NDA-CDS 2 2024

LIVE

BASE OF CLASS 2

RUBY MA'AM

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06 August 2024 Live Classes Schedule



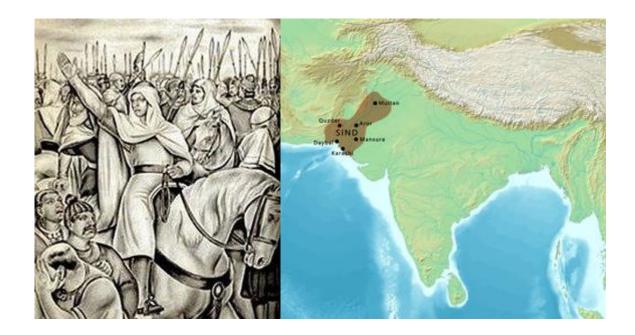
Q. Battle Of Rewar Was Fought Between Muhammed Bin Qasim And

A. Prithviraj

B. Anandpala

C. Dahir

D. Jayachandra



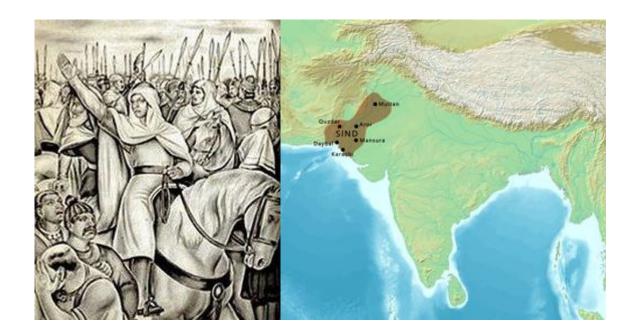
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King, Led By His General Malik Kafur.

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Q. Muhammad Gawan Became The Regent Of The Infant Ruler _

- A. Ahmed Shah
- B. Feroz Shah Bahmani
- C. Muhammad Shah III
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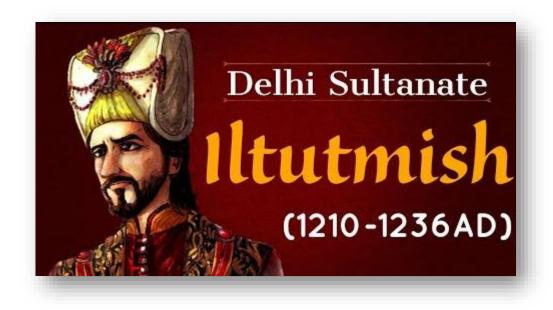
In 1463A.D. Muhammad Shah III Became The Sultan At The Age Of Nine. Muhammad Gawan Became The Regent Of The Infant Ruler.

Q. _____ Created A Pact Of Forty Muslim Nobles As "Chahalgani" Or "Chalisa".

- A. Muhammed Bin Tughlaq
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- C. Iltutmish
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Q. Which of the following pairs are correctly matched?

TravellerCountry from1. Marco PoloItaly2. Ibn BattutaMorocco3. NikitinRussia4. Seydi Ali ReisTurkey

Select the correct answer using the code given below :

.

(a) 1, 2 and 3 only

(b) 2 and 3 only

(c) 1, 2, 3 and 4

(d) 1 and 4 only

Q. Which of the following pairs are **ANSWER: C** correctly matched ?

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Q. Iqta In Medieval India Meant _____.

- A. Land Assigned To Religious Personnel For Spiritual Purposes
- B. Land Revenue From Different Territorial Unites Assigned To Army Officers
- C. Charity For Educational And Cultural Activities
- D. The Rights Of The Zamindar

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Q. Which One Among The Following Was Not An Attribute Of Samudragupta

Described In Prayag Prashasti?

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- B. Accomplished Sculptor
- C. Fine Musical Performances
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According To Allahabad Prasasti's Or Prayag

Prashasti Exaggerated Picture, 'Samudragupta Was

Man Of Many-sided Genius. Samudragupta Was A

Man Of Exceptional Abilities And Unusual Varied

Gifts - A Warrior, Statesman, General, Poet

Musician, And Philanthropist, He Was All In One.



Q. Which One Among The Following Statements About The Coins Of The Gupta Rulers Is Correct?

- A. The Obverse And Reverse, Both, Had Only The King's Portrait And Date
- B. The Obverse And Reverse, Both, Had Only An Image Of A Deity And Date
- C. The Obverse Generally Had King's Portrait And Reverse Had An Image Of A Deity Or A Motif
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Q. The Agrahara In Early India Was:

- A. The Name Of A Village Or Land Granted To Brahmins
- B. The Garland Of Flowers Of Agar
- C. The Grant Of Land To Officers And Soldiers
- D. Land Or Village Settled By Vaishya Farmers

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Agraharams Were Also Known As

Chaturvedimangalams In Ancient Times.

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its advancements in which field?

a) Mathematics

b) Medicine

c) Literature

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Q. Choose The Correct Statements About "Rashtrakutas":

1. Rashtra - Rashtrapati/Governor Supervised The Rashtra.

2. Bhukti - Bhukti Or Provinces Were Headed By Uparika

- 3. Mandalas/Visaya (Districts) Headed By Visyapati
- A. 1 & 2 Only
- B. 2 & 3 Only
- C. 2 Only
- D. 1, 2 & 3 Only

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Q. Kuli, Ma, Veli, Patti, Padagam, Etc. Were _____ Under The Chola Empire

- A. Various Types Of Taxes
- B. Ministers In Kings Council
- C. Tolls And Customs For Foreign Trade
- D. Units Of Land Measurement

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- **D. Units Of Land Measurement**

Under The Chola Empire:

- Department Of Land Revenue Is Known As Puravuvari-Tinaikkalam.
- Various Units Of Land Measurement Are Kuli, Ma, Veli, Patti, Padagam, Etc.
- The Tax Rates Were Fixed Depending On The Fertility Of The Soil And The Status Of The Peasant.
- Besides Land Revenue, There Were **Tolls And Customs On Goods** Taken From One Place To Another, Various Kinds Of **Professional Taxes, Dues** Levied On Ceremonial Occasions Like **Marriages, Etc**.

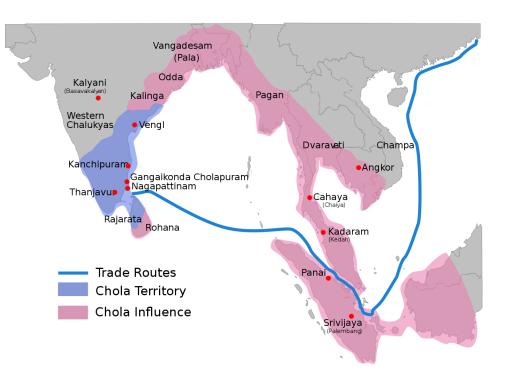
____ Assumed The Name Of Gangaikonda Cholan, Meaning The One

Who Conquered The Ganges.

A. Raja Raja II

Q.

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- C. Prantaka I
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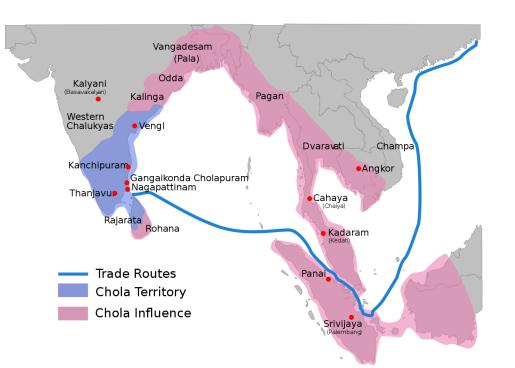
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Battle Of Rewar : (711 AD)

- Muhammad-bin-Qasim Fought Against Dahir, The Ruler Of Sindh Who Was
- Defeated. Sindh And Multan Had Been Taken. Multan Was Dubbed The "City Of Gold" By Muhammad Bin Qasim.
- Dahir Attempted To Prevent Qasim From Crossing The Indus River By

Relocating His Forces To The River's Eastern Bank.

• However, Qasim Eventually Crossed The River And Defeated His Forces.

Q. Consider the following :

- 1. Tughlaqabad Fort
- 2. Bada Gumbad in Lodhi Garden
- 3. Qutub Minar
- 4. Fatehpur Sikri

Which one of the following is the correct chronological order of building the above monuments?

(a) 3, 1, 4, 2
(b) 3, 1, 2, 4
(c) 1, 3, 2, 4
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ANSWER: D

- Qutab Minar 1193 AD
- The Tughlaqabad Fort 1321 AD
- Bada Gumbad AD 1490 AD
- Fatehpur Sikri 1571 AD



Q. The Kakatiya Kala Thoranam Was Built By _____ During The 12th Century

- A. Prataprudra II
- B. Rudra Deva I
- C. Ganapati Deva
- D. Rudrama Devi



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The Kakatiya Kala Thoranam Was Built By Ganapati Deva During The 12th Century. It Is An Arch That Is Extensively Ornate, Reflective Of The Four Identical Gates In The Warangal Fort.

Q. In 1323 AD _____ Defeated Pratapraudra Deva And Annexed The Kakatiya Kingdom.

- A. Alauddin Khalji
- B. Malik Kafur
- C. Muhammad Bin Tughlaq
- D. Feroz Shah Tughlaq



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Q. Choose The Incorrect Statements About "Bahamani Sultanate":

1. It Was A Persianate Sunni Muslim Empire Of The Deccan In South India.

2. It Was The First Independent Muslim Kingdom Of The Deccan.

A. 1 & 2 Only

B. 1 Only

C. 2 Only

D. None

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Q. Which of the following clans are included in the Agnikula Rajputs ?

1. Pratiharas

2. Chaulukyas

3. Paramaras

4. Chahamanas

Select the correct answer from the code given below :

- (a) 1 and 3 only
- (b) 1, 3 and 4 only
- (c) 1, 2, 3 and 4

(d) 2 and 4 only

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ANSWER: C

In Indian Culture, The Agnivanshi Are People

Who Claim Descent From Agni, The Vedic God

Of Fire. According To Medieval Legends, There

Are Four Agnivanshi Clans: Chauhans

(Chahamanas), Parihars (Pratiharas), Parmars

(Paramaras), And Solankis (Chalukyas).

Q. Consider the following statements about the Nagara style of temple architecture :

- This style of temples are commonly found in the areas between Himalayas and Vindhyas.
- The most striking feature of this style is its pyramidal shikhara.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

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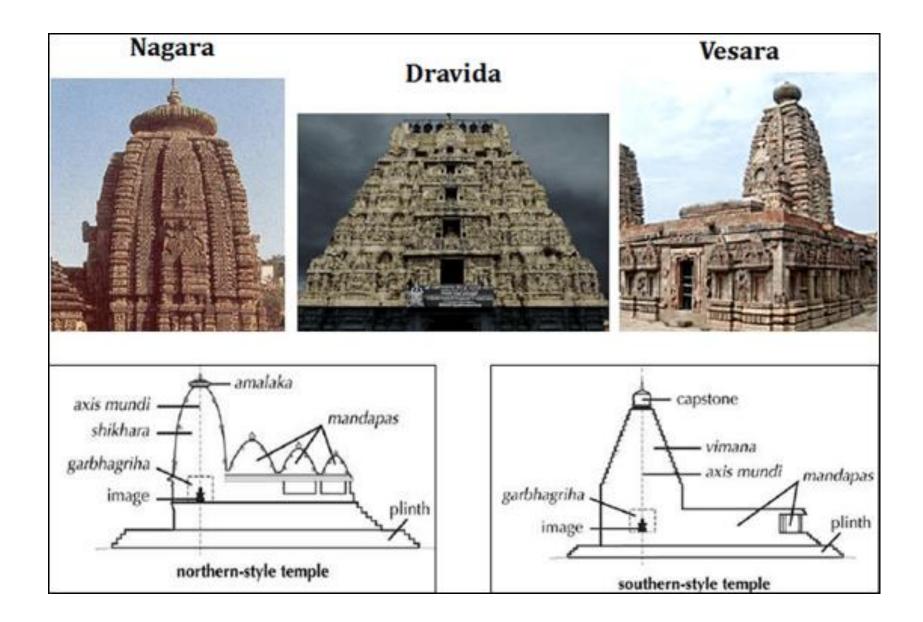
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ANSWER: A

Pyramidal Shikara Is The Most Striking

Feature Of The Dravidian Style Of Temple

Architecture. Hence, Statement 2 Is Incorrect.



Q. First Battle Of Tarain Or Thaneswar Took Place In____

A. 1175 AD

B. 1181 AD

C. 1189 AD

D. 1191 AD

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First Battle Of Tarain Or Thaneswar 1191 AD:

• In 1191 Muhammad Attacked And Captured Bhatinda, A Part Of The

Prithviraj Dominion.

- This Led Muhammad To Come Into A Direct Clash With Prithviraj Chauhan One Of The Most Powerful Rajput Rulers.
- The Enemies Met Each Other On At Tarain, 80 Miles From Delhi.

- Q. Which one of the following travelogues has given an insight on the reign of Muhammad Bin Tughlaq?
 - (a) Ibn Battuta's Rihla
 - (b) Francois Bernier's Travels in the Mogul Empire
 - (c) Niccolao Manucci's Storia do Mogor
 - (d) Tavernier's Travels in India

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ANSWER: A

In 1334, Ibn Battuta Arrived In India All

The Way Through The Mountains Of

Afghanistan, During The Time When

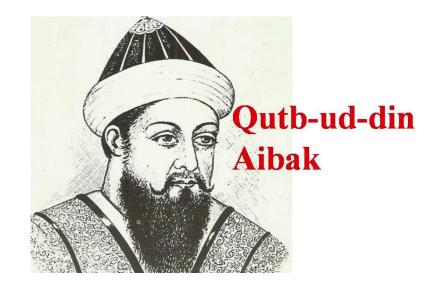
Tughlaq Dynasty Was At Its Height.

Q. He Was Also Known As Lakh Bash (Giver Of Lakhs) For His Generosity.

- A. Feroz Shah Tughlaq
- B. Giyasuddin Balban
- C. Qutubuddin Aibak
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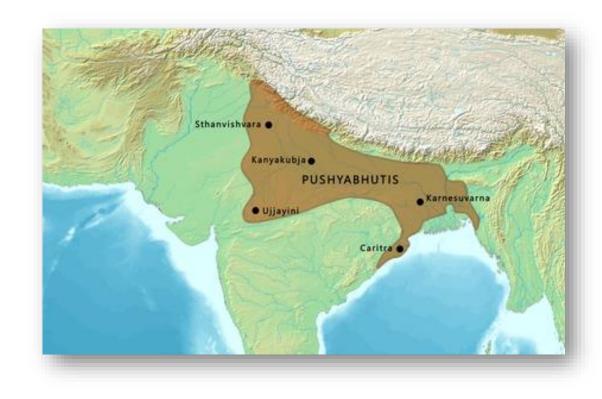
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Q. _____ Visited The Court Of Harsha And Stayed In The Country For

About Fifteen Years.

- A. Megasthenes
- B. Fahien
- C. Hsuan Tsang
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