

# Daily Current Affairs

## 07 April 2026

### World Health Day 2026

- World Health Day 2026 is observed on 7th April and will bring the strong global message which is **“Together for health. Stand with science”**. This year’s campaign highlights how the scientific research and global cooperation are important to protect human, animal and environmental health.
- World Health Day is observed annually on 7th April to mark the founding of the WHO in 1948. It also serves as a reminder of the importance of global health awareness and action.
- **India’s Role For Health Day Under the National Health Policy**

Initiative	Description
<b>Ayushman Bharat</b>	<b>To achieve the Universal Health Coverage which includes the Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana (PMJAY)</b>
<b>National Digital Health Mission (NDHM)</b>	<b>Creates the digital health ecosystem with unique health IDs for citizens</b>
<b>Jan Aushadhi Scheme</b>	<b>It provides low-cost generic medicines through the Pradhan Mantri Bharatiya Janaushadhi Kendras</b>
<b>Mission Indradhanush</b>	<b>It aims to increase the immunization coverage for children and pregnant women</b>



## India's Most Advanced Atomic Reactor Attains Criticality

- India has achieved the major milestone in its nuclear energy journey as indigenously developed Prototype Fast Breeder Reactor (PFBR) at Kalpakkam has successfully attained the criticality. This marks the vital step to advancing the country's long term nuclear program.
- This 500 MW Prototype Fast Breeder Reactor (PFBR) is the key project operated by Bharatiya Nabhikiya Vidyut Nigam Limited.
- Unlike the conventional reactors the fast breeder reactor has a unique advantage.
- Key Features
  - As they produces more nuclear fuel than it consumes.
  - Uses the plutonium based fuel.
  - Also enhances the fuel efficiency and sustainability.
- India's nuclear strategy is designed and planned in three stages.
  - Stage 1 : In the beginning the use of natural uranium in Pressurized Heavy Water Reactors (PHWRs).
  - Stage 2: The deployment of this Fast Breeder Reactors (like PFBR) to generate the more fuel.
  - Stage 3 :Proper utilization of thorium based reactors for the long-term energy security.

- This project showcasing the India's commitment to the,
- The clean energy generation with low carbon emissions
- Also to reducing dependence on fossil fuels
- And strengthen the Aatmanirbhar Bharat
- A Fast Breeder Reactor (FBR) is one of type of nuclear reactor which generates more fissile material than what it consumes.
- Advantages of the FBRs are efficient use of nuclear fuel, it reduces the nuclear waste and also supports long-term energy sustainability.



## Parliament Rejects Impeachment of CEC

- The impeachment motion against the Chief Election Commissioner (CEC) Gyanesh Kumar has been rejected by both Houses of Parliament. The decision was taken by the Lok Sabha Speaker Om Birla and Rajya Sabha Chairman C. P. Radhakrishnan after the evaluation.
- This removal motion had substantial backing of the,
- 130 MPs from Lok Sabha
- 63 MPs from Rajya Sabha
- **Process for Removal of the CEC**
- The removal of the Chief Election Commissioner (CEC) is governed under the Article 324(5) of the Constitution.

- It states that the CEC can be removed only in the same manner and on the same grounds as the judge of the Supreme Court.
- The Article also provides that Election Commissioners can be removed only on the recommendation of the Chief Election Commissioner.
- The removal process is subject to laws enacted by Parliament.
- **Legal Framework**
- Parliament enacted the Chief Election Commissioner and Other Election Commissioners (Appointment, Conditions of Service and Term of Office) Act, 2023.
- Section 11 of this Act deals with the resignation and removal process.
- It reiterates the constitutional provision that the CEC can only be removed in the same manner as a Supreme Court judge.
- **Grounds for Removal**
- The grounds for removal are the same as those applicable to Supreme Court judges under Article 124(4),
- Proved misbehaviour, or
- Incapacity



## Menaka Guruswamy Takes Oath, Becomes India's First Openly Queer MP

- Historic moment was seen in Parliament of India as Menaka Guruswamy took oath as the Member of Parliament in the Rajya Sabha and she became the India's first openly queer (LGBTQ+) MP.
- This will be marks the major step forward for the LGBTQ+ representation in Indian politics and reflecting the gradual shift towards the inclusivity and acceptance. She known for her role to shaping constitutional law and her entry into Parliament is being seen as the powerful symbol of progress, equality.
- She is widely respected for her pivotal contribution to the historic Navtej Singh Johar v. Union of India judgment.
- Why This Case Matters,
- In 2018 Honorable Supreme Court of India struck down the parts of Section 377. It has decriminalized consensual same-sex relationships and with this it marks the turning point in LGBTQ+ rights in India.



## REVIEW QUESTIONS

**1. World Health Day is observed every year on:**

- A. 5 April
- B. 6 April
- C. 7 April
- D. 8 April

**Answer: C**

**Explanation: World Health Day is observed on 7 April to mark the establishment of the World Health Organization in 1948.**

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**2. The theme of World Health Day 2026 is:**

- A. Health for All
- B. One Earth One Health
- C. Together for Health: Stand with Science
- D. Global Health Equity

**Answer: C**

**Explanation: The 2026 theme emphasizes scientific collaboration and global cooperation in improving health outcomes.**

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**3. Which Indian initiative aims to provide universal health coverage?**

- A. Mission Indradhanush
- B. Ayushman Bharat
- C. Jan Aushadhi Scheme
- D. NDHM

**Answer: B**

**Explanation: Ayushman Bharat, including PM-JAY, aims to provide financial protection and universal health coverage.**

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**4. The Prototype Fast Breeder Reactor (PFBR) is located at:**

- A. Tarapur
- B. Kudankulam

- C. Kalpakkam
- D. Rawatbhata

**Answer: C**

**Explanation: The PFBR is situated at Kalpakkam, Tamil Nadu.**

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**5. The PFBR project is operated by:**

- A. NPCIL
- B. ISRO
- C. Bharatiya Nabhikiya Vidyut Nigam Limited
- D. DRDO

**Answer: C**

**Explanation: The PFBR is managed by BHAVINI, a public sector enterprise under the Department of Atomic Energy.**

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**6. A Fast Breeder Reactor is unique because it:**

- A. Uses only uranium
- B. Produces less fuel than it consumes
- C. Produces more fuel than it consumes
- D. Does not use nuclear fuel

**Answer: C**

**Explanation: FBRs generate more fissile material than they consume, enhancing fuel efficiency.**

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**7. The removal of the Chief Election Commissioner is governed by:**

- A. Article 356
- B. Article 324(5)
- C. Article 370
- D. Article 123

**Answer: B**

**Explanation: Under Article 324(5), the CEC can be removed in the same manner as a Supreme Court judge.**

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**8. Who among the following was the Chief Election Commissioner mentioned in the news?**

- A. Rajiv Kumar
- B. Sunil Arora
- C. Gyanesh Kumar
- D. Sushil Chandra

**Answer: C**

**Explanation: The impeachment motion discussed was against Gyanesh Kumar.**

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**9. The landmark case that decriminalized Section 377 is:**

- A. Kesavananda Bharati Case
- B. Maneka Gandhi Case
- C. Navtej Singh Johar v. Union of India
- D. Puttaswamy Case

**Answer: C**

**Explanation: This 2018 judgment decriminalized consensual same-sex relations in India.**



SSB Crack  
EXAMS

**10. Who became India's first openly queer Member of Parliament?**

- A. Indira Jaising
- B. Arundhati Katju
- C. Menaka Guruswamy
- D. Karuna Nundy

**Answer: C**

**Explanation: Menaka Guruswamy made history as India's first openly LGBTQ+ MP.**