

# NDA-CDS 1 2025

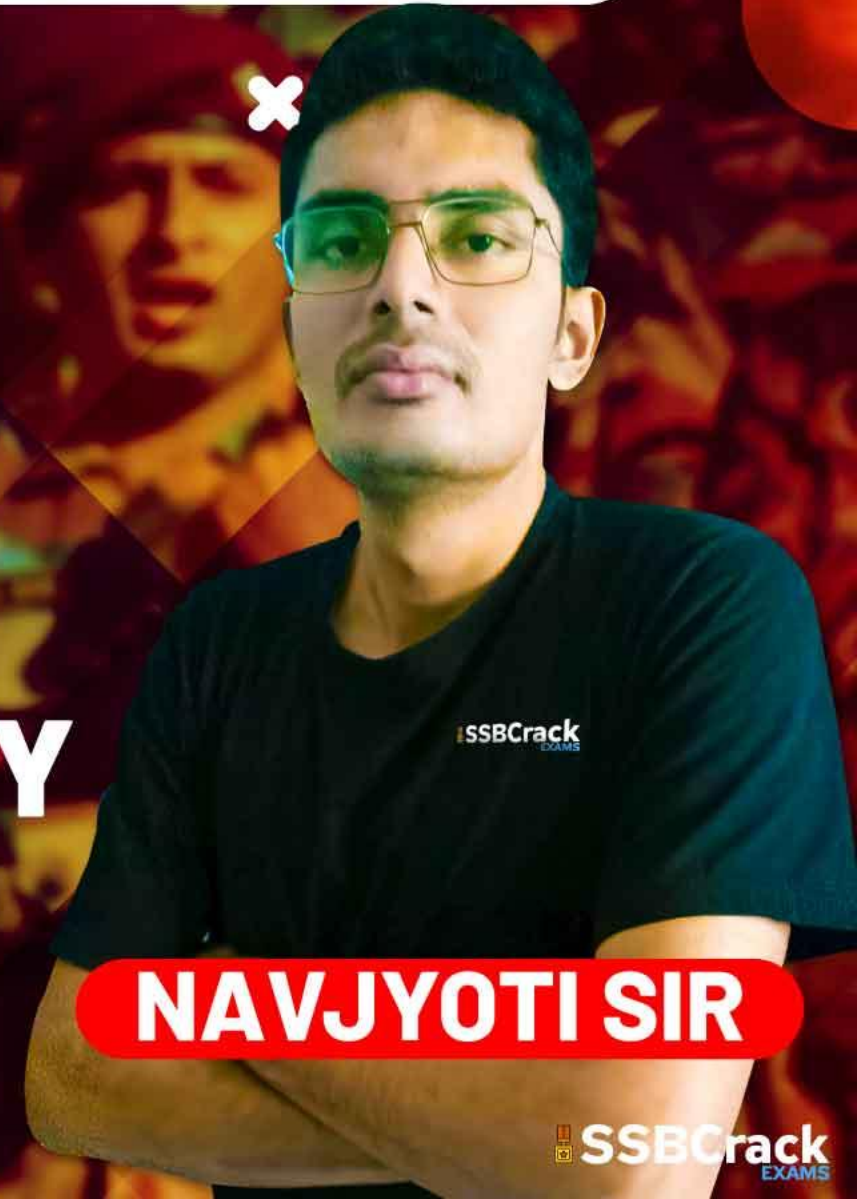
# GS

LIVE

# PHYSICS

## NUCLEUS & RADIOACTIVITY

# MCQS



NAVJYOTI SIR

SSBCrack  
EXAMS



## 07 Feb 2025 Live Classes Schedule

✓ 9:00AM --- 07 FEBRUARY 2025 DAILY DEFENCE UPDATES --- DIVYANSHU SIR

✓ 10:00AM --- 07 FEBRUARY 2025 DAILY CURRENT AFFAIRS --- RUBY MA'AM

### SSB INTERVIEW LIVE CLASSES

✓ 9:30AM --- OVERVIEW OF PPDT & PRACTICE --- ANURADHA MA'AM

### AFCAT 1 2025 LIVE CLASSES

✓ 3:00PM --- STATIC GK - HIGHEST SMALLEST IN INDIA & WORLD --- DIVYANSHU SIR

✓ 4:30PM --- ENGLISH - FILL IN THE BLANKS - CLASS 1 --- ANURADHA MA'AM

✓ 5:30PM --- MATHS - PROBABILITY --- NAVJYOTI SIR

### NDA 1 2025 LIVE CLASSES

✓ 10:00AM --- MATHS - SEQUENCE & SERIES - CLASS 2 --- NAVJYOTI SIR

✓ 11:30AM --- POLITY - CLASS 2 --- RUBY MA'AM

✓ 1:00PM --- PHYSICS - NUCLEUS & RADIOACTIVITY --- NAVJYOTI SIR

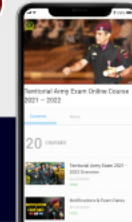
✓ 4:30PM --- ENGLISH - FILL IN THE BLANKS - CLASS 1 --- ANURADHA MA'AM

### CDS 1 2025 LIVE CLASSES

✓ 11:30AM --- POLITY - CLASS 2 --- RUBY MA'AM

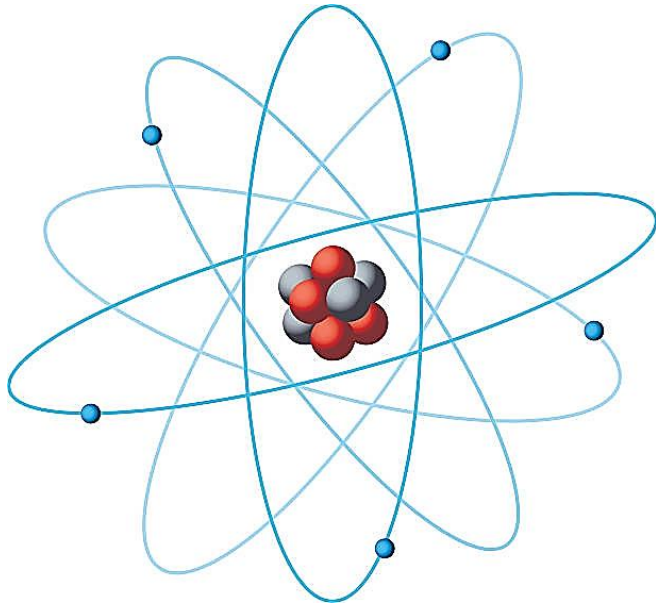
✓ 1:00PM --- PHYSICS - NUCLEUS & RADIOACTIVITY --- NAVJYOTI SIR

✓ 4:30PM --- ENGLISH - FILL IN THE BLANKS - CLASS 1 --- ANURADHA MA'AM



# NUCLEUS & RADIOACTIVITY - MCQs

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The hydrogen bomb and the uranium bomb are based, respectively on

- (a) nuclear fusion and fission
- (b) fission and thermonuclear fusion
- (c) geothermal fission and fusion
- (d) geothermal fusion and fission

Hydrogen bomb  $\rightarrow$  nuclear fusion (Lighter nuclei combine to form heavier nuclei)

Uranium bomb  $\rightarrow$  nuclear fission (Heavier split into lighter)

The hydrogen bomb and the uranium bomb are based, respectively on

- (a) nuclear fusion and fission
- (b) fission and thermonuclear fusion
- (c) geothermal fission and fusion
- (d) geothermal fusion and fission

**Answer: (A)**

Nuclear energy is generated by

- (a) nuclear fission and its expression was proposed by Einstein.
- (b) nuclear fission and its expression was proposed by Rutherford.
- (c) nuclear fusion and its expression was proposed by Bohr.
- (d) nuclear fusion and its expression was proposed by Heisenberg.

nuclear fission

Einstein → mass energy equivalence

$$E = mc^2$$

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- (d) nuclear fusion and its expression was proposed by Heisenberg.

**Answer: (A)**

The rest mass of Higgs boson is estimated to be close to

(a) 0.5 MeV

(b) 900 MeV

(c) 100 GeV

(d) 1000 GeV

~ 125 GeV



The rest mass of Higgs boson is estimated to be close to

- (a) 0.5 MeV
- (b) 900 MeV
- (c) 100 GeV
- (d) 1000 GeV

**Answer: (C)**

Of the following, which does *not* belong to a nuclear reactor ?

- (a) A turbine
- (b) A heat exchanger
- (c) A mechanism to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emission
- (d) A reaction chamber

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**Answer: (C)**

Which one of the following is not a form of stored energy?

- (a) Nuclear energy
- (b) Potential energy
- (c) Electrical energy
- (d) Chemical energy

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**Electrical energy, unlike the other forms, is not typically considered a stored energy but rather the energy associated with the flow of electric charge.**

**Answer: (C)**

The main source of energy of the sun is

- (a) fusion of heavy nuclei
- (b) fusion of light nuclei ✓
- (c) fission of light nuclei
- (d) Both fusion and fission

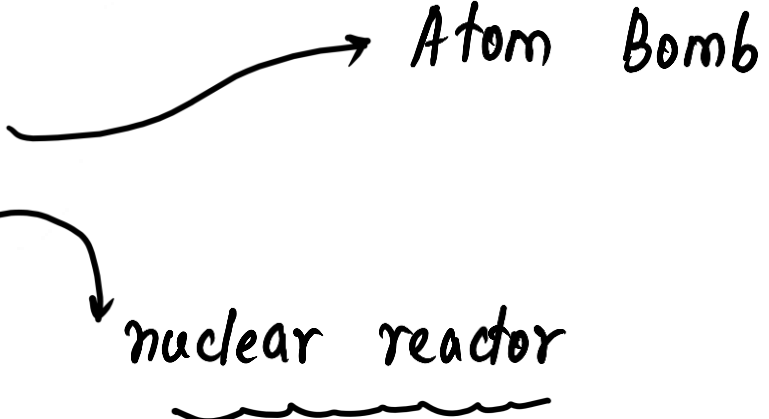
nuclear fusion — lighter nuclei combine to form heavier nuclei

The main source of energy of the sun is

- (a) fusion of heavy nuclei
- (b) fusion of light nuclei
- (c) fission of light nuclei
- (d) Both fusion and fission

**Answer: (B)**

A nuclear reactor is a device to produce nuclear energy with the help of

- (a) nuclear fusion  $\alpha$
  - (b) uncontrolled chain reaction
  - (c) controlled chain reaction
  - (d) graphite as fuel
- Atom Bomb
- nuclear reactor
- 



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- (a) nuclear fusion
- (b) uncontrolled chain reaction
- (c) controlled chain reaction
- (d) graphite as fuel

**Answer: (C)**

Nuclear forces are stronger than

- (a) magnetic force
- (b) gravitational force
- (c) electrostatic force
- (d) All of the above

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- (c) electrostatic force
- (d) All of the above

**Answer: (D)**

If the nuclear forces between two protons, two neutrons and between proton and neutron is denoted  $F_{pp}$ ,  $F_{nn}$  and  $F_{pn}$  respectively, then

- (a)  $F_{pp} = F_{pn} = F_{nn}$    (b)  $F_{pp} = F_{pn} \neq F_{nn}$   
(c)  $F_{pp} = F_{nn} \neq F_{pn}$    (d)  $F_{pp} \neq F_{pn} \neq F_{nn}$

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**Answer: (A)**