What is f(0.5) equal to?

- (a)
- (b)
- (c) 1
- (d)

If f is differentiable, then what is f'(0.5) equal to?

- (a) $\frac{1}{4}$
- (b) $\frac{2}{3}$
- (c) 2
- (d) 4

nsider the following for the next two (02)

unction is defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{vmatrix} x+1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & x+4 & 6 \\ 3 & 6 & x+9 \end{vmatrix}$$

The function is decreasing on:

- (a) $\left[-\frac{28}{3},0\right]$
- (b) $\left[0, \frac{28}{3}\right]$
- (c) $\left[0, \frac{50}{3}\right]$
- (d) $\left[0, \frac{56}{3}\right]$

The function attains local minimum value at:

- (a) $x = -\frac{28}{3}$
- $^{(b)} \quad x = -1$
- (e) x = 0
- (d) $x = \frac{28}{3}$

Consider the following for the next two (02) items that follow:

Given that $4x^2 + y^2 = 9$.

47. What is the maximum value of y?

- (a) $\frac{3}{2}$
- Ab) 3
- (c) 4
- (d) 6

48. What is the maximum value of xy?

- (a) $\frac{9}{4}$
- (b) $\frac{3}{2}$
- (c) $\frac{4}{9}$
- (d) $\frac{2}{3}$



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Consider the following for the next two (02) items that follow:

A function is defined by $f(x) = \pi + \sin^2 x$.

49. What is the range of the function?

- (a) [0, 1]
- (b) $[\pi, \pi + 1]$
- (c) $[\pi-1, \pi+1]$
- (d) $[\pi-1,\pi-1]$

50. What is the period of the function?

- (a) 2π
- (b) π
- (c) $\frac{\pi}{2}$
- (d) The function is non-periodic

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onsider the following for the next two (02) ems that follow:

parabola passes through (1, 2) and satisfies the ifferential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2y}{x}$, x > 0, y > 0.

What is the directrix of the parabola?

(a)
$$y = -\frac{1}{8}$$

(b)
$$y = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$(x) = -\frac{1}{8}$$

(d)
$$x = \frac{1}{8}$$

- What is the length of latus rectum of the parabola?
 - 1 (a)
 - (b)
 - (c)
 - (d)

Consider the following for the next two (02) items that follow:

Let
$$f(x) = \frac{a^{x-1} + b^{x-1}}{2}$$
 and $g(x) = x - 1$.

- 53. What is $\lim_{x\to 1} \frac{f(x)-1}{g(x)}$ equal to?
 - (a)
 - (b)
 - (c) In (ab)
 - (d) 2 ln (ab)

- The state of the s What is $\lim_{x\to 1} f(x)^{\overline{g(x)}}$ equal to? 54.
 - √ab (a)
 - (b) ab
 - (c) ·
 - (d)

Consider the following for the next two (02) items that follow:

Let
$$f(x) = \sqrt{2-x} + \sqrt{2+x}$$
.

- What is the domain of the function? **55.**
 - (a) (-2, 2)
 - [-2, 2](b)
 - (c) R - (-2, 2)
 - (d) R [-2, 2]
- What is the greatest value of the function? 56.
 - $\sqrt{3}$ (a)
 - $\sqrt{6}$ (b)
 - √8 (c)
 - (d)

Consider the following for the next two (02) items that follow:

Let f(x) = |x| and g(x) = [x] - 1, where [.] is the greatest integer function.

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Let
$$h(x) = \frac{f(g(x))}{g(f(x))}$$
.

- What is $\lim_{x\to 0+} h(x)$ equal to? 57.

 - -1
 - 0
 - (d) 1

JO 0

(d) 2

Consider the following for the next two (02) items that follow:

THE PART OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY.

Let
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x-3}{|x-3|} + a; & x < 3 \end{cases}$$
 where $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x-3}{|x-3|} + a; & x > 3 \end{cases}$ and $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x-3}{|x-3|} + b; & x > 3 \end{cases}$

f(x) be continuous at x = 3.

59. What is the value of a?

- (a) -1
- (b)
- (c)
- (d) 3

60. What is the value of b?

- (a) -1
- (b) 1
- (c) 2
- (g) 3

DFTK-S-MTH

Consider the following for the next two (02) items that follow:

Let
$$I = \int_{-2\pi}^{2\pi} \frac{\sin^4 x + \cos^4 x}{1 + 3^x} dx$$

61. What is $\int_{0}^{\pi} (\sin^{4}x + \cos^{4}x) dx$ equal to?

- (a) $\frac{3\pi}{8}$
- (b) $\frac{3\pi}{4}$
- (c) $\frac{3\pi}{2}$
- (d) 3π

62. What is I equal to?

(a) 0

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

- (c) $\frac{3\pi}{2}$
- (d) 3π

Consider the following for the next two (02) items that follow:

Let
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} ax (x + 1) + b, & x < 1 \\ x - 1, & 1 \le x \le 2 \end{cases}$$

63. If the function f(x) is differentiable at x = 1, then what is the value of (a + b)?

- (a) $-\frac{1}{3}$
- (b) -1
- (e) 0
- (d)

What is $\lim_{x\to 0} f(x)$ equal to?

- (a) $-\frac{1}{3}$
- $\frac{2}{3}$
- (c) 0
- (d) 1
- 5. If f(x) = |ln|x| where 0 < x < 1, then what is f'(0.5) equal to?
 - (a) -2 (20) m
 - (b) -1
 - (c) 0
 - (d) 2
- 6. If $f'(x) = \cos(\ln x)$ and $y = f\left(\frac{2x-3}{x}\right)$, then what is $\frac{dy}{dx}$ equal to?
 - (a) $\cos\left(ln\left(\frac{2x-3}{x}\right)\right)$
 - (b) $-\frac{3}{x^2}\sin\left(ln\left(\frac{2x-3}{x}\right)\right)$
 - (c) $\frac{3}{x^2} \cos \left(ln \left(\frac{2x-3}{x} \right) \right)$
 - (d) $-\frac{3}{x^2}\cos\left(ln\left(\frac{2x-3}{x}\right)\right)$
- 67. What is $\int_{0}^{8\pi} |\sin x| dx \text{ equal to }?$

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- (2) 2
- (b) 4
- (c) 8
- (d) 16

DFTK-S-MTH

- 68. What is the area between the curve f(x) = x |x| and x-axis for $x \in [-1, 1]$?
 - (a) $\frac{2}{3}$
 - (b) $\frac{1}{2}$
 - (c) $\frac{1}{4}$
 - (d) $\frac{1}{3}$
- 69. What are the order and the degree respectively of the differential equation $x^2 \left(\frac{d^3y}{dx^3}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^4 + \sin x = 0?$
 - (a) 3, 4
 - (b) 1, 4
 - (c) 2, 2
 - (d) 3, 2
- 70. What is the differential equation of all parabolas of the type $y^2 = 4a(x b)$?
 - (a) $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2 = 0$
 - (b) $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + x^2 \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2 = 0$
 - (c) $y^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2 = 0$
 - (d) $y \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2 = 0$

onsider the following for the next two (02) 74. What is the value of pq? ems that follow:

et a₁, a₂, a₃ ... be in AP such that

$$a_{1} + a_{5} + a_{10} + a_{15} + a_{20} + a_{25} + a_{30} + a_{34} = 300.$$

What is 1.

$$a_1 + a_5 - a_{10} - a_{15} - a_{20} - a_{25} + a_{30} + a_{34}$$
 equal to?

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- (a)
- (b)

What is $\sum a_n$ equal to?

- 900 113 235 124 12 1
- 1025 (b)
- (c) 1200
- (d) 1275

Consider the following for the next two (02) items that follow:

Let
$$p = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right)\cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}\right)$$
 and $q = \cos\left(\frac{4\pi}{5}\right)\cos\left(\frac{8\pi}{5}\right)$.

73. What is the value of p + q?

- (a) $-\frac{1}{2}$
- (b) $-\frac{1}{4}$
- (c)
- (d) $\frac{1}{2}$

DFTK-S-MTH

- (b) $-\frac{1}{4}$ $0^{\frac{5}{4}} > 0^{\frac{5}{4}} > 0^{\frac{5}{4}} = 0^{\frac{5}{4}} = 0^{\frac{5}{4}}$
- (c)
- (d) $\frac{1}{16}$

Consider the following for the next two (02) items that follow :

Let
$$p = \frac{1}{3} - \frac{\tan 3x}{\tan x}$$
 and

$$q = 1 - 3 \tan^2 x, 0 < x < \pi, x \neq \frac{\pi}{2}$$
.

What is pq equal to? 75.

- (d) $-\frac{8}{3}$ with and for

76. For how many values of x does $\frac{1}{x}$ become zero?

- No value (a)
- 100 Only one value
 - Only two values (c)
- (d) Only three values

(25 - A)

items that follow:

Let
$$\sin x + \sin y = \sqrt{3} (\cos y - \cos x); x + y = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

 $0 < x, y < \frac{\pi}{2}$.

- What is a value of sin 3x + sin 3y? 77.
 - (a)
 - 0 (b)
 - 1 (c)
 - 3 (d)
- What is a value of $\cos^3 x + \cos^3 y$? 78.
 - (a)

 - (d) 1

Consider the following for the next two (02) items that follow:

The angles A, B and C of a triangle ABC are in the ratio 3:5:4.

What is the value of $a + b + \sqrt{2} c$ equal to?

- (a) 3a
- (b) 2b
- (c)
- (d) 2c
- 80. What is the ratio of $a^2 : b^2 : c^2$?

- (b) $2:2-\sqrt{3}:2$
- (c) $2:2+\sqrt{3}:2$
- (d) $2:2-\sqrt{3}:3$

- Consider the following for the next two (02) 81. What is the equation of directrix of parabola $y^2 = 4bx$, where b < 0 and $b^2 + b - 2 = 0$?
 - x + 1 = 0
 - (b) x - 2 = 0
 - (c) x-1=0
 - (d) x + 2 = 0
 - The points (-a, -b), (0, 0), (a, b) and (a^2, ab) 82.
 - (a) lying on the same circle
 - (b) vertices of a square
 - vertices of a parallelogram that is not a (c) square
 - (d) collinear
 - Given that $16p^2 + 49q^2 4r^2 56pq = 0$. 83. Which one of the following is a point on a pair of straight lines (px + qy + r)(px + qy - r) = 0?
 - (a) $\left(2, \frac{7}{2}\right)$
 - (b) $\left(2, -\frac{7}{2}\right)$
 - (4, -7)(c)
 - (d) (4,7)
 - If 3x + y 5 = 0 is the equation of a chord of 84. the circle $x^2 + y^2 - 25 = 0$, then what are the coordinates of the mid-point of the chord?
 - $\left(\frac{3}{4},\,\frac{1}{4}\right)$
 - (b) $\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$
 - (c) $\left(\frac{3}{4}, -\frac{1}{4}\right)$
 - (d) $\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\right)$

DFTK-S-MTH

(27 - A)

- 85. Consider the following in respect of the equation $\frac{x^2}{24-k} + \frac{y^2}{k-16} = 2$.
 - 1. The equation represents an ellipse if k = 19.
 - 2. The equation represents a hyperbola if k = 12.
 - 3. The equation represents a circle if k = 20.

How many of the statements given above are correct?

A GUI FORT IT AND

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- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- 86. Consider the following statements in respect of hyperbola $\frac{x^2}{\cos^2 \theta} \frac{y^2}{\sin^2 \theta} = 1$:
 - 1. The two foci are independent of θ .
 - 2. The eccentricity is $\sec \theta$.
 - 3. The distance between the two foci is 2 units.

How many of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None

- 87. Consider the following in respect of the circle $4x^2 + 4y^2 4ax 4ay + a^2 = 0$:
 - 1. The circle touches both the axes.
 - 2. The diameter of the circle is 2a.
 - 3. The centre of the circle lies on the line x + y = a.

How many of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None
- 88. For what values of k is the line $(k-3) x (5-k^2) y + k^2 7k + 6 = 0$ parallel to the line x+y=1?
 - (a) -1, 1
 - (b) -1, 2
 - (c) 1, -2
 - (d) 2, -2
- 89. The line x + y = 4 cuts the line joining P(-1, 1) and Q(5, 7) at R. What is PR : RQ equal to?
 - (a) 1:1
 - (b) 1:2
 - (c) 2:1
 - (d) 1:3
- whose perpendicular distance from origin is 4 units and the angle which the normal makes with positive direction of x-axis is 15°?
 - (a) 8
 - (b) $4\sqrt{6}$
 - (c) 8√6
 - (d) 16

(29 - A)

HTM-SOUTH

- 91. What is the length of projection of the vector $\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$ on the vector $2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} 2\hat{k}$?
 - (a) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{17}}$
 - (b) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{17}}$
 - (c) $\frac{3}{\sqrt{17}}$
 - (d) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{14}}$
- 92. If $(\overrightarrow{a} \times \overrightarrow{b})^2 + (\overrightarrow{a} \cdot \overrightarrow{b})^2 = 144$ and $|\overrightarrow{b}| = 4$, then what is the value of $|\overrightarrow{a}|$?

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- ya) 3
 - (b) 4
- (c) 5
- (d) 6
- 93. If θ is the angle between vectors \overrightarrow{a} and \overrightarrow{b} such that \overrightarrow{a} . $\overrightarrow{b} \ge 0$, then which one of the following is correct?
 - (a) $0 \le \theta \le \pi$
 - (b) $\frac{\pi}{2} \le \theta \le \pi$
 - (c) $0 \le \theta \le \frac{\pi}{2}$
 - (d) $0 < \theta < \frac{\pi}{2}$

- 94. The vectors $60\hat{i} + 3\hat{j}$, $40\hat{i} 8\hat{j}$ and $\beta\hat{i} 52\hat{j}$ are collinear if:
 - (a) $\beta = 20$
 - (b) $\beta = 40$
 - (c) $\beta = -40$
 - (d) $\beta = 26$
- 95. Consider the following in respect of the vectors $\overrightarrow{a} = (0, 1, 1)$ and $\overrightarrow{b} = (1, 0, 1)$:
 - 1. The number of unit vectors perpendicular to both \overrightarrow{a} and \overrightarrow{b} is only one.
 - 2. The angle between the vectors is $\frac{\pi}{3}$.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 96. If L is the line with direction ratios <3,-2,6> and passing through (1,-1,1), then what are the coordinates of the points on L whose distance from (1,-1,1) is 2 units?
 - (a) $\left(-\frac{11}{7}, \frac{13}{7}, \frac{19}{7}\right)$ and $\left(\frac{1}{7}, \frac{3}{7}, \frac{5}{7}\right)$
 - (b) $\left(\frac{19}{7}, -\frac{11}{7}, \frac{13}{7}\right)$ and $\left(-\frac{1}{7}, \frac{3}{7}, -\frac{5}{7}\right)$
 - (c) $\left(\frac{13}{7}, \frac{11}{7}, \frac{19}{7}\right)$ and $\left(-\frac{1}{7}, -\frac{3}{7}, \frac{5}{7}\right)$
 - (d) $\left(\frac{13}{7}, -\frac{11}{7}, \frac{19}{7}\right)$ and $\left(\frac{1}{7}, -\frac{3}{7}, -\frac{5}{7}\right)$

DFTK-S-MTH

- Which one of the planes is parallel to the line 101. The sum of deviations of n numbers from $\frac{x-2}{2} = \frac{y-3}{4} = \frac{z-4}{5}$?
 - 2x + 2y + z 1 = 0
 - 2x y 2z + 5 = 0
 - 2x + 2y 2z + 1 = 0
 - x 2y + z 1 = 0
- What is the angle between the lines 98. 2x = 3y = -z and 6x = -y = -4z?
 - Oo a margin too the sur in (a)
 - (b)
 - 60° (c)
 - 90° (d)
- What equation 99. the sphere concentric with the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 2x - 6y - 8z - 5 = 0$ and which passes through the origin?
 - (a) $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 2x 8z = 0$
 - (b) $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 2x 6y = 0$
 - (c) $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 6y 8z = 0$
 - (d) $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 2x 6y 8z = 0$
- 100. A point P lies on the line joining A(1, 2, 3) and B(2, 10, 1). If z-coordinate of P is 7, what is the sum of other two coordinates?
 - (a) -15
 - 13
 - (c) - 11

- 10 and 20 are p and q respectively. If $(p-q)^2 = 10000$, then what is the value of n?
 - (a) 10
 - (b) 20
 - (c) 50
 - (d) 100
- 102. If $\bar{X} = 20$ is the mean of 10 observations x_1 , x_2 , ..., x_{10} ; then what is the value of
 - (a)
 - (b) 12
 - (c) 112
 - (d) 1012
- 103. If the mean and the sum of squares of 10 observations are 40 and 16160 respectively, then what is the standard deviation?
 - (a) 16

 - (c)
 - (d)
- 104. Three dice are thrown. What is the probability of getting a sum which is a perfect square?
 - (a)
 - 5 108 (b)
 - (e) 108
 - 23 (d) 108

B, C and D are mutually exclusive and 108. What is the mean of the numbers 1, 2, 3, ..., 10 exhaustive events.

 $_{1f}2P(A) = 3P(B) = 4P(C) = 5P(D).$ then what is 77P(A) equal to?

- 12 (2)
- 15 (b)
- 20 (c)
- 30 (d)
- 106. Two distinct natural numbers from 1 to 9 are picked at random. What is the probability that their product has 1 in its unit place?
- l_{07} . l_{w_0} dice are thrown. What is the probability that difference of numbers on them is 2 or 3?

Are are fire again a hor or or a dath

- (a)

- DETK-8-MTH

- with frequencies ${}^{9}C_{0}$, ${}^{9}C_{1}$, ${}^{9}C_{2}$, ..., ${}^{9}C_{9}$, respectively?
 - 1.1×2^8 (a)
 - 1.2×7^4 (b)
 - (c) 5.5
 - (d) 0.55
- 109. The probability that a person recovers from a disease is 0.8. What is the probability that exactly 2 persons out of 5 will recover from the disease?
 - 0.00512(a)
 - (b) 0.02048
 - (c) 0.2048
 - 0.0512
- 110. Suppose that there is a chance for a newly constructed building to collapse, whether the design is faulty or not. The chance that the design is faulty is 10%. The chance that the building collapses is 95% if the design is faulty, otherwise it is 45%. If it is seen that the building has collapsed, then what is the probability that it is due to faulty design?
 - 0.10 (a)
 - (b) 0.19
 - (c) 0.45
 - 0.95

- and y, then what is the correlation coefficient between (3x + 4) and (-3y + 3)?
 - (a)
 - (b)
 - $\sqrt{3}$ r (c)
 - (d)

- 112. A fair coin is tossed 6 times. What is the probability of getting a result in the 6th toss which is different from those obtained in the first five tosses?
 - (a) $\frac{7}{16}$ $\frac{1}{1613}$ $\frac{1}{1613}$

 - $\frac{1}{64}$

- 111. If r is the coefficient of correlation between x 113. If H is the Harmonic Mean of three numbers $^{10}C_4$, $^{10}C_5$, and $^{10}C_6$, then what is the value
 - (a)
 - (b)
 - (c)
 - (d)
 - 114. In a class, there are n students including the students P and Q. What is the probability that P and Q sit together if seats are assigned randomly?
 - (a)
 - (b)
 - (c)
 - $\frac{1}{2n}$
 - 115. In a Binomial distribution B(n, p), n = 6 and 9P(X = 4) = P(X = 2). What is p equal to?

 - (b)
 - (c)
 - (d)

ihat follow:

nee boys P, Q, R and three girls S, T, U are to be fanged in a row for a group photograph.

- 6. What is the probability that all three boys sit together?
 - (a)
- 17. What is the probability that boys and girls sit alternatively?
 - (a)

mider the following for the next five (05) 118. What is the probability that no two girls sit together?

- (b)
- (c)
- (d)
- 119. What is the probability that P and Q take the two end positions?



- (c) 15
- $\frac{11}{45}$ (d)
- 120. What is the probability that Q and U sit together?
 - (a)

 - (c)
 - (d)



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