

# NDA 2 2024

LIVE

# MATHS

## LOGARITHMS

NAVJYOTI SIR

SSBCrack  
EXAMS

Crack  
EXAMS



## 10 July 2024 Live Classes Schedule

8:00AM - 10 JULY 2024 DAILY CURRENT AFFAIRS RUBY MA'AM

9:00AM - 10 JULY 2024 DAILY DEFENCE UPDATES DIVYANSHU SIR

### SSB INTERVIEW LIVE CLASSES

9:00AM - OVERVIEW OF GTO ANURADHA MA'AM

### NDA 2 2024 LIVE CLASSES

1:00PM - GS - PHYSICS - CLASS 9 NAVJYOTI SIR

4:00PM - MATHS - LOGARITHMS NAVJYOTI SIR

5:30PM - ENGLISH - USAGE OF PAIRED WORDS - CLASS 2 ANURADHA MA'AM

### CDS 2 2024 LIVE CLASSES

1:00PM - GS - PHYSICS - CLASS 9 NAVJYOTI SIR

5:30PM - ENGLISH - USAGE OF PAIRED WORDS - CLASS 2 ANURADHA MA'AM



CALL US: 080-69185400



DOWNLOAD  
THE APP NOW



# LOGARITHMS

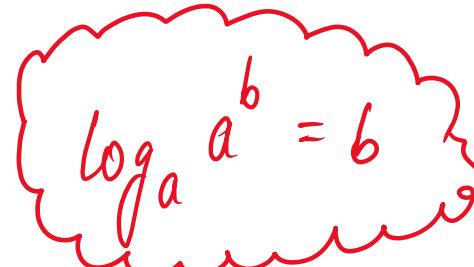
$$2^x = 8 \Rightarrow x = 3$$

$2^x = 5 \Rightarrow$  (to find values of  $x$ , log is used)

$$\underline{a^m = b}$$

$$\left( \log_a b = m \right)$$

(what power of  $a$  is  $b$  - ?)

  $\log_a a^b = b$

$$4^3 = 64$$

$$\log_4 64 = 3$$

$$\log_6 216 = 3$$

$$\log_{10} 100 = 2$$

$$\log_{10} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = \log_{10} (10^{-2})$$

$$= \underline{-2}$$

$$\log_{10} (0.001) = \underline{-3}$$

# PROPERTIES

log of zero and negative numbers is not defined.

Base of log is always positive but not equal to 1.

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \log_m(a \cdot b) = \log_m a + \log_m b$$

$\left( \underbrace{\log_m a + \log_m b}_{\text{no formulas}} ; \underbrace{\log_m a \cdot \log_m b}_{\text{no formulas}} \right)$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \log_m \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) = \log_m (a) - \log_m (b)$$

$$\log_a b, \quad b > 0 \\ ) \quad (\text{non-negative})$$

$$\underline{a > 0, a \neq 1}$$

$$\log_1 4 =$$

(no power of 1  
is 4, all are 1)

# PROPERTIES

③  $\log_m (a^b) = b \log_m a$

④  $\log_b a = \frac{\log_m a}{\log_m b}$  (base change)

⑤  $\log_b a = \frac{1}{\log_a b}$

If  $f(x) = \log_{10}(1+x)$ , then what is  $4f(4) + 5f(1) - \log_{10} 2$  equal to ?

A. 0

$$f(4) = \log_{10}(1+4) = \log_{10} 5$$

B. 1

$$f(1) = \log_{10}(1+1) = \log_{10} 2$$

C. 2

$$4\log_{10} 5 + 5\log_{10} 2 - \log_{10} 2$$

D. 4

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{4\log_{10} 5 + 4\log_{10} 2}{4(\log_{10} 5 + \log_{10} 2)} = 4\log_{10}(5 \times 2) = 4\log_{10}(10') \\ & = 4 \times 1 = 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\log_m m = 1$$

If  $f(x) = \log_{10}(1 + x)$ , then what is  $4f(4) + 5f(1) - \log_{10} 2$  equal to ?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 4

What is the value of  $\log_7 \log_7 \sqrt{7 \sqrt{7 \sqrt{7}}} ?$

A.  $3\log_2 7$

$$\sqrt{7\sqrt{7}} = \sqrt{7 \cdot 7^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \sqrt{7^{1+\frac{1}{2}}} = (7^{\frac{3}{2}})^{\frac{1}{2}} = 7^{\frac{3}{4}}$$

B.  $1 - 3\log_2 7$

$$\sqrt{7 \cdot 7^{\frac{3}{4}}} = \sqrt{7^{1+\frac{3}{4}}} = (7^{\frac{7}{4}})^{\frac{1}{2}} = 7^{\frac{7}{8}}$$

C.  $1 - 3\log_7 2$

D.  $\frac{7}{8}$

$$\log_7 \log_7 (7^{\frac{7}{8}}) = \log_7 (7^{\frac{7}{8}}) = \log_7 (7^b) = b \log_7 7 = b$$

$$1 - 3 \log_7 2$$

$$\log_7 \left( \frac{7}{8} \log_7 (7) \right)$$

$$\log_m \left( \frac{a}{b} \right) = \log_m a - \log_m b$$

$$\log_7 \left( \frac{7}{8} \times 1 \right) = \log_7 \left( \frac{7}{8} \right) = \log_7 (7) - \log_7 (8) = 1 - \log_7 (2^3)$$

What is the value of  $\log_7 \log_7 \sqrt{7\sqrt{7\sqrt{7}}}$  ?

- A.  $3\log_2 7$
- B.  $1 - 3\log_2 7$
- C.  $1 - 3\log_7 2$
- D.  $\frac{7}{8}$

What is the value of  $\underline{\log_9 27} + \underline{\log_8 32}$  ?

- A.  $7/2$
- B.  $19/6$
- C. 4
- D. 7

$$\frac{\log_3 27}{\log_3 9} + \frac{\log_2 32}{\log_2 8}$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} + \frac{5}{3}$$

$$= \frac{9 + 10}{6} = \boxed{\frac{19}{6}}$$

$$(\log_a b) = \left( \begin{array}{c} \log_m b \\ \hline \log_m a \end{array} \right)$$

What is the value of  $\log_9 27 + \log_8 32$  ?

- A.  $7/2$
- B.  $19/6$
- C. 4
- D. 7

If  $(0.2)^x = 2$  and  $\log_{10} 2 = 0.3010$ , then what is the value of  $x$  to the nearest tenth?

A. - 10.0

B. - 0.5

C. - 0.4

D. - 0.2

$$(0.2)^x = 2$$

Apply  $\log_{10}$  both sides,

$$\log_{10} (0.2)^x = \log_{10} 2$$

$$x \log_{10} (0.2) = \log_{10} 2$$

$$x \log_{10} \left( \frac{2}{10} \right) = \log_{10} 2$$

$$x (\log_{10} 2 - \log_{10} 10) = \log_{10} 2$$

$$x (\log_{10} 2 - 1) = \log_{10} 2$$

$$x = \frac{\log_{10} 2}{\log_{10} 2 - 1} = \frac{0.3010}{0.3010 - 1}$$

$$\approx \frac{0.3}{-0.7} \approx -\frac{3}{7}$$

$$\underline{-0.42}$$

$$\underline{\approx -0.4}$$

If  $(0.2)^x = 2$  and  $\log_{10} 2 = 0.3010$ , then what is the value of  $x$  to the nearest tenth ?

- A. – 10.0
- B. – 0.5
- C. – 0.4
- D. – 0.2

If  $n = \underline{(2017)!}$ , then what is  $\frac{1}{\log_2 n} + \frac{1}{\log_3 n} + \frac{1}{\log_4 n} + \dots + \frac{1}{\log_{2017} n}$  equal to ?

A. 0

B. 1

C.  $n/2$

D.  $n$

$$\log_a b = \frac{1}{\log_b a}$$

$$\frac{1}{\log_2 n} + \frac{1}{\log_3 n} + \frac{1}{\log_4 n} + \dots + \frac{1}{\log_{2017} n}$$

$$\underline{\log_n 2 + \log_n 3 + \log_n 4 + \dots + \log_n 2017}$$

$$\log_n (2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot \dots \cdot 2017)$$

$$\log_n (\underline{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot \dots \cdot 2017}) = \log_{2017!}^{(2017!)!} = \underline{1}$$

If  $n = (2017)!$ , then what is  $\frac{1}{\log_2 n} + \frac{1}{\log_3 n} + \frac{1}{\log_4 n} + \dots + \frac{1}{\log_{2017} n}$  equal to ?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C.  $n / 2$
- D.  $n$

If  $x + \log_{15} (1 + 3^x) = x \log_{15} 5 + \log_{15} 12$ , where  $x$  is an integer, then what is  $x$  equal to ?

A. - 3

$$\log_{15} 15^x + \log_{15} (1+3^x) = \log_{15} 5^x + \log_{15} (12)$$

B. 2

$$\log_{15} (15^x (1+3^x)) = \log_{15} (12 \cdot 5^x)$$

~~$\log_{15}$~~  removable

C. 1

$$= 15^x (1+3^x) = 12 \cdot 5^x$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{15^x}{5^x} (1+3^x) = 12$$

D. 3

$$3^x (1+3^x) = 12$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 3^x & + & 3^{2x} \\ \hline & = & 12 \end{array}$$

$x=1$  satisfying

If  $x + \log_{15} (1 + 3^x) = x\log_{15} 5 + \log_{15} 12$ , where  $x$  is an integer, then what is  $x$  equal to ?

A. - 3

B. 2

C. 1

D. 3

For what value(s) of  $x$  is  $\log_{10}\{999 + \sqrt{x^2 - 3x + 3}\} = 3$  ?

A. 0, 1

$$\log_{10} (999 + \sqrt{x^2 - 3x + 3}) = \log_{10} 10^3$$

B. 1

$$999 + \sqrt{x^2 - 3x + 3} = 10^3$$

C. 2

$$\sqrt{x^2 - 3x + 3} = 1000 - 999 = 1$$

D. 1, 2

Squaring, —  $x^2 - 3x + 2 = 0$

$$(x-1)(x-2) = 0$$

$$\underline{\underline{x = 1, 2}}$$

For what value(s) of x is  $\log_{10}\{999 + \sqrt{x^2 - 3x + 3}\} = 3$  ?

A. 0 , 1

B. 1

C. 2

D. 1 , 2

$\frac{1}{(\log_a bc) + 1} + \frac{1}{(\log_b ac) + 1} + \frac{1}{(\log_c ab) + 1}$  is equal to

A. 1       $\frac{1}{\log_a bc + \log_a a} + \frac{1}{\log_b ac + \log_b b} + \frac{1}{(\log_c ab) + \log_c c}$

B. 2

C. 0       $\frac{1}{\log_a (abc)} + \frac{1}{\log_b (abc)} + \frac{1}{\log_c (abc)}$        $\frac{\log_m a + \log_m b}{\log_m (a \cdot b)}$

D. abc       $\frac{1}{\log_{abc} a} + \frac{1}{\log_{abc} b} + \frac{1}{\log_{abc} c} = \frac{\log_{abc} (a \cdot b \cdot c)}{\log_{abc} (abc)} = 1$

$\frac{\log_a b}{\log_a a} = \frac{1}{\log_b a}$

$\frac{1}{(\log_a bc) + 1} + \frac{1}{(\log_b ac) + 1} + \frac{1}{(\log_c ab) + 1}$  is equal to

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 0
- D. abc

What is the value of  $\frac{\log_{\sqrt{\alpha\beta}}(H)}{\log_{\sqrt{\alpha\beta\gamma}}(H)}$ ?

- (a)  $\log_{\alpha\beta}(\alpha)$   
✓ (c)  $\log_{\alpha\beta}(\alpha\beta\gamma)$
- (b)  $\log_{\alpha\beta\gamma}(\alpha\beta)$   
(d)  $\log_{\alpha\beta}(\beta)$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{\log_H \sqrt{\alpha\beta}}}{\frac{1}{\log_H \sqrt{\alpha\beta\gamma}}} = \frac{\log_H \sqrt{\alpha\beta\gamma}}{\log_H \sqrt{\alpha\beta}} = \frac{\log_H (\alpha\beta\gamma)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{\log_H (\alpha\beta)^{\frac{1}{2}}} \checkmark = \frac{\log_H (\alpha\beta\gamma)}{\log_H (\alpha\beta)}$$

$$= \frac{\checkmark \frac{1}{2} \log_H (\alpha\beta\gamma)}{\cancel{\frac{1}{2} \log_H (\alpha\beta)}} = \boxed{\log_{\alpha\beta} \alpha\beta\gamma}$$

$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \frac{\log_m a}{\log_m b} = \underline{\log_b a} \\ \end{array} \right]$

What is the value of  $\frac{\log_{\sqrt{\alpha\beta}}(H)}{\log_{\sqrt{\alpha\beta\gamma}}(H)}$ ?

- (a)  $\log_{\alpha\beta}(\alpha)$
- (b)  $\log_{\alpha\beta\gamma}(\alpha\beta)$
- (c)  $\log_{\alpha\beta}(\alpha\beta\gamma)$
- (d)  $\log_{\alpha\beta}(\beta)$

**ANSWER : C**

## NDA 2 2024 – MATHS - LIVE CLASS

If  $\log_y x = 8$  and  $\log_{10y} 16x = 4$ , then find the value of y.

- (a) 1      (b) 2      (c) 3      (d) 5

$$\log_y x = 8$$

$$x = y^8 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\underline{\log_{10y} 16x = 4}$$

$$16x = (10y)^4 \quad \text{---}$$

$$16y^8 = 10^4 y^4 \quad (\text{from (1)})$$

$$\frac{y^8}{y^4} = \frac{10^4}{2^4} = \left(\frac{10}{2}\right)^4$$

$$y^4 = (5)^4$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{y = 5}$$

**NDA 2 2024 – MATHS - LIVE CLASS**

If  $\log_y x = 8$  and  $\log_{10y} 16x = 4$ , then find the value of y.

- (a) 1      (b) 2      (c) 3      (d) 5

**ANSWER : D**

If  $\log_{10} x - \log_{10} \sqrt{x} = 2 \log_x 10$ , then a possible value of  $x$  is given by

- (a) 10
- (b) 1/100
- (c) 1/1000
- (d) None of these

$$\log_{10} \left( \frac{x}{\sqrt{x}} \right) = 2 \times \frac{1}{\log_{10} x}$$

$$\log_{10} \sqrt{x} \times \log_{10} x = 2$$

$$(a) x = 10 \rightarrow LHS = \frac{1}{2} \times 1 = \frac{1}{2} \quad \checkmark$$

$$(b) x = \frac{1}{100} \rightarrow LHS = \underline{-1} \times \underline{-2} = 2 \quad \checkmark$$

$$(c) -\frac{3}{2} x - 3 = \frac{9}{2} x$$

If  $\log_{10} x - \log_{10} \sqrt{x} = 2 \log_x 10$ , then a possible value of x is given by

- (a) 10
- (b) 1/100
- (c) 1/1000
- (d) None of these

**ANSWER : B**

# NDA 2 2024

LIVE

# MATHS

## BINARY NUMBERS



NAVJYOTI SIR