

# Ukraine's Foreign Minister To Visit India

## Why In News

- **Foreign Minister of Ukraine, Dmytro Kuleba**, said on Monday that supporting Ukraine's cause translates into supporting Gandhian ideals. The Minister announced in a recorded video message that he will be visiting India this week. Mr. Kuleba described **India and Ukraine** as two big democracies that will forge a stronger partnership.

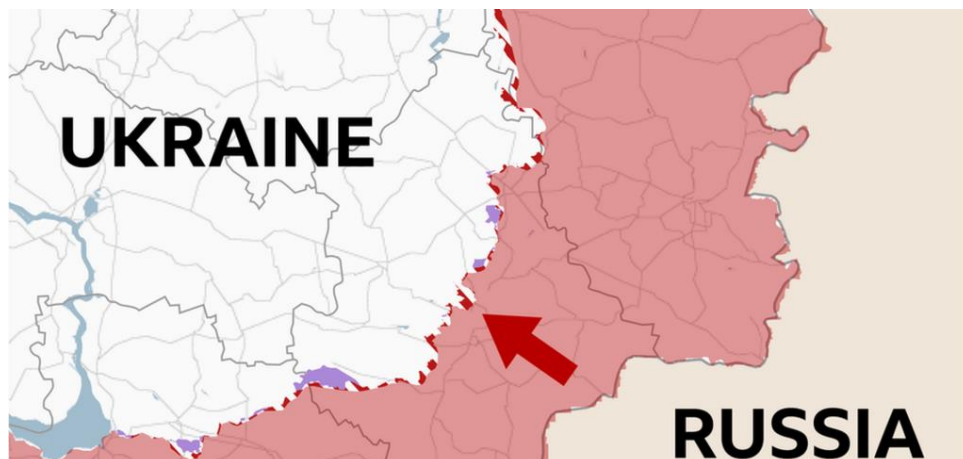


## All You Need To Know

- Kuleba's visit comes at the invitation of his Indian counterpart, **S Jaishankar**, after a telephone call between the leaders of the two nations at the beginning of the year, said one of the officials. Both officials spoke on condition of anonymity.
- **Ukraine's peace plan**, as presented by **President Volodymyr Zelenskyy**, calls for removing all Russian troops, restoring Ukraine's 1991 post-Soviet borders and a process to make Russia accountable for its actions.



- Apart from talks with Indian officials, Kuleba is also set to “**review the India-Ukraine inter-governmental commission**”, one of the officials said, referring to a panel charged with keeping up the two nations’ economic, cultural and technological ties.
- This would be his first-ever visit to the **world's most populous democracy**.
- In his trip to New Delhi—by any top Ukrainian minister since the start of the Russian invasion in 2022—Kuleba aims to lobby for support for a peace summit.
- It is important to note that the **India-Ukraine inter-governmental commission**—established in **April 1994**—**oversees** all aspects of the bilateral relationship including trade, economic, scientific, technological, industrial and cultural cooperation.



- The proposed peace summit is set to build on Ukrainian President Volodymyr Zelenskyy's **10-point peace formula** unveiled in 2022 and a series of meetings held in recent months.
- Zelenskiy first announced his peace formula at a November summit of the Group of 20 major economies.



### The Plan Calls For:

- Radiation and nuclear safety, focusing on restoring safety around Europe's largest nuclear power plant, Zaporizhzhia in Ukraine, which is now-Russian occupied.
- Food security, including protecting and ensuring Ukraine's grain exports to the world's poorest nations.



- Energy security, with focus on price restrictions on Russian energy resources, as well as aiding Ukraine with restoring its power infrastructure, half of which has been damaged by Russian attacks.
- Release of all prisoners and deportees, including war prisoners and children deported to Russia.
- Restoring Ukraine's territorial integrity and Russia reaffirming it according the U.N. Charter, which Zelenskiy said is "not up to negotiations".
- Withdrawal of Russian troops and cessation of hostilities, restoration of Ukraine's state borders with Russia.
- Justice, including the establishment of a special tribunal to prosecute Russian war crimes.
- Prevention of ecocide, need for protection of environment, with focus on demining and restoring water treatment facilities.
- Prevention of escalation of conflict, and building security architecture in the Euro-Atlantic space, including guarantees for Ukraine.
- Confirmation of the war's end, including a document signed by the involved parties.

