

# CDS-AFCAT 1 2025

SSBCrack  
EXAMS

LIVE

# MATHS

# PROBABILITY

CLASS 1



NAVJYOTI SIR



## 16 Oct 2024 Live Classes Schedule

9:00AM --- 16 OCTOBER 2024 DAILY DEFENCE UPDATES --- DIVYANSHU SIR

### SSB INTERVIEW LIVE CLASSES

9:30AM --- OVERVIEW ON GPE & PRACTICE --- ANURADHA MA'AM

### NDA 1 2025 LIVE CLASSES

1:00PM --- BIOLOGY - MCQ - CLASS 7 --- SHIVANGI MA'AM

4:00PM --- MATHS - COMPLEX NUMBERS - CLASS 1 --- NAVJYOTI SIR

5:30PM --- ENGLISH - ANTONYMS - CLASS 1 --- ANURADHA MA'AM

### CDS 1 2025 LIVE CLASSES

1:00PM --- BIOLOGY - MCQ - CLASS 7 --- SHIVANGI MA'AM

5:30PM --- ENGLISH - ANTONYMS - CLASS 1 --- ANURADHA MA'AM

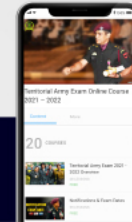
7:00PM --- MATHS - PROBABILITY - CLASS 1 --- NAVJYOTI SIR

### AFCAT 1 2025 LIVE CLASSES

4:00PM --- STATIC GK - RAMSAR & LAKES IN INDIA --- DIVYANSHU SIR

5:30PM --- ENGLISH - ANTONYMS - CLASS 1 --- ANURADHA MA'AM

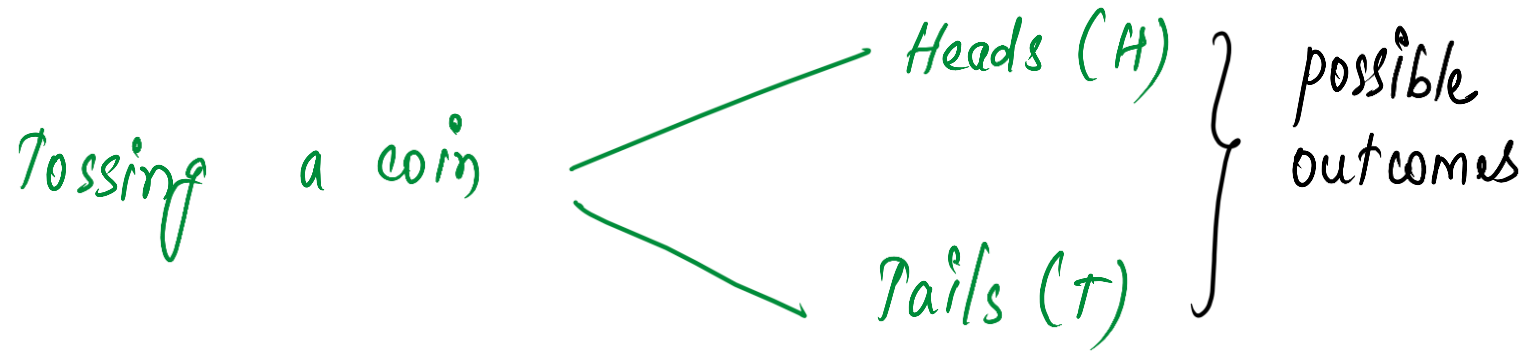
7:00PM --- MATHS - PROBABILITY - CLASS 1 --- NAVJYOTI SIR



# RANDOM EXPERIMENT

→ Outcomes are independent to each other.  
(result)

# SAMPLE SPACE



Sample space  
(S)

collection of  
possible outcomes

Total number of possible outcomes = 2 (n(S))

## EVENT

→ Part of random experiment, for which probability is calculated.

E

number of outcomes favourable to E =  $n(E)$

# PROBABILITY

Probability for event  $E = \frac{\text{No. of favourable outcomes}}{\text{No. of total outcomes}}$

$$P(E) = \frac{n(E)}{n(S)}$$

eg - getting a head when a coin is tossed -  $(E)$   
 $P(E) = \frac{1}{2}$

# PROBABILITY

$$(1) \quad 0 \leq P(E) \leq 1$$

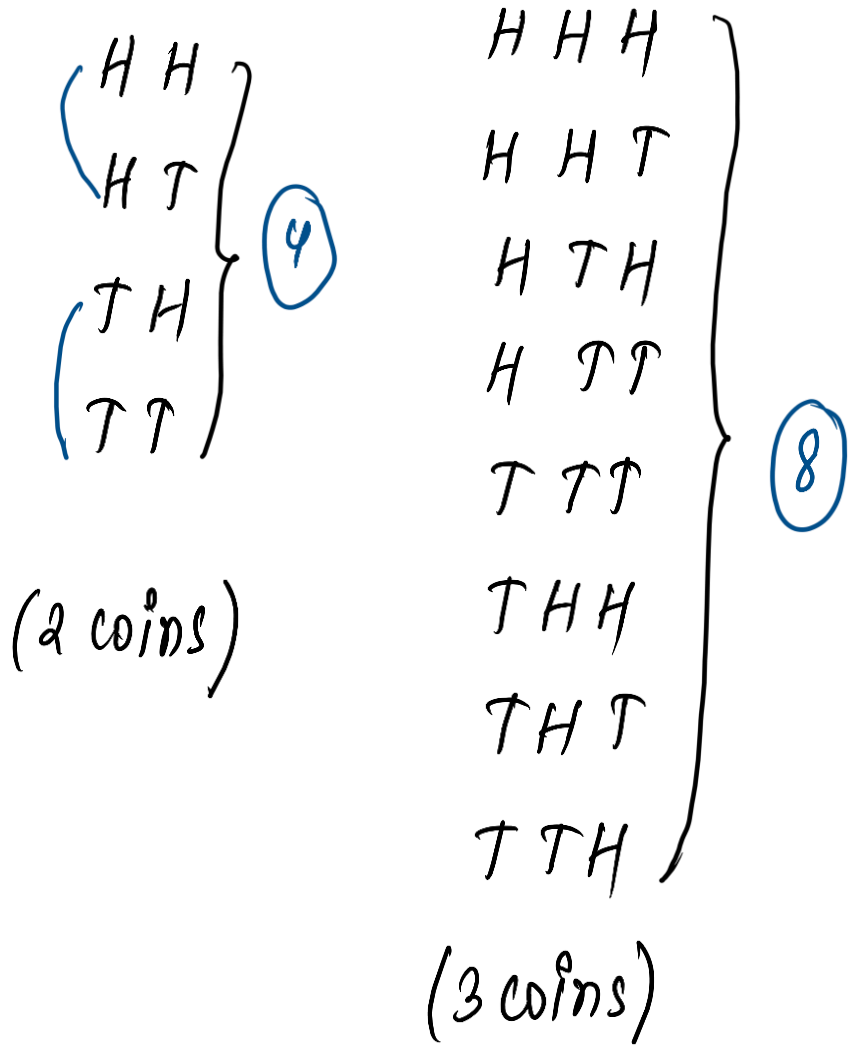
$P(E) = 0 \Rightarrow$  Impossible Event

$P(E) = 1 \Rightarrow$  Certain / Sure event

$$(2) \quad P(E) + P(\text{not } E) = 1$$

$$P(\text{not } E) = \underbrace{1 - P(E)}$$

# COIN PROBLEMS



Number of total outcomes =  $2^{\text{no. of coins}}$



# QUESTION

Three coins are tossed. Find the probability of getting :

a) 2 heads ?

b) Atleast 2 heads ? (Atleast - minimum)

c) Atmost 2 heads ? 2 and more

a)  $\frac{3}{8}$

b)  $\frac{4}{8} = \frac{1}{2}$

c)  $\frac{7}{8}$

(Atmost - maximum 2 heads) }  $\left. \begin{array}{l} 0H \\ + \\ 1H \\ + \\ 2H \end{array} \right\}$

HHH ✓  
HHT ✓  
HTH ✓  
HTT  
THH ✓  
THT  
TTH  
TTT

$$c) 1 - P(3 \text{ heads})$$

$$1 - \frac{1}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$$

H H H

H H T

H T H

H T T

T H H

T H T

T T H

T T T

# QUESTION

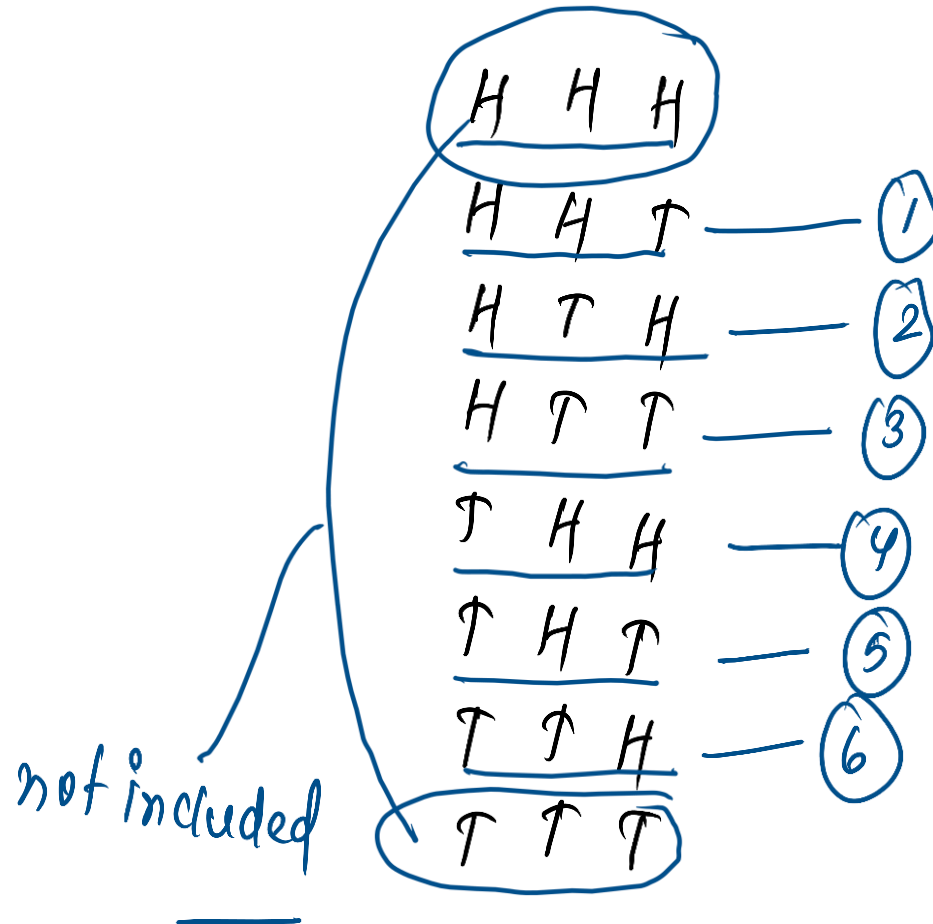
Three coins are tossed. Find the probability of getting :

a) No heads ?

b) At least 1 head and 1 tail ?

a)  $T T T \rightarrow \frac{1}{8}$

b)  $\frac{6}{8} = \frac{3}{4}$



# DICE PROBLEMS

1 die  $\longrightarrow$  1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 ] (6)

2 dice  $\longrightarrow$  (1,1) (1,2) (1,3) (1,4) (1,5) (1,6)  
(2,1) - - - - - (2,6)  
(3,1)  
⋮  
(6,1) - - - - - (6,6)

Total outcomes  

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no. of dice  
(6)

(36)

## QUESTION

Two dice are rolled. Find the probability of getting :

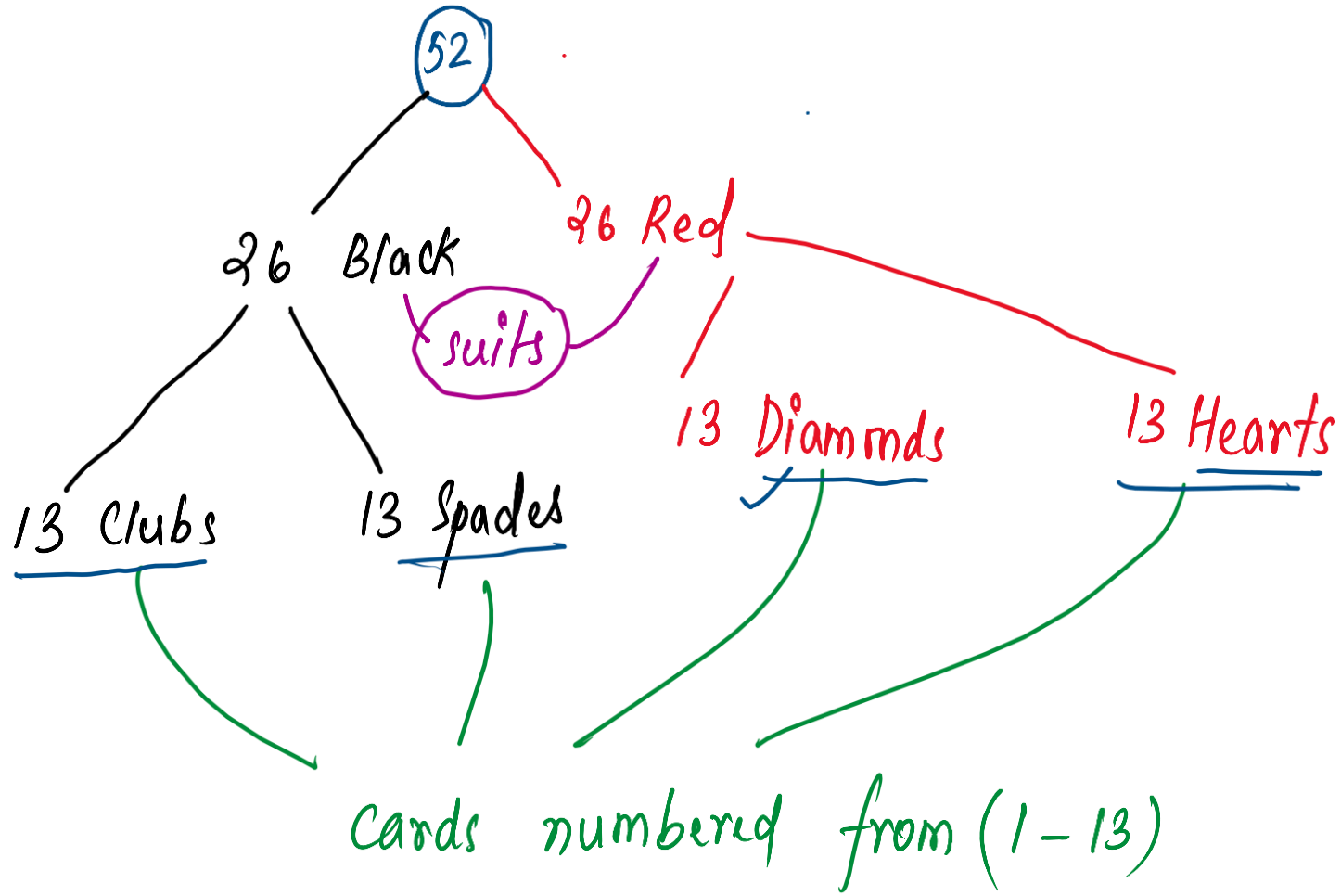
a) Same number on both die?

b) A total of at least 10 ?

$$\text{a) } (1,1) \quad (2,2) \quad , \quad (3,3) \quad (4,4) \quad (5,5) \quad (6,6) \quad \frac{6}{36} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\text{b) } \begin{array}{l} (6,4) \quad (6,5) \quad (5,5) \quad , \quad (6,6) \\ (4,6) \quad (5,6) \end{array} \quad \frac{6}{36} = \frac{1}{6}$$

# CARD PROBLEMS



- 1 → Ace
  - 11 → Jack
  - 12 → Queen
  - 13 → King
- } Face cards

## QUESTION

One card is taken out from a pack of cards. Find the probability of getting :

a) A face card ?

b) A Black king ?

c) A Jack of clubs ?

$$a) \frac{12}{52} = \frac{3}{13}$$

$$c) \frac{1}{52}$$

$$b) \frac{2}{52} = \frac{1}{26}$$

## QUESTION

One card is taken out from a pack of cards. Find the probability of getting :

a) Not a red face card ?

b) Ace and King ?

$$a) 1 - P(\text{red face card})$$

$$1 - \frac{6}{52} = 1 - \frac{3}{26} = \frac{23}{26}$$

$$b) \frac{0}{52} = \underline{\underline{0}}$$



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CLASS 2



NAVJYOTI SIR