



05 August 2024 Live Classes Schedule

8:00AM 05 AUGUST 2024 DAILY CURRENT AFFAIRS RUBY MA'AM

9:00AM - 05 AUGUST 2024 DAILY DEFENCE UPDATES DIVYANSHU SIR

SSB INTERVIEW LIVE CLASSES

9:00AM -- INTRODUCTION OF OIR & PRACTICE ANURADHA MA'AM

AFCAT 2 2024 LIVE CLASSES

1:00PM --- MAHA MARATHON SESSION

NDA 2 2024 LIVE CLASSES

11:00AM GK - HISTORY REVISION - CLASS 1 RUBY MA'AM

12:00PM PHYSICS REVISION - CLASS 1 NAVJYOTI SIR

1:00PM — MATHS REVISION - CLASS 1 NAVJYOTI SIR

2:00PM BIOLOGY REVISION - CLASS 1 SHIVANGI MA'AM

5:30PM ENGLISH - ADAPTATION OF BORROWED WORDS - CLASS 2 ANURADHA MA'AM

CDS 2 2024 LIVE CLASSES

11:00AM GK - HISTORY REVISION - CLASS 1 RUBY MA'AM

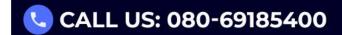
12:00PM PHYSICS REVISION - CLASS 1 NAVJYOTI SIR

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3:00PM MATHS REVISION - CLASS 1 NAVJYOTI SIR

5:30PM ENGLISH - ADAPTATION OF BORROWED WORDS - CLASS 2 ANURADHA MA'AM

EXAM





- Q. At which one of the following places was a Shiva temple not constructed under the patronage of the Chola rulers?
 - (a) Chidambaram
 - (b) Thanjavur
 - (c) Gangaikonda Cholapuram
 - (d) Naneghat

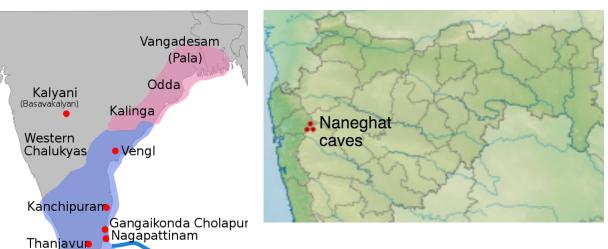


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ANSWER: D

Naneghat Caves In Maharashtra Are Probably Known For Ancient Satavahana Inscriptions And Has Hardly To Do Something With Chola Timeline As Well As Region Under Their Rule.



Polonnaruwa

Q. Choose The Incorrect Statements About Distinct Schools Of Art That Flourished Under Kushans:

- 1. Gandhara School In Northwest India
- 2. Amaravati School In Andhra
- 3. Mathura School In The Ganges Valley
- A. 1 Only
- B. 2 Only
- C. 3 Only
- D. None



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Q. Odd One Out With Reference To Notable Personalities During Gupta Period And Their Works

A. Varahamihira: Brihadsamhita

B. Kalidasa: Malavikagnimitram

C. Shudraka: Mrcchakatika

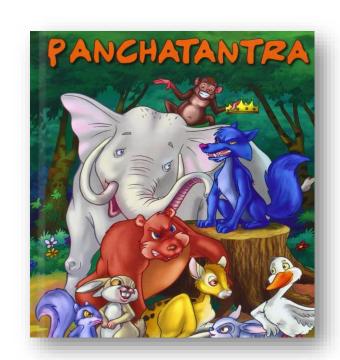
D. Vishnu Sharma: Mudrarakshasa



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- C. Shudraka: Mrcchakatika
- D. Vishnu Sharma: Mudrarakshasa

Vishnu Sharma Wrote Panchatantra While Vishakhadatta Composed Mudrarakshasa.



- Q. Which of the following is/are NOT historical biography/biographies?
 - Dipavamsa
 - 2. Harshacharita
 - 3. Vikramankadevacharita
 - 4. Prithvirajavijaya

Select the correct answer from the code given below:

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 2, 3 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4



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ANSWER: A

The **Dipavamsa** is the oldest historical record of Sri Lanka. The chronicle is believed to be compiled around the 3rd to 4th century CE. Together with the **Mahavamsa**, it is the source of many accounts of ancient history of Sri Lanka and India.



Q. _____ Movement Was A Non-Vedic Movement Parallel To Vedic Hinduism In Ancient India.

- A. Shramana
- B. Jainism
- C. Buddhism
- D. Yoga



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Q. List A (Buddhist Council) List B (Royal Patronage)

1. Rajgriha

(A) Kalasoka

A. 1-(a), 2-(b), 3-(c), 4-(d)

2. Vaishali

(B) Kanishka

B. 4-(b), 3-(a), 2-(c), 1-(d)

3. Pataliputra

(C) Ashoka

C. 1-(d), 2-(c), 3-(b), 4-(a)

4. Kashmir

(D) Ajatashatru

D. 4-(b), 3-(c), 2-(a), 1-(d)

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(C) Ashoka

C. 1-(d), 2-(c), 3-(b), 4-(a)

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D. 4-(b), 3-(c), 2-(a), 1-(d)



Buddhist Council	Year	Venue	Chairman	Royal Parton
1 st	483 BC	Rajgriha	Mahakassapa	Ajatshatru (Haryanaka Dynasty)
2 nd	383 BC	Vaishali	Sabakami	Kalasoka (Shishunaga Dynasty)
3 rd	250 BC	Patliputra	Mogliputta Tissa	Ashoka (Maurya Dynasty)
4 th	72 AD	Kashmir	Vashumitra	Kanishka (Kushan Dynasty)



Q. Statement I: King Ashoka Abolished Capital Punishment And Disbanded His Army.

Statement II: After The Kalinga War, Ashoka Became Remorseful And Became A Buddhist.

- A. Both The Statements Are Individually True, And Statement II Is The Correct Explanation Of Statement I
- B. Both The Statements Are Individually True, But Statement II Is Not The Correct Explanation Of Statement I
- C. Statement I Is True, But Statement II Is False
- D. Statement I Is False, But Statement II Is True

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- Q. Who deciphered the Brahmi and Kharoshthi scripts?
 - (a) Piyadassi
 - (b) Colin Mackenzie
 - (c) Alexander Cunningham
 - (d) James Prinsep





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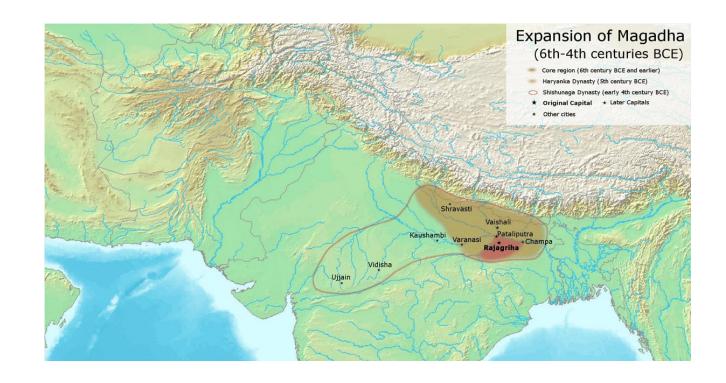
ANSWER: D

James Prinsep Was An English Scholar, Orientalist, And Antiquary. He Was The Founding Editor Of The Journal Of The Asiatic Society Of Bengal And Deciphering The Kharosthi And Brahmi Scripts Of Ancient India.



Q. Magadha Came Into Prominence Under The Leadership Of

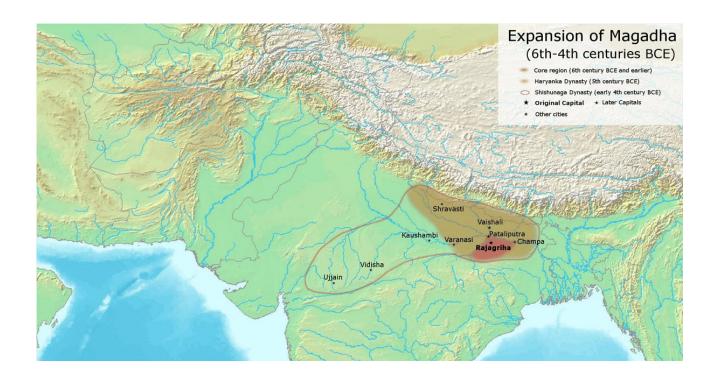
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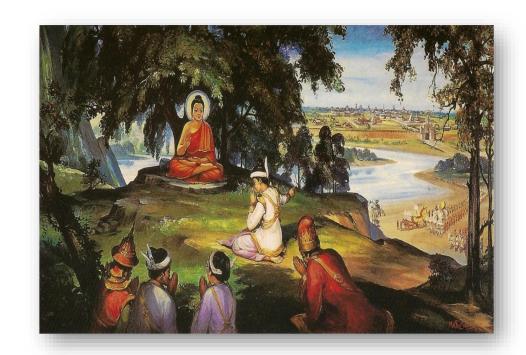
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The Rise Of Magadha:

- Magadha came into prominence under the leadership of Bimbisara (558BC - 491 BC) of the Haryana dynasty and a contemporary of the Buddha.
- He began the policy of conquest and aggression which ended with the Kalinga war of Ashoka.



Q. ____ Was Also Known As "Shakya Muni".

- A. Mahavira
- B. Gautama Buddha
- C. Valmiki
- D. Kalidasa



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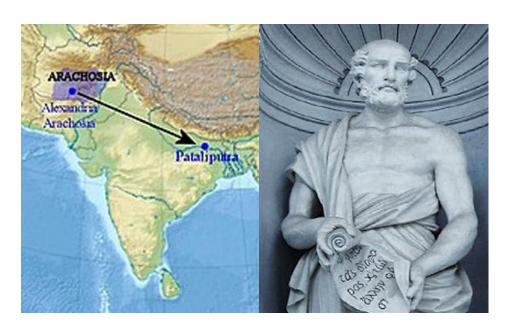
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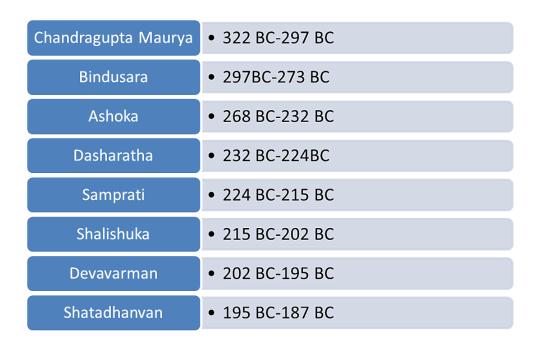
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In **185 BC** By His Commander In Chief **Pushyamitra Shunga** Set the Up A Kingdom In The North & Established His Own **Sunga Dynasty.**



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- B. Piyadassi
- C. Dharmasoka
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Q. People Of_____ Kingdom Were Called "Tamraparnis" As Mentioned In Ashokan Inscriptions.

- A. Pandya
- B. Satyaputras
- C. Ceylon
- D. Keralaputra



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- Q. Arthashastra Was Rediscovered By _____ In 1905
 - A. R D Banerjee
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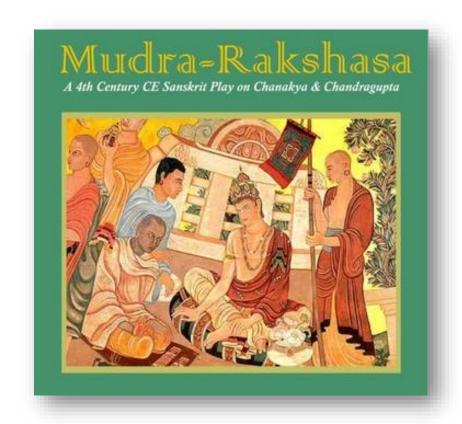
After It Disappeared In The 12th Century. The Arthashastra, Consisting Of

15 Books (Adhikaranas), Summarizes The Political Thoughts Of Kautilya.



Q. Mudra Rakshasa Has Been Written By_____.

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From The Late 4th Century To The 8th Century CE.

Q. As Per Jain Traditions _____ Was The First Tirthankara

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- 1. The 1st Jain Council Was Held At Vallabhi Under The Chairmanship Of Sthulabhadra
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Jain Council	Year	Venue	Chairman	Result
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Q. After The _____, Alexander Reached Beas To Conquer The East, But His Fatigued Army Refused To Cross The River.

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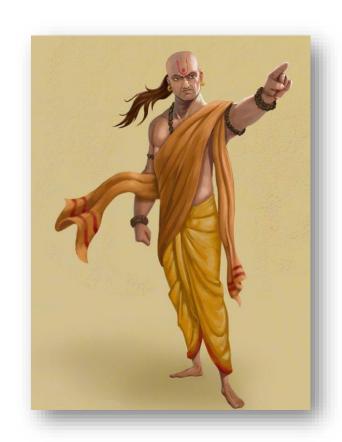


Q. Consider the following statements:

- The Arthashastra is the first Indian text to define a State.
- The main concerns of the Arthashastra are theoretical issues like the origins of the state.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only.
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ANSWER: A

The Arthashastra Is An Ancient Indian

Treatise On Statecraft, Economic Policy, And

Military Strategy, Written By Kautilya. It Is

Essentially A Book Of State And

Administrative System And Deals With The

Art Of Government And Politics.

Q. Odd One Out About Buddhist Literature In Pali:

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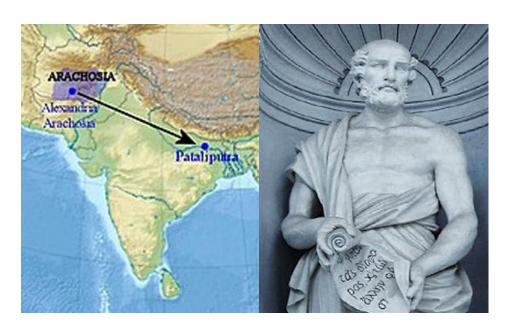
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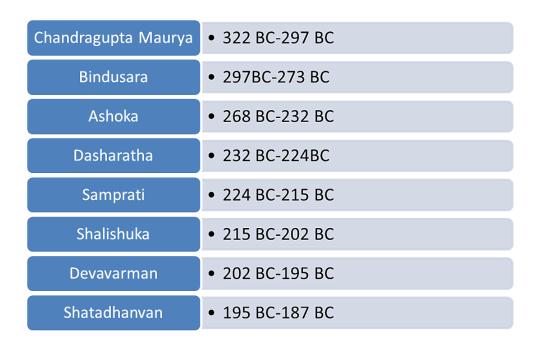
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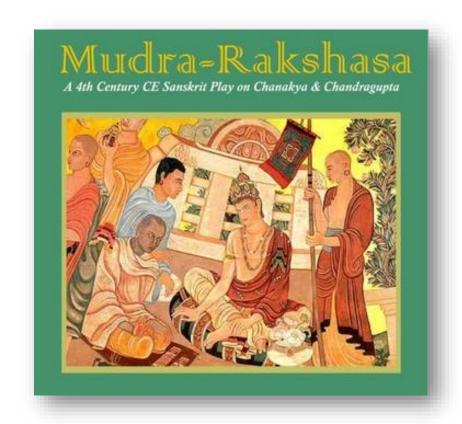
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- A. Avvaiyar
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- A. Mathematics
- B. Surgery
- C. Poetics
- D. Linguistics





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The Lilavati Is Indian Mathematician Bhaskara

Treatise On Mathematics, Written In 1150.



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 - (a) Cauvery
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Which river is praised in the fifth century ANSWER: A Tamil epic, Silappadikaram?

- Cauvery (a)
- Godavari (b)
- Saraswati (c)
- (d) Ganges

Silapathikaram By Ilango Adigal, Is The

Earliest Jain Tamil Semi Legendary Epic.

The Epic Is A Tragic Love Story Of An

Ordinary Couple, Kannagi And Her

Husband Kovalan In The Town Of Puhar

Next To The River **Cauvery**.



Q. Naneghat Inscription Is Associated With

- A. Simuka
- B. Hala
- C. Gautamiputra Satakarni
- D. Satakarni I





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D. Satakarni I



Satakarni I (70 BC - 60 BC): His Queen Was **Nayanika** Who Wrote The Naneghat Inscription Which Describes The King **As Dakshinapathapati**.

He Performed Ashvamedha And Revived Vedic Brahminism.



Q. Dasrajna Yudha Or Battle Of Ten Kings Was Fought On The Banks Of Which River?

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- D. Saraswati



Q. Dasrajna Yudha Or Battle Of Ten Kings Was Fought On The Banks Of Which River?

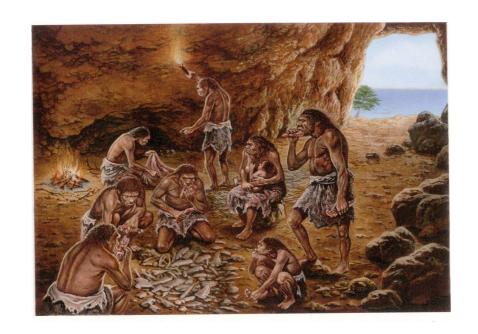
A. Parusni

- B. Ganga
- C. Yamuna
- D. Saraswati



Q. Arrange The Following In Ascending Order From Earliest To Latest:

- 1) Palaeolithic Age
- 2) Mesolithic Age
- 3) Neolithic Age
- 4) Chalcolithic Age
- A. 1, 2, 3, 4
- B. 4, 3, 2, 1
- C. 3, 4, 2, 1
- D. 1, 4, 2, 3





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- A. 1, 2, 3, 4
- B. 4, 3, 2, 1
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- D. 1, 4, 2, 3

The Chronology Is As Follows:

Palaeolithic Age (500,000-10,000 BC),

Mesolithic Age (10,000-4,000 BC),

Neolithic Age (4000-1800 BC),

Chalcolithic Age (1800-1000 BC).



Q. In 1921, The Sites Of Harappa And Mohenjodaro Were Discovered By

_____ & ____ Respectively.

- A. N.G Majumdar, Daya Ram Sahni
- B. R.D Banerjee, J.P Joshi
- C. Daya Ram Sahni, R.D Banerjee
- D. R.S Bisht, P C Ghose





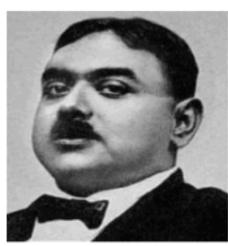
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Daya Ram Sahni



R D Banerji



Q. How Many Types/ Forms Of Vedic Marriages Exist As Given By Manu

A. 10

B. 8

C. 9

D. 12





Q. How Many Types/ Forms Of Vedic Marriages Exist As Given By Manu

A. 10

B. 8

C. 9

D. 12

Types	Feature
Arsha Vivaha	Giving the girl to a man with a bride price
Brahma Vivaha	Giving the girl to a man with a dowry
Daiva Vivaha	Giving the girl to a priest for his fees
Gandharva Vivaha	Love marriage
Asura Vivaha	Marriage with a purchased girl
Prajapatya Vivaha	Giving the girl to a man without a bride-price
Paishacha Vivaha	Marriage to a girl after seducing (raping) her.
Rakshasa Vivaha	Marriage with the daughter of defeated king or with kidnapped girl.

Q. What Was "Niyoga "In The Early Vedic Society?

- A. A Sacrificial Ritual For Wealth And Prosperity
- B. To Marry The Younger Brother Of The Widow's Deceased Husband.
- C. Part Of Varna System, Consisting Of 5th Varna
- D. A Drink Locally Produced For Festival Celebrations

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- D. A Drink Locally Produced For Festival Celebrations

Q. List A List B Codes:

1. Harappa (a) Bead Maker's Shop A. 1-(a), 2-(b), 3-(c), 4-(d)

2. Mohenjodaro (b) Fire Altar B. 4-(c), 3-(b), 2-(a), 1-(d)

3. Kalibangan (c) Great Bath C. 1-(d), 2-(c), 3-(b), 4-(a)

4. Chanhudaro (d) Granaries D. 4-(b), 3-(c), 2-(a), 1-(d)

Q. List A

List B

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1. Harappa

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B. 4-(c), 3-(b), 2-(a), 1-(d)

3. Kalibangan

(c) Great Bath

C. 1-(d), 2-(c), 3-(b), 4-(a)

4. Chanhudaro

(d) Granaries

Q. 1. RIGVEDA

(A) Mantras Deal With Chains Magic And Spells.

2. YAJURVEDA

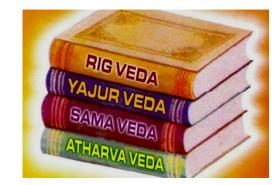
(B) It Is The Veda Of Melodies And Chants.

3. SAMAVEDA

(C) Performing Yajanas By The Priests.

4. ATHARVAVEDA

(D) Collection Of Hymns In Praise Of Gods.



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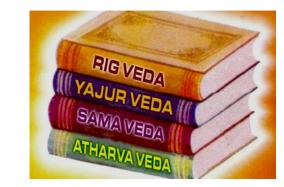
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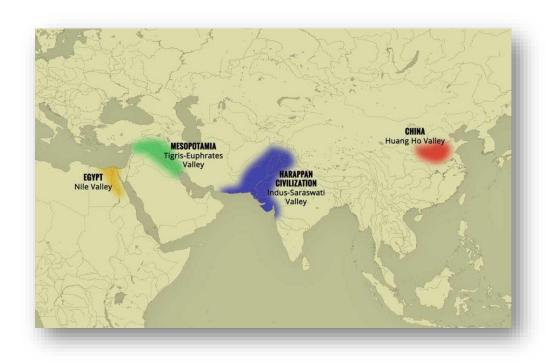
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(D) Collection Of Hymns In Praise Of Gods.





- Q. In the Mesopotamian records, which one of the following terms was used for the Indus Valley (Harappans)?
 - (a) Dilmun
 - (b) Meluha
 - (c) Magan
 - (d) Failaka



Q. In the Mesopotamian records, which one of the following terms was used for the Indus Valley (Harappans)?

- (a) Dilmun
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ANSWER: B

Most Scholars Suggest That Meluha

Was The Sumerian Name For The

Indus Valley Civilization. They Further

Claim That Meluha Is The Origin Of

The Sanskrit Mleccha, Meaning

"Barbarian, Foreigner".

Q. "Aryan Invasion Theory" Was First Propounded By

- A. Alexander Cunningham
- B. Max Muller
- C. Wheeler
- D. M R Sahani



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Q. ____ Mainly Means 'Sitting Near'.

- A. Purana
- B. Mahakavyas
- C. Upanishad
- D. Veda



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Q. _____ Refers To The Theory Of The Divine Origin Of Kingship.

- A. Taittiriya Brahmana
- B. Shatapath Brahmana
- C. Aitareya Brahmana
- D. Gopatha Brahmana



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- Q. Choose The Correct Statements About 'Citadel' Found In IVC
 - 1. Both Harappa And Mohenjo-Daro Had A Citadel Or Acropolis
 - 2. It Was Possibly Inhabited By The Common People
 - 3. Lower Town Built With Brick Houses Was Occupied By The Ruling Class
 - 4. Houses In The Cities Is That They Followed A Grid System
 - A. 1 & 2 Only
 - B. 1 & 4 Only
 - C. 1 Only
 - D. 2 & 3 Only

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- Q. Choose The Correct Statements About Harappan People:
 - 1. The Harappans Had Great Expertise In The Use Of The Potter's Wheel.
 - 2. Harappan Pots Were Generally Decorated With Designs Of Trees And Circles, Images Of Men, Etc.
 - 3. The Greatest Artistic Creations Of The Harappan Culture Are Seals And About 2000 Seals Have Been Found To Date.
 - A. 1 & 2 Only
 - B. 1 & 3 Only
 - C. 3 Only
 - D. 1, 2 & 3



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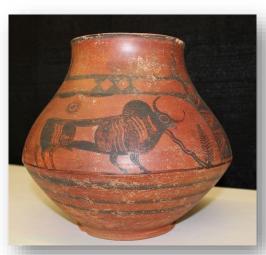
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A. 1 & 2 Only

B. 1 & 3 Only

C. 3 Only

D. 1, 2 & 3



- Q. Choose The Incorrect Statements About The Harappan Script:
 - 1. The Harappan Did Not Invent The Art Of Writing But Rather Followed The People Of Ancient Mesopotamia Who Did So.
 - 2. Harappan Script Was Discovered In 1853 And The Complete Script By 1923.
 - 3. James Princep Was The First To Decipher The Script Of The Harappans.
 - A. 1 & 3 Only
 - B. 2 & 3 Only
 - C. 2 Only
 - D. 1, 2 & 3

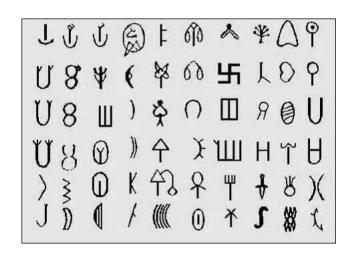
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A. 1 & 3 Only

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C. 2 Only

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Q. The Term 'Asva' In The Rig Veda Denotes To

- A. Cow
- B. Horse
- C. Bull
- D. Elephant



Q. The Term 'Asva' In The Rig Veda Denotes To

A. Cow

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C. Bull

D. Elephant



Rig Veda: The Term Asva Occurs 215 Times; The Term Go

(Cow) Occurs 176 Times, And The Term Vrsabha (Bull) 170

Times. Suggest The Importance Of Cattle Rearing.

Q. List A

List B

Codes:

1. Indra

(a) God of Marriage

A. 1-(a), 2-(b), 3-(c), 4-(d)

2. Agni

(b) God of Animals

B. 4-(b), 3-(a), 2-(c), 1-(d)

3. Rudra

(c) Fire God

C. 1-(d), 2-(c), 3-(b), 4-(a)

4. Pushan

(d) Breaker of Forts

Q. List A

List B

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C. 1-(d), 2-(c), 3-(b), 4-(a)

4. Pushan

(d) Breaker of Forts

God	Associated Field
Indra/Purandar	Breaker of forts
Agni	Fire God
Varuna	Water God
Surya	God with horse driven chariot
Mitra	Solar God
Pushan	God of Marriage
Vishnu	One who covered Earth in 3 steps
Rudra	God of Animals
Sindhu	River Goddess
Yama	God of death
Marut	Personified Storm



- Q. Choose The Correct Statements About "Mahajanapadas"
 - 1. They Flourished Around The 6th & 5th Centuries BCE
 - 2. It Was Also The Time Of The Rise Of The Sramana Movements
 - 3. The Focus Of Chief Political Activity Moved From The Western Part Of The Gangetic Plain To The Eastern Part.
 - A. 1 & 2 Only
 - B. 2 & 3 Only
 - C. 1 Only
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Q. List A (Mahajanapada)

List B (Capital)

1. Malla

(a) Kusinara

2. Vajji

(b) Vaishali

3. Gandhara

(c) Taxila

4. Avanti

(d) Ujjain

A. 1-(a), 2-(b), 3-(c), 4-(d)

B. 4-(a), 3-(b), 2-(c), 1-(d)

C. 1-(d), 2-(c), 3-(b), 4-(a)



Q. List A (Mahajanapada)

- 1. Malla
- 2. Vajji
- 3. Gandhara
- 4. Avanti

- B. 4-(a), 3-(b), 2-(c), 1-(d)
- C. 1-(d), 2-(c), 3-(b), 4-(a)
- D. 4-(b), 3-(c), 2-(a), 1-(d)

List B (Capital)

- (a) Kusinara
- (b) Vaishali
- (c) Taxila
- (d) Ujjain

Sl. No.	Mahajanapadas	Capital	Modern location	
1	Anga	Champa	Munger and Bhagalpur	
2	Magadh	Girivraja / Rajagir	Gaya and Patna	
3	Kasi	Kasi	Banaras	
4	Vatsa	Kausambi	Allahabad	
5	Kosala	Sravasti	Eastern Uttar Pradesh	
6	Saurasena	Mathura	Mathura	
7	Panchala	Ahichchatra and Kampilya	Western Uttar Pradesh	
8	Kuru	Indraprastha	Merrut and S.E. Haryana	
9	Matsya	Viratnagar	Jaipur	
10	Chedi	Sothivati / Banda	Bundelkhanda	
11	Avanti	Ujjain / Mahismati	Madhya Pradesh & Malwa	
12	Gandhar	Taxila	Rawalpindi	
13	Kamboj	Pooncha	Rajori & Hajra (Kashmir)	
14	Asmaka	Pratisthan / Paithan	Bank of Godavari	
15	Vajji	Vaishali	Vaishali	
16	Malla	Kusinara	Deoria & U.P.	



Q. Choose The Correct Statements About Vedic Literature:

- 1. Shruti Is A Sanskrit Word That Means "What Is Said".
- 2. Smriti Is A Sanskrit Word That Means "Remembered".
- A. 1 & 2 Only
- B. 1 Only
- C. 2 Only
- D. None





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- B. 1 Only
- C. 2 Only
- D. None



- Q. Select The Correct Statements About The 'Maratha Revenue' System:
 - 1. "Chauth" Was A Regular Tax Or Tribute Imposed By The Maratha Empire In The Indian Subcontinent.
 - 2. The "Sardeshmukhi" Was An Additional 10 Percent Levy On Top Of The Chauth.
 - A. 1 & 2 Only
 - B. 1 Only
 - C. None
 - D. 2 Only

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A. 1 & 2 Only

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- C. None
- D. 2 Only

- Q. Which Of The Following Statements About The Vijayanagara Empire Is/Are True?
 - 1) The Kings Claimed To Rule On Behalf Of The God Virupaksha.
 - 2) Rulers Used The Title 'Hindu Suratrana' To Indicate Their Close Links With Gods.
 - 3) All Royal Orders Were Signed In Kannada, Sanskrit, And Tamil.
 - 4) Royal Portrait Sculpture Was Now Displayed In Temples.
 - A. 4 Only
 - B. 1 & 2
 - C. 1, 2 & 3
 - D. 1, 2 & 4



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 - 1) The Kings Claimed To Rule On Behalf Of The God Virupaksha.
 - 2) Rulers Used The Title 'Hindu Suratrana' To Indicate Their Close Links With Gods.
 - 3) All Royal Orders Were Signed In Kannada, Sanskrit, And Tamil.
 - 4) Royal Portrait Sculpture Was Now Displayed In Temples.

A.	4 On	ly
		•

The Administrative And Court Languages Of The Empire

B. 1 & 2

Were Kannada And Telugu. All Royal Orders Were Signed

C. 1, 2 & 3

"Shri Virupaksha", Usually In The Kannada Script.

D. 1, 2 & 4



- Q. Name the platform used for ritual purposes by the kings of the Vijayanagara Empire.
 - (a) Mahanavami Dibba
 - (b) Lotus Mahal
 - (c) Hazara Rama
 - (d) Virupaksha





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 - (a) Mahanavami Dibba
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ANSWER: A

In Kannada Language, Dibba Means A Mound. Since This Structure
Was Hidden Underneath A Mound. It Was On This Elevated Platform;
The King Used To Sit During **Dasara Festival Celebrations.**



Q. Battle Of Chanderi Was Fought Between Rajputs & _____

- A. Babur
- B. Humayun
- C. Akbar
- D. Shah Jahan





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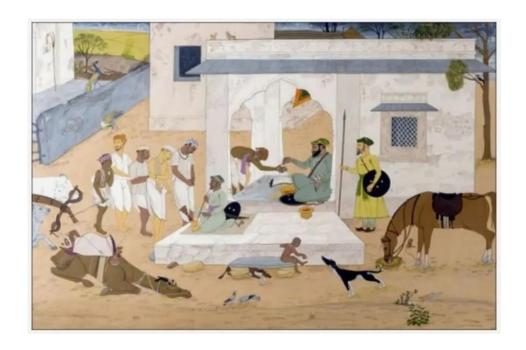
Year	Battle	Fought between	Winner
1526	Panipat	Babar and Ibrahim Lodi	Babur
1527	Khanwa	Rana Sanga and Babur	Babur
1529	Ghagra	Mahmud Lodi	Babur

It Was Fought Between **Medini Rai**, A Key Ally Of Rana Sanga, And **Babur In 1528**.



Q. In Which Year Akbar Ended The Jiziya Tax For The First Time?

- A. 1564
- B. 1567
- C. 1565
- D. 1566





Q. In Which Year Akbar Ended The Jiziya Tax For The First Time?

Jizyah Tax Was A Per Capita Yearly Tax Historically

B. 1567 Implied On **Non-muslim Subjects**, Called The **"Dhimma"**

C. 1565 Exempting Women, Children, Elders, Handicapped, Ill,

D. 1566 The Insane, Monks, Hermits Etc.

Q. Choose The Correct Statements About Satavahana Dynasty:

- 1. They Are Referred To As Andhras In The Puranas
- 2. Pratishthana (Paithan) And Amaravati Were Their Capitals
- 3. Simuka Founded The Dynasty
- 4. First Native Indian Rulers To Issue Their Coins With The Portraits Of The Rulers
- A. 1, 2 & 3 Only
- B. 1 & 3 Only
- C. 2 & 4 Only
- D. All The Above



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Q. Which Personality Is Mentioned In The Buddhist Text 'Milinda Panho'?

- A. Surdas
- B. Kalidas
- C. Nagasena
- D. Chanakya





Q. Which Personality Is Mentioned In The Buddhist Text 'Milinda Panho'?

A. Surdas

Nagasena Is Mentioned In The Buddhist Text

B. Kalidas

'Milinda Panho'. It Contains The Conversation That

C. Nagasena

Took Place Between Buddhist Monk Nagasena

D. Chanakya

And Indo-Greek Ruler Menander I Of Bactria. King

Menander Is Also Known As King Milinda.

- Q. According to the Tamil Sangam texts, who among the following were the large landowners?
 - (a) Gahapatis
 - (b) Uzhavars
 - (c) Adimais
 - (d) Vellalars



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- (a) Gahapatis
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ANSWER: D

In The Tamil Region, Large Landowners

Were Known As **Vellalar**, Ordinary

Ploughmen Were Known As Uzhavar,

And Landless Labourers, Including

Slaves, Were Known As Kadaisiyar And

Adimia.

SSBCrack EXAMS

Q.		List I			List II				
,		(Ethnic				(Related			
		Territorial			Occupational Pattern)				
		Segment)							
	A. ,	Maruta Makkal			 Pastoralists Fishing people Ploughmen 				
	B. Kuravan Makkal C. Mullai Makkal			1					
	D.	D. Neytal Makkal Code:			4. Hill people				
	Cod								
		· A .	В	\mathbf{c}		·D			
	(a)	3 .	1	4		2			
	(b)	2	1	4		8			
	(c)	3	4	1		2			
	(d)	2	4 .	· 1		3			

$\mathbf{\cap}$		List I		List II			
Ų.	15	(Ethnic Territorial Segment)			(Related Occupational Pattern)		
	Α.	Maruta l	Makkal	٠.٠	1.	Pastoralists	
	B.	Kuravan	Makkal	· .	2.	Fishing people	
	C,	Mullai Makkal Neytal Makkal				Ploughmen	
	D.					4. Hill people	
	Coc	Code:					
		· A .	В	\mathbf{c}		D	
	(a)	3 .	1	4 .		2	
	(b)	2	1	4		8	
	(c)	3	4	1		2	
	(d)	2	4	1.		3	

ANSWER: C

According To Tamil Literature

Maruta Makkal - Ploughmen Living In Villages And

Inhabiting Fertile Tracts

Kuravan Makkal - Hill People Who Told People Their

Fortunes

Mullai Makkal - Pastoralist, Shepherds.

Neytal Makkal - Fishing People Living In Coastal Villages

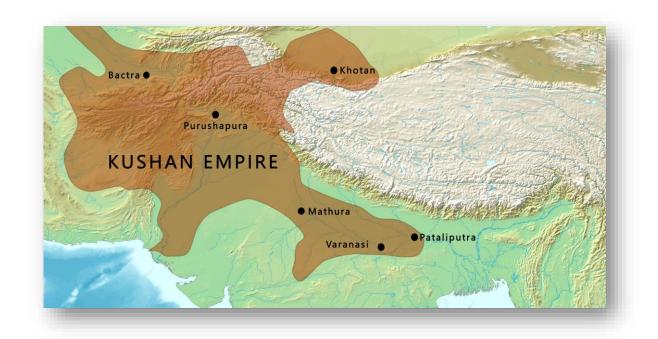
Called Pattinam.

Palai Makkal - People Of The Dry Plains.



Q. Kanishka Of The Kushan Dynasty Propagated The _____ Form Of Buddhism

- A. Hinayana
- B. Mahayana
- C. Theravada
- D. Vajrayana





Q. Kanishka Of The Kushan Dynasty Propagated The _____ Form Of

Buddhism

A. Hinayana

B. Mahayana

- C. Theravada
- D. Vajrayana



- **Q.** Who is the author of *Manimekalai*?
 - (a) Kovalan
 - (b) Sathanar
 - (c) Ilango Adigal
 - (d) Tirutakkatevar



- **Q.** Who is the author of *Manimekalai?*
 - (a) Kovalan
 - (b) Sathanar
 - (c) Ilango Adigal
 - (d) Tirutakkatevar

ANSWER: B

Manimekalai, Is A Tamil Epic Composed By Seethalai Sattanar Probably Around The 6th Century. It Is An "Anti-love Story", A Sequel To The "Love Story" In The Earliest Tamil Epic Silapathikaram, With Some Characters From It And Their Next Generation.



Q. Which One Of The Following Is The Common Element Between The Kailasanatha Temple At Ellora And The Shore Temple At Mamallapuram?

- A. Both Are Examples Of Nagara Architecture.
- B. Both Are Carved Out From Solid Rocks.
- C. Both Are Gupta Period Temples.
- D. Both Were Built Under The Patronage Of Pallava Kings.

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Kailasanatha Temple Was Constructed By Rashtrakutas King Krishna I.

Shore Temple At Mamallapuram Was Built During The Reign Of

Narasimhavarman II Of The Pallava Dynasty.







- Q. The story Gandatindu Jataka was written in which language?
 - (a) Sanskrit
 - (b) Telugu
 - (c) Tamil
 - (d) Pali





The story Gandatindu Jataka was written ANSWER: D in which language?

Sanskrit

Telugu (b)

Tamil (c)

Pali (d)

The Jataka Tales Were Written In The

Pali Language. The Stories Mostly Deal

With Buddha From Previous Births.

Gandatindu Jataka Was Written In Pali

Language.